

The indications are that it will be fair and somewhat cooler tonight and Saturday. There probably will be brisk westerly winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 30 1904

12 PAGES ONE CENT

SHARP FIGHTING

Gen. Kuropatkin's Outposts Were Forced to Retreat

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30, 4:50 p. m.—From a reliable source the Associated Press hears that sharp fighting has occurred near Mukden, resulting in the Japanese driving in General Kuropatkin's outposts.

JAPANESE REPULSED AT PORT ARTHUR

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30.—The general staff has received news that in the general assault on Port Arthur from September 20 to September 26, the Japanese were everywhere repulsed.

MARSHAL OYAMA WAITING FOR STORES

MUKDEN, Sept. 30.—The delay in the resumption of the aggressive by Field Marshal Oyama, according to the best information is due to the necessity of making good the losses which he sustained at Liao Yang and to the bringing up of stores and munitions.

But the preparations for an active forward movement of the Japanese seem to have been completed and a serious collision is regarded as imminent.

CAPTURED JUNK BURNED BY JAPS

CHEFOO, Sept. 30.—A Japanese torpedo destroyer at midnight last night, landed near Chefoo 18 Chinese coolies, whom the Japanese had taken from a junk which was attempting to run the blockade and carry mail from Port Arthur. The captured junk was burned. The Chinese say that two Russians disguised as Chinese were kept prisoners on the destroyer and that two Chinese probably perished in the flames of the burning junk.

The Chinese who left Port Arthur, Sept. 27, confirm the Associated Press' advice of Sept. 25, saying that the last assault was the old story over again, the Japanese intrepidly entering the Russian positions but being

unable to remain in face of the fire from the large forts.

CARGO OF FLOUR SEIZED BY RUSSIANS

ASTOR, Ore., Sept. 30.—The Oriental liner Arabia of the Portland-Pacific line has arrived here from far eastern ports. The Arabia was captured by the Russian Vladivostok squadron July 22, 100 miles north of Yokohama. The cruiser Gromobol brought the Arabia to a stop and three or four hundred men came aboard.

The Arabia was taken to Vladivostok where 65,000 sacks of flour were removed from her. The steamer also had on board 30 flat cars which the Russians threw into the sea. They washed ashore along the beach where they were rotting when the line finally was released.

"We were at Vladivostok for 28 days," said Captain Bahle, "and there met the crews of several captured vessels. The Russian officers showed us every courtesy and personally our relations with them could not have been more pleasant."

In the battle with Vice-Admiral Kaniura's squadron, the Russia was severely shot full of holes and an accident could not be made inside of several months. The Gromobol also was badly used up. We left Vladivostok August 25.

RUSSIA DENIES BLAME FOR WAR

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30.—The Novosti, commenting on the hostility shown by other powers toward Russia, says: "Russia is now carrying on two wars—the sanguinary conflict in the far east and a bloodless, diplomatic one in the courts of Europe."

The article concludes thus: "All talks of peace congresses and intervention are simply dangerous manoeuvres, flanking, turning movements, so to speak, but when the nations of the world cry out against the inhumanity of this war they must remember that we did not start it."

The Novosti in a significant editorial article this morning reviews the history of the military progress in the Orient and says the formation of the second Manchurian army is Russia's pledge to the world that Japan shall not be confined to a military frontier. The editorial calls upon the other powers to take cognizance of the "Yellow peril" and agrees that China must not be allowed to become a military power, but must not fall under the domination of Japan.

RECORD BREAKER

Plenty of Building This Year

Building in this city is now practically at a standstill. The only work that is being done is finishing up as much of the exterior work as possible on buildings which were started earlier in the year, before the winter weather set in.

One of the leading architects of this city in conversation with a representative of The Sun said: "There will be no more new buildings started this year, and the majority of the architects and builders are now kind of clearing up for the year. The fact that it is a presidential year has got considerable to do with the quietness in building circles during the latter part of this year, but why there is a lull in the business I cannot say for building material or labor are no higher during a presidential year than at any other time."

"In recent years large and small tenement blocks were the most popular buildings but this spring and summer saw a large number of double tenement houses started. People are more apt to hire one half of a double tenement house than they would be of hiring a tenement in a large block for in the former they have many more privileges and there is more privacy than in large blocks. Of course the owner of a large block derives a larger income than the owner of double tenements and in many instances the double houses cost as much as the blocks, but the owner of a double house is making more money than if he put it in a savings bank."

Despite the fact that there is a lull in building at the present time the building season of 1904 has been a record breaker.

DEATHS

McILROY—Annie McIlroy, aged 32 years, died this morning at the home of her sister, Mrs. Timothy Reels of Gratton street, South Lowell.

McILROY—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah McIlroy will take place at her late home, 518 Merrimack street Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends invited.

DONNELLY—The funeral of Mary E. Donnelly took place this afternoon at three o'clock from the home of her parents, 151 High street. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery and was under the direction of Funeral Director Charles H. Molloy.

IN POLICE COURT

Doctor Who Could Play the Piano

WAS SENTENCED TO THE HOUSE OF CORRECTION

Judge Hadley Boosted Price of Apples

Several months ago a very slick young man made his appearance in Lowell and paid particular attention to women who had boarding or lodging houses. He was a nice looking fellow—some would call him handsome—and he could play a piano beautifully.

Alban Alberts was the young man in question and when he wrote his name he affixed the letters "M. D." and, up to date, the police are not ready to say that Mr. Alberts is not a doctor. They do know, however, that he is a crook. Mr. Alberts played the piano so beautifully and was so charming a conversationalist that he fairly bewitched all the young women whom he met. It never occurred to him that he was under any obligations to boarding or lodging house keepers and he went away, leaving them in the lurch.

Today Alban Alberts was in the local police court on a complaint charging him with the larceny of a seal ring, valued at \$30, the property of Annie L. Clark. He was found guilty and was sentenced to three months in the house of correction.

He is now serving a sentence in Newton for one year and was brought here on a habeas to answer to the charge of larceny. After having served the sentence imposed upon him in the local court Dr. Alberts will be "caught up" by the Boston police who want him on an old charge of larceny.

Several of the young ladies who enjoyed the sunshine of his smiles and lived happily in the musical atmosphere which he created were in police court today to hear what would be done with the doctor and one of the poor things kept when sentence was pronounced. Prison life seems to agree with the doctor. He is fat and plump and smiled pleasantly when the clerk read his sentence.

FORTY DOLLARS A PECK.

Judge Hadley gave the price of apples a vigorous boost in police court today. Emily De Bells and Fred Alfred Hebbelneck were charged with stealing a peck of apples from Roswell S. Foxe's orchard in Braintree. The men are Belgians and they were fined \$20 each.

The law on which so stupendous a fine is based reads as follows: "Whoever wilfully and maliciously enters an orchard, nursery, garden or berry patch, and takes away, mutilates or destroys a tree, shrub or vine, or steals flowers and carries away any fruit or flowers, without the consent of the owner thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or by imprisonment for not more than six months."

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Louis Landry was charged with drunkenness and assault and battery on Mary Reardon. The charge of drunkenness was placed on file and he was fined \$5 for assault and battery.

FOREIGN OFFICE

Waiting For Facts in Gurney Case

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A brief report of the incident growing out of the interest and finding at Lee, Mass., of Hugh Gurney, third secretary of the British embassy at Washington from Sir Henry Darnley, British ambassador to the United States, has been received at the foreign office, but no action has been taken. It is added, however, that no action could be taken until the foreign office is in possession of all the facts. The case is regarded in official quarters as being similar to that of Spencer Eddy and J. E. White, and it is sorely thought here that the U. S. government will suggest Mr. Gurney's recall.

LEBEAU—Died in this city yesterday, at the residence of her parents, 617 East Merrimack street, Juliette, infant daughter of Alphonse and Juliette Lebeau, aged 1 month, 3 days.

A PERFECT SMOKE
MARKSMAN
5¢ CIGAR

Interest Begins Monday, Oct. 3d

SAVINGS DEPT.

Traders Nat. Bank

Middlesex St. Cor. P. O. Ave.

HOURS: 8 a. m. till 4 p. m. Saturdays, 8 a. m. till 1 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m.

HON. G. F. HOAR DEAD

The Senior Massachusetts Senator Passed Away



LATE SENATOR GEORGE FRISBIE HOAR.

Sketch of His Illustrious Career as a Statesman, Scholar and Patriot

WORCESTER, Sept. 30.—George Frisbie Hoar, senior United States senator from Massachusetts, died at his home in this city at 1:35 o'clock this morning.

The end followed a period of unconsciousness that had continued since Tuesday and came so gently that only the attending physicians were aware of the exact moment of dissolution. The attending physicians despaired of the senator's life six weeks ago, but such was the vitality exhibited by his distinguished patient, that even they were surprised and the public was at times led to cherish a faith in an ultimate recovery.

On Sunday last, however, all hope was abandoned after a last unsuccessful attempt to administer medicine and nourishment. Brief lucid intervals were followed by longer durations of unconsciousness until Tuesday morning when the venerable statesman sank into a state of coma from which all efforts to arouse him were futile.

During the last hours there was not a movement of the body and only a scarcely perceptible pulse marked the final struggle. There were present at the bedside when death came, the senator's son, Gen. Rockwood Hoar, his

daughter, Mary Hoar, and Dr. Warren R. Gilman, who for weeks has been in almost constant attendance upon the senator.

When the death of Senator Hoar was announced by telephone from his residence, a signal was sent on the fire alarm circuit of the city, and the long expected news was conveyed to the citizens by the tolling of the church bells a few minutes later. Arrangements were made to notify the people of Worcester in this manner more than a month ago, when the physicians attending him, decided that the venerable legislator was

ON HIS DEATHBED.

Senator Hoar had been in ill-health since last winter and even when attending the sessions of the senate he was obliged to exercise extreme care lest his exertions should overcome him. All that time he was troubled with indigestion, and the death of his wife in Washington, proved such a blow that he never recovered entirely from its depressing effects. He had suffered from malaria at times while in Washington and he occasionally remarked to his friends, that it was his greatest enemy at the capital.

His physicians advised him last (Continued to Page Seven.)

Your dealer has this superior brand in stock and he realizes that they are "A Little Better Than Any Other"

C. C. A.

UNION MADE
—10 CIGARS—
C. C. A. CIGAR CO., - - BOSTON

BIG JOHN

CUT PLUG
TOBACCO

HONEST QUALITY HONEST QUANTITY

It is great number of smokers who have quit other brands proves that Big John is the best. Keep a few packages handy for when your friends call, they'll appreciate it.

UNION MADE
Imitations are for smokers who are willing to take anything pushed on them by dealers in bunco goods.
IT WILL PAY YOU TO GET GENUINE BIG JOHN
—Nearly All Dealers Sell It—
In no way connected with a trust or combine
C. C. RAHN THOMPSONVILLE CONN.

LATEST

MILLS TO OPEN

Fall River Manufacturers are Making Preparations

The general belief among the cotton brokers and mill men of Fall River is that the textile mills, which have been closed for over two months by the strike of 26,000 operatives, will reopen in two or three weeks.

Manufacturers are taking contracts for goods to be delivered early in November, and have employed at work cleaning up the mills for an early start.

It is the opinion that several mills will open on Oct. 10 and 17, and make an attempt to run steadily.

Efforts to arbitrate the strike are developing rapidly and both sides to the contest may be brought together within the next few days.

President Golden, speaking for the striking operatives, asserts that the reduction notices must first come down before any settlement can be made.

THE MILL MEN

MAKING PREPARATIONS FOR AN EARLY START.

FALL RIVER, Sept. 30.—That the mills will be open in two or three weeks, at the latest, is now the general belief of nearly all the brokers and most of the mill men. The latter are being besieged with applications for work of any character, and some concerns have as many as 30 employees of different departments at work cleaning floors and windows, earning any wages offered.

Contracts for goods to be delivered early in November are being taken by mills and preparations are being made in several instances for an early start.

There is a desire expressed by some mill men to have the leaders of the striking operatives called into a conference and informed that an attempt is to be made to reopen the mills at the new wage scale, but as yet the matter has not reached the ears of the officials of the Manufacturers' association and no action has been taken. Nevertheless, the opinion is steadily growing that several mills will open Oct. 10 and 17 and will try to run steadily.

The efforts of arbitration in the textile strike are developing rapidly, and today has been considered a hopeful work accomplished. It is understood that the efforts of the Merchants' association are likely to extend to the ante board of arbitration, and that within a few days representatives of both sides will be interviewed, with a view to forming some policy as a groundwork for a compromise.

In an unofficial way an effort was made today to sound both sides as to their attitude on a proposition to start

the mills up for a provisional term of 60 days, at the end of which time the wage dispute would be settled on the conditions then prevailing.

It has been stated by both sides that a conference would be welcome, in each desiring a definite proposition to discuss. This is not forthcoming, although efforts to reach one have not been abandoned. An attempt was made to seek the strikers' opinion of a suggestion to return to work for 60 days under the new scale, at the end of which time the old rate would be restored if conditions warranted. The operatives would not accept such a proposition.

Mr. Golden then suggested that the matter of reduction be taken down, and if after 60 days running under the old rate of wages the mills were not making money, the wage scale be considered. To this proposition the manufacturers' reply in substance that the mills have been running under such a plan essentially for a year, keeping the machinery in operation, in the hope of better things, and that the outlook for the next 60 days is no better than what the last 60 days has brought forth, so that at the end of the period named the same causes of dissatisfaction would exist as exists today.

While this experiment, resulting in a flat disagreement, as to the terms for the temporary period, may not appear very promising, it is regarded as a step in advance. Both sides show a disposition to start up on some terms, and leave the final adjustment for determination at the end of 60 days.

This is quarter week at the Lowell Five Cent Savings bank. Deposits begin to draw interest Saturday.

My! My! You are growing old fast!

And you know why, too. It's those gray hairs! Don't you know that Ayer's Hair Vigor restores color to gray hair?

Well, it does. And it never fails, either. It stops falling hair also, and keeps the scalp clean.

Sold for sixty years. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SAVE MONEY

By Paying CASH for Your Groceries.

This Can be Done by Trading at Yerva's.

The Best Quality Goods at Lowest Cash Prices.

We Are Still Selling
FINEST JERSEY SWEET POTATOES
15 Pounds for 25c
Best Houlton Green Mountain Potatoes
17c Peck 65c Bushel
10-lb. Basket Best Sweet Concord Grapes 25c
Best Stuffed Shoulders.....10c lb. Finest Celery.....10c Bunch
Best Bacon (by the strip).....15c lb. Best Cranberries.....10c qt.
Best Salt Salmon.....10c lb. Good Cranberries.....8c qt.
Best Salt Codfish.....12c lb. Best Squash.....10c lb.
Good Salt Codfish.....10c lb. Citron Melons.....3c lb.
Best Salt Pork.....10c lb. Best Onions.....30c pk.

Mason and Lightning Jars
Best Seeded Raisins, 1 lb. pkg. 10c Fine Seeded Raisins, 1 lb. pkg. 8c
Free Delivery to All Parts of Lowell
Yerva's
Telephone 679-3 223 Central Street

\$2.50 SHOES

For Women

Just from the factory a line of Women's Box Calf and Valour Calf Boots in lace and Blucher cut. They are Goodyear welted, perfectly smooth on the inside, no tacks or nails to hurt the feet. The soles are Oak leather, not hemlock. We own the lots. We offer them today and tomorrow

\$2.00 A PAIR

Just one width D. Sizes 2 1-2 to 7.

O'Sullivan Bros. Company

OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

for children's safe, sure. No opiates

THE REASON WHY

There are a good many reasons why you should buy your Coal and Wood from Quinn. The principal reason is you get more real fuel for your money than you do anywhere else in Lowell. The choicest products of mine and forest, suitable for rich and poor alike. Large quantities of all kinds of every description constantly on hand. All I want is a trial order to convince you that you have been mistaken in not giving me your fuel trade before now. Orders by mail and telephone receive immediate attention.

JOHN P. QUINN

Office and Yard, Gorham and Dix Sts. Take any Gorham Street car.

DESPERATE MAN

Young Price Made a Wild Attack on Police Officer

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—By the murderous assault upon the detective who today arrested a young man calling himself Thomas H. Price, a story has been brought to light that A. Z. Leubbers, an insurance broker, has been assaulted, robbed and left unconscious in a launch in the Hudson river, a few days ago.

The assault and robbery of Mr. Leubbers was committed, according to a confession on which the police claim has been made by Price, for the sole purpose of getting money which the latter needed to continue to live in extravagance and fashion.

Price, who is a man of athletic build, 22 years of age, well dressed, with every trace of refinement and education, was desperate and threatened to end his life at the first opportunity, the police sergeant said.

According to the story told by the police, the assault and robbery of Mr. Leubbers was brought about by an advertisement in a New York newspaper offering to sell a naphtha launch.

When a well-mannered young man called on the insurance broker at his home and represented that he wanted to buy a naphtha launch, the broker went him to show him that it was in working order. The two men boarded the boat and set out for a run about the river. When in mid stream, according to the story told by the police, Price dealt the broker a blow on the head with a large iron wrench, falling him unconscious to the bottom of the boat. Price, it is alleged, stripped Mr. Leubbers of his money and jewelry, and even changed clothes with the man. He then steered the launch in the shore, alighted and pushed the boat ashore. Mr. Leubbers was seen rescued and towed to shore, and told the story of his assault and robbery to the police.

When Price was arrested today, the prisoner made a violent attack upon his captor and other officers were called before he was subdued and taken to the police station. In the struggle Price used a lead pencil as a weapon and inflicted two severe stab wounds in the detective's neck.

JAPANESE FORCE

Has Not Overlapped Russian Position

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 29.—A. a. m.—Movements at the front, so far as disclosed by the meagre dispatches received here, are confined almost to continuous outpost skirmishes by means of which General Kurapatkin is keeping in close touch with the Japanese along the whole of their front.

Field Marshal Oyama's advance appears to be not only extremely deliberate, but also to be extremely cautious. There are no indications as yet that he has begun to overlap Russian positions.

The superiority of the Russian cavalry is beginning to be apparent. They have had the best of it in a number of minor encounters.

It appears that General Rennenkampf's movements to the southward on September 19 extended beyond the distance indicated by first reports. His Cossacks made a rapid sweep on September 22 and struck a Japanese force at Boudzhin. The conflict of their communications and causing considerable excitement.

Reinforcements are rapidly arriving at Mukden and many convalescents are already returning to duty.

It is reported that General Kurapatkin has made a regulation upon the authorities here for additional officers, to make up the heavy losses in killed and wounded in the battle of Liao Yang.

JAPANESE TROOPS

EQUIPPED FOR WINTER

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The Daily Mail's Liao Yang correspondent telegraphing Sept. 23, says:

"The winter equipment for the Japanese troops is completed. Fresh supplies of ammunition have arrived and the army is ready to march at a moment's notice. The personal treatment of foreign correspondents with the Japanese has been completely re-arranged."

The Daily Telegraph's Simulian correspondent, under date of Sept. 25, says that Captain Boyd, an American officer on leave, is going to join the Russians from Simulian.

EMERGENCY ORDER

HAS BEEN GAZETTED

TOKIO, Sept. 29, 10 a. m.—The emergency ordinance, amending the army conscription law, was gazetted today. It extends the service of the second reservists from five to ten years and abolishes the distinction between the first and second reserve conscriptions. Reservists will be retired at the age of 57.

A contemplated increase in the army involves a new scheme of divisional organization, the plan of which has not yet been disclosed.

A CLEAN SWEEP

OF OLD REGIME

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 29, 1.48 p. m.—Prince Peter Sviatopolk Mirsky assumed active direction of the ministry of the interior today. It is already apparent that there will be almost a clean sweep of the old Von Plehve regime. A number of the old lieutenants of the old minister have resigned. Both the chief of the gendarmes and the secretary of state for Finland, which powerful offices the late Von Plehve accumulated, will be divorced from the ministry of the interior, the new minister having firmly refused to have any connection with the police. M. Stuchinsky, who, as under secretary of state and director of the land department acted in an advisory capacity in dealing with the Zemstvos, will, it is understood, be appointed secretary of state for Finland. He is distinctly a man of moderate views. General Rudzinsky, it is also believed, will be chosen chief of the gendarmes which will become an independent department. Rudzinsky has just resigned the important position of secretary of the Imperial household in order to follow the emperor.

The Itch Fiend

[That is Salt Rheum or Eczema, one of the outworn manifestations of scrofula. It comes in itching, burning, oozing, drying, and scaling patches, on the face, head, hands, legs, body.

It cannot be cured by outward applications, the blood must be rid of the impurity to which it is due.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has cured the most persistent and difficult cases. Accept no substitute for Hood's; no other acts like it.

JAPANESE FORCE

ON THE OFFENSIVE

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 29, 5.29 p. m.—News received here from Mukden says the Japanese have assumed the offensive and have captured the Paks. This is not actually confirmed but the general staff thinks it is likely to be correct. The Russians, it is added, evacuated the pass without serious resistance.

By pass or by pass, meaning Great pass, is situated about 45 miles southeast of Mukden and about the same distance northeast of Liao Yang. It is about 25 miles south of the Hun river.

BIG BATTLESHIP

The Connecticut Successfully Launched

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—As the lands on the several warships which were launched yesterday, the "Star Spangled Banner," the "U. S. battleship" slid down the ways into the water today and Miss Alice Welles, granddaughter of President Lincoln's secretary of the navy, broke a bottle of champagne over the vessel's prow, naming it "Connecticut." Many thousands of people witnessed the launching of the first battleship built in government yard since the United States, large crowds gathered at the navy yard and at various points on the Manhattan and Brooklyn sides of the East river. More than thirty thousand invitations were issued and few were not used.

Streamers and bunting were displayed in profusion everywhere around the navy yard, particularly on the scaffolding surrounding the enormous hull of the new battleship. The how was lustily draped with a large American flag. On his bridge just below the christening stand, Naval Constructor Baxter in charge of the launching was connected by telephone with all parts of the ship and on hearing the signal to the workmen, passed the word to Miss Welles, who broke the bottle of wine against the bow and the great steel hull was on its way to the water.

The last piece was riveted on the after turret yesterday and early today a force of men began removing the after blocks and the ship worked under the stern and repelling them by tumbling shores which furnished support to the weight but when the ship started to move automatically relieved themselves. Another gang of men then took down the slabs in the forward and after ends of the ship. Others drove in the oak wedges which took the weight of the ship off the keel blocks and when the hour for the launching arrived the ship was supported on the ways, the ribs and the keel blocks.

At a word from Contractor Baxter, the dock shores were dropped, a warning to the ship keeper and the red flag at the top of the catwalks came signalling to the spectators that all was ready. A mot to the launch standing at the star pieces and the bow began to cut itself out and the ship started slowly down the ways, gaining momentum as it slipped into the water. A chorus of whistles from the vessels in the harbor drowned the strains of the warship bands and the big steel hull rode safely on the waves.

Owing to the rumors of the last few days of an attempt to wreck the new ship at the launching, there was an intense feeling of suspense among the spectators and the officers and employees at the navy yard lost something near the impressiveness of the ceremony, but the launch has been discovered that former Senator Schumacher, father of the late senator of Governor General Robt. Schumacher, who was arrested July 2, on suspicion of having had knowledge of his son's crime, has been found to have been implicated, if admitted guilty, he will be subject to imprisonment for ten to six years.

FORMER SENATOR

MAY HAVE BEEN IMPLICATED IN PLOT

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 29, 4.25 p. m.—It is understood by an authority here that strong evidence has been discovered that former Senator Schumacher, father of the late senator of Governor General Robt. Schumacher, who was arrested July 2, on suspicion of having had knowledge of his son's crime, has been found to have been implicated, if admitted guilty, he will be subject to imprisonment for ten to six years.

BROKER SUSPENDED

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—William S. Alley of Alley, Conger & Co., and S. L. Hood of S. L. Hood & Co., were suspended from the stock exchange today for one year each. They were found guilty of violating a rule of the exchange which provides that members must not have regular wire connections with individuals or firms not connected with the exchange.

SALOON KEEPER

Might Have Saved Man's Life

BY PROMPTLY CALLING AN AMBULANCE

He Refused Use of Telephone For That Purpose

BROOKLYN, Sept. 29.—The police of the Fourth avenue station are severely criticizing the conduct of Francis Hadden, a saloonkeeper at Second avenue and Fifty-eighth street, who, it is alleged, refused yesterday afternoon to allow his telephone to be used to call an ambulance after William L. Hanley, of 1059 Second avenue, had swallowed a dose of carbolic acid. If the ambulance could arrive from the New York Hospital the man was dead. Dr. Hadden was indignant when he heard this story of the case. He said the man's life might have been saved if a call had been sent in quicker.

Hanley was a packer and was employed by a firm in Thomas street, Manhattan. He was 37 years old and lived with his wife and three children, 6 years, 3 years and 6 weeks old respectively. The police say the man and his wife did not get along very well together and that is believed to have had something to do with the suicide. Whatever may have been their differences when Hanley drank the poison his wife made a desperate effort to knock the bottle from her husband's hand but not in time to prevent the liquid from going down his throat. In agony, the woman fell, writhing in agony. The woman screamed and attracted the attention of Herman Bondush, who lives on the floor above the Hanleys and he ran out to see what the trouble could be. He was met by the woman, who told him her husband had taken carbolic acid and begged him to get a doctor. Bondush and the woman ran to the street and, remembering that the nearest telephone was in Hadden's saloon at Fifty-eighth street, ran to that place and asked the saloonkeeper to let them use the phone to get an ambulance. Bondush and Mrs. Hanley told the police Hadden refused point blank to let them do so and they had to leave his place in an effort to get another telephone.

In a deplorable state of anguish the distracted woman ran to Third avenue and at Fifty-eighth street she found Patrolman Thomas J. Mason and a few words told him what had happened. The officer sent in a hurry call immediately. Ambulance Surgeon Hirsman responded quickly, but when he reached the house the man was dead. When Mrs. Hanley told the policeman what had happened and he had sent in the call for the ambulance, the officer ran to the house and, getting some milk and eggs worked over the man, but all he did for him was to get an ambulance. The victim died while the policeman was working on him. Dr. Hirsman said he might have been able to save Hanley's life if the call had been sent in from Hadden's saloon. The neighborhood is a poor one and consists of frame tenements. Yesterday Hanley went into O'Neill's saloon nearby and he was heard to say openly that he intended to kill himself. The man left a sort of roughy made will, stating that some money he expected to come to him from his relatives in England should go to his children. No terms of endearment were attached to it or any words in the form of a farewell.

FATALLY INJURED

MAN WAS CAUGHT IN CARDING MACHINE.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Sept. 29.—Mark P. Hollow, aged 23 years, employed in the card room of the Loraine Mfg. Co., was killed today by being caught and hurled to the ceiling.

The left arm and a portion of his shoulder were torn from his body and the body hurled a distance of fifteen feet where it was impaled upon a hanging rod, the end of which penetrated his abdomen.

Hollow was single and lived with his parents in Lonsdale.

DANNY MAHER

RODE THE WINNER IN JOCKEY CLUB STAKES.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Great interest was taken in today's race for the Jockey Club stakes at the first October meeting at Newmarket on account of the number of well-known horses running. The field included two derby winners, Rock Sand and St. Leonards, and Henry the first and one derby winner, St. Leonards, as well as Lechman, winner of many of these good races and Foundling and Rydal Head, who was ridden by Danny Maher. Henry the First was second and William Rufus was third.

NEW POSTMASTERS APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The following fourth class postmasters were appointed today:

Maine, Isabelle B. Hodgdon, Center, Massachusetts, Edwin C. Howard, Westfield, Water.

SAILED FOR HIS POST.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—William W. Thomas, American minister to Sweden and Norway, who has been on a brief visit to his home in Portland, Maine, sailed for his post today on the steamer Deutschland.

CARD OF THANKS.—

The undersigned take this method of giving expression of heartfelt appreciation and gratitude to the many kind friends and neighbors for sympathy and deeds of kindness on the death of the late lamented John B. Thome. We are also deeply grateful to those who by beautiful flowers and candles to the members of Franklin Township Association, No. 23 of New York City and Mr. Edward Flemming who of said organization for their kind intentions to the departed prior to what proved his last day journey to his home in Lowell. All will be held in grateful and lasting remembrance by us.

JOHN THYNE AND FAMILY.

GOVERNOR BATES

Gives Out Letters Bearing on Gurney Case

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—After allowing time for the communications in the Phelps-Gurney case to reach Washington, Governor Bates today made public various letters bearing on the subject. The governor informed the state department that the judgment against third secretary Gurney of the British embassy had been vacated and the fines imposed remitted.

He says that Judge Phelps had expressed regret to the secretary by letter a copy of which he forwarded to Phelps with a statement by Judge Phelps, Governor Bates suggests that the attention of the British ambassador be called to the breach of the laws of Massachusetts, under the belief that the case may demand that want of knowledge of the law has resulted in an error of judicial authority in Massachusetts, and expressed the hope that the statement of regret by Judge Phelps may be recognized as a judicious disposition. The any intention of Massachusetts courts to ignore international law.

The governor's letter to the state department follows:

Executive Department, Boston, Sept. 28.

Hon. Alvoe A. Adee, Acting Secretary of State, Washington, D. C.

Sir:—Your telegram of Sept. 26 was received in my absence and replied to by the lieutenant-governor acting as governor.

As the result of an investigation made by me, I find that Mr. Gurney, the third secretary of the British embassy, was found guilty by Judge Phelps, justice of the police court of Lowell, in the county of Berkshire in this Commonwealth, upon a charge of violation of the law of this state, relative to the running of automobiles upon public highways. The statement of Judge Phelps with relation to the proceedings in the case I enclose herewith.

From this it appears that, under a misapprehension as to the jurisdiction of the court over the person of the defendant, the justice acted in violation of the United States statute, in adjudging Mr. Gurney guilty and in imposing sentence thereon. Upon being apprised of his error, Judge Phelps ordered the judgments vacated, the fines imposed remitted and has requested me to forward through you to Mr. Gurney his enclosed letter. As executive of this Commonwealth, I deeply regret that want of knowledge of the law, solemn, if ever, invoked in our inferior courts, with relation to the immunity of representatives of a foreign government, resulted in this error. I hope that the explanation and expression of regret forwarded by Judge Phelps may be recognized as conclusive disavowal of any intention on the part of a member of the judicial department of the government of this Commonwealth to ignore the recognition of the power of international law or to manifest any disrespect to a representative of the government of the British monarchy. While the incident is greatly to be deplored, I venture to suggest that in some degree excused by the representatives of foreign governments who have dwelt among us have always conducted themselves with such regard for the laws of the Commonwealth as to hitherto furnish no occasion for the consideration by our courts of criminal jurisdiction of the immunities to which such foreign representatives are entitled under the law of nations and through which they may find protection when disregarding our laws.

I suggest that the attention of the ambassador of his Britannic majesty be invited to the breach of the laws of this Commonwealth disclosed in the statement of Judge Phelps accompanying this letter, believing that if his attention is called to it he will take such action as to make certain that in the future no person in our courts shall not permit the safety of our citizens to be endangered, or our laws to be violated because through international comity, jurisdiction of our own tribunals is withheld.

Respectfully,

JOHN B. BATES.

The letter of Judge Phelps to Third Secretary Gurney follows:

"Lowell, Mass., Sept. 25.

"Hon. Hugh Gurney, Third Secretary of his Britannic majesty's embassy, London, Mass.

"Sir—As justice of the Lee police court, I find occasion to express my profound regret that, through a misapprehension of the law, I assumed that the court had jurisdiction over the person of a member of the embassy of the British government. Having become apprised of this error, and seeking to make all possible reparation, therefore, the court has vacated and annulled all proceedings taken in the matter of the complaint against yourself and the erroneous judgment entered thereon.

"I beg further to express my profound personal regret that I should have been, without intentional error, the cause of your own personal vexation and annoyance, or that anything should have occurred which may have seemed to be, though not so in fact, a want of respect for the rights of a representative of his Britannic majesty.

Respectfully,

HENRY C. PHELPS, Justice of the Lee Police Court."

GOVERNOR GUILD'S REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—There has been no new turn in the case of Governor Phelps of Lee, Mass., who fled Secretary Gurney of the British embassy for speeding his automobile save the reception today at the state department of some mail from Acting Governor Guild of Massachusetts. This relates entirely to the first stages of the case and is nothing more than an elaboration of the facts set out in the telegrams already received. The further report promised by Governor Bates embodying the state's affidavit as to the offense alleged to have been committed by Mr. Gurney has not yet been received here.

DECISION REACHED

ON CUSTOMS DUTIES ON IMPORTED CIGARS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—After a number of consultations with the president, Acting Secretary of the Treasury Tabor has reached a conclusion in the matter of the customs statements passed on boxes containing imported cigars. While no definite information is obtainable as to what the decision is there is reason to believe that it will be fairly satisfactory to both sides. Neither side obtained all that it required.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

Harry Richardson's BREAD

—AND— CAKE

Have all the GOOD QUALITIES of

HOME MADE

and you save the Labor, Fuel, etc.

Tel. 234-2. 26 Merrimack St.

FANCY DECORATED

Tea Pots

(LIKE CUT)

49c Each

227 Central St.

Challenge Cut-Price Sale of Groceries

M. O'KEEFFE

54 MIDDLESEX STREET - Near Traders Bank

The Very Best Green Mountain Potatoes 16c Peck
The Very Best Pure Creamery Butter 22c
Finest Smoked Shoulders 10c lb.
The Very Best Salt Pork 8c lb.
Excellent Hamstring Steaks 7c lb.
Finest Full Cream Cheese 12c lb.
No. 10, 100 Dark Blue Trading Stamps with 1 lb. of our famous 50c Tea.
The Very Best Flour 90c Bag

NOTE THE FOLLOWING CUT PRICES:—

2-lb. can Boston Baked Beans 7c
3-lb. can Bartlett Peas 10c
10-can Campbell's Soup 22c
3 cans Best Peas 25c
3-lb. can Grated Pineapple 9c
15c bottle Golden Syrup 10c
The bottle Mixed Pickles 10c
The bot. English Chow Chow 10c
15c jar German Prepared Mustard 10c
12c bottle Elder Vinegar 7c
Kennedy's Soda Crackers 5c lb.

SERIOUS ASSAULT

Charged Against Man

Arrested at Lakeview

Albert Lafontaine, alias Joseph Lafontaine, alias Wilfred Lafontaine, was arrested at Lakeview by Officer Reardon of Lawrence, Wednesday afternoon, on a warrant charging him with felonious assault upon Della Garceau, aged 15 years, of 8 Grove street, Methuen.

The complainant went to her employment in the Duck mills in Lawrence Monday morning, and as she did not feel well, she asked out and started for her home. She went along Manchester street, intending to go along the cemetery road to her home. She had just passed under the bridge and turned to the right when, while passing a clump of bushes not far from the bridge, Lafontaine stepped out, grabbed the girl and dragged her into the bushes.

The girl claims that she resisted but that Lafontaine choked her and that she tried to kill her unless she ceased struggling. The terrified girl then collapsed.

Later she went home and told her folks of the assault.

She was very distressed at the time. She knew Lafontaine and named him as her assailant.

Officer Joseph Garceau, went to the Methuen police and told his story, but as the assault occurred in Lawrence, Garceau was instructed to see the Lawrence police. He preferred charges to Captain Sullivan about 10.30 o'clock Monday night, and a search for Lafontaine was begun. He was seen with a woman on a Lowell bound car yesterday morning by a person who knew him and the police were notified. His mountaineer had been shaved off, evidently in an attempt to conceal his identity.

The Lowell police were notified to detain him and Officer Reardon of Lawrence came to Lowell. When he arrived here he was told that no such parties were on the car when it arrived in Merrimack square. Officer Reardon, however, spoke to the motorist, who said that the couple had left the car about two miles back. Police-rear then telephoned to Lawrence for instructions and he was notified to proceed on the next car for Nashua as the couple were evidently going there. The officer took to next bus and directed and found the couple seated on the same car. They rode as far as Lakeview and there left the car.

Officer Reardon also left the car and took Lafontaine into custody. Accompanied by the woman they returned to Lawrence, and Lafontaine was locked up with the prisoner is his wife, whom he had married in Lowell one month ago. Lafontaine has been living with a woman in Methuen for the past six years, but this woman said that she was never married to him and Lafontaine also admits that such is the case.

THE MARX CASE

Great Difficulty in Securing Jury

NEW LONDON, Sept. 29.—

The state is having a difficult task to obtain a jury to try Gershon Marx, the Colchester farmer who is charged with murdering his farm-hand, Joe Pavol, last spring, two panels of talesmen aggregating 300 having been exhausted with only four jurors selected. Today the sheriffs took before Judge Robinson a large number of New London county citizens whom they were able to qualify for the jury. The principal cause of disqualification is the declaration of nearly every man called whether he had read about the Marx case in the newspapers. It is charged in connection with the crime that Marx dismembered Pavol's body. A few weeks ago, a second body was found on the Marx farm.

HINDIPO

THE NEW NERVE TONIC AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood, Puts Back the Strained Nerves, Clears the Brain, Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory, Restores the Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking. Price, 50 cts; 12 boxes, \$5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefited. Try it and be convinced.

For sale by Fells & Burdickshaw, 111 Middlesex street.

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

Teaches business as business is conducted in every day business life, and teaches it so thoroughly that its pupils are more competent than those of the ordinary business college. The demand for its graduates far exceeds the supply.

Any young man or woman of ordinary general education who will follow its courses will receive full information and is free upon application.

WE GUARANTEE IT.

Our rates are reasonable and it costs no more to attend this College than to study in less progressive institutions. Catalogues give full information and is free upon application.

STUDENTS MAY ENTER ANY TIME.

Evening Classes commence Oct. 3d

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

30 Huntington Avenue, Boston, Mass.

Every Woman

Is interested and should know about the wonderful Marvel Whirling Douche

USE YOUR DISCRETION. If you cannot apply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for literature book—stated. It gives full particulars and directions to value.

MARVEL CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

C. F. Holsington & Son

We will call and clean out your furnace and put everything in good condition for next season. We do all kinds of Tin Work, Roofing, Soldering and also keep the best line of Ranges on the market at 147 Market street.

CARNEY & BUNKER

GOLD, SILVER AND NICKEL PLATERS

Polishing, Lacquering, Dipping and Tinning. Sole manufacturers of the Carney Wavers' Drawing-In-Book.

37 Shattuck Street, Cor. Market. Telephone 8-15-12.

The Product of Whiting

7-20-4

10c Cigar Factory

is now larger than that of any individual manufacturer in New England. The name R. G. Sullivan stamped on every cigar insures quality.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N. H.

C. & S.

WASHING FLUID COMPOUND. Potash, Sal Tartar, Ammonia and Borax. 20c Can will make 2 gallons Fluid.

Carter & Sherburne

CUT PRICE DRUGGISTS, Merrimack, Cor. Bridge St.

Wall Paper

—AT— 97 Appleton Street

Suit Cases

DEVINE'S 88 Merrimack St.

Factory 72 Middlesex St. Telephone

If your eyes are

HYPEROPIC

you should come to me today.

Optician George G. Rogers

146 MERRIMACK STREET, Up stairs.

GARVIN THE CHOICE

Rhode Island Democrats Want Him for Governor

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 29.—Plans to re-nominate Governor L. F. C. Garvin without opposition were made by the democrats of Rhode Island who assembled today to select a state ticket and adopt a set of resolutions. The nominations for the remaining offices, it was expected, would likewise be made without any differing of opinion, with the possible exception of that of secretary of state.

Admiral Archambault, of Woonsocket, was the pro-convention choice for lieutenant-governor. George T. Brown of Providence, for attorney-general, and Edmund Walker of South Kingstown for general treasurer.

Before the convention it was announced that the state committee had agreed upon Edw. Sullivan of Cranston for secretary of state. Congressman Daniel L. D. Granger, of Providence, would, it was anticipated, be re-nominated at the convention of the 1st congressional district to be held after the state meeting, with Franklin P. Owen of Slatersville, the probable nominee for the 2d district.

The state democratic leaders had spent much time in preparing the ticket, and the platform because of their belief that Rhode Island is in the list of doubtful states for president.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 29.—There

TARPON
FINEST PRODUCTS OF THE SEA

Lowell's Leading Market
124 Central Street
TELEPHONE 642-2

PRICES FOR THIS WEEK:

Sword Fish	18c lb.
Large Mackerel	30c Each
Tinker Mackerel	25c lb.
Salmon	25c lb.
Pickled	20c lb.
Hornpouts	10c lb.
Butterfish	2 lbs. for 35c
Fancy Shore Haddock	7c and 10c lb.
Fancy White Halibut	20c lb.
Flounders	7c lb.
Fine Large Eels	2 lbs. for 25c
Sea Trout	2 lbs. for 25c
Scup	10c lb.
Warren River Oysters	40c qt.
Ipswich Clams (shucked)	45c qt.
Cohauas	8c qt.
Finnish Haddies	10c lb.
White Fish	10c lb.
Live and Boiled Lobsters, etc.	

J. C. McGRAY, Manager.

Friday, Sept. 30 } At Our { **NEW ROOMS**
Saturday, Oct. 1 }

FALL SHOWING
—OF—
Hats of Correct Styles
Hard & Garland
Rooms 1, 2 and 3 Gilbride Building. 15 Palmer Street

OPENING DAYS
Pattern Hats in Correct Styles Will Be Shown.
Friday, Sept. 30, Saturday, Oct. 1
Parlors 1, 2, 3, 4 Union Bank Building.
ABBIE R. HIGGINS
—NO CARDS—

Fall Opening 1904-05
Of Fine Imported and Choice Models in
Up-to-Date Millinery
All the ladies are cordially invited to inspect the grand display.
Friday, Sept. 30, and Saturday, Oct. 1st
Madame Rose Grimard
Fashionable Milliner, Rooms 8-9, No. 118 Merrimack Street

to declare our faith in the adequacy of the constitution of the United States as a guide and rule of national conduct and to protest against the flagrant disregard of its provisions by the flagrant, brilliant, headstrong, reckless, self assertive, self sufficient Theodore Roosevelt. We are here to emphasize the demand of patriotic Americans of all parties that the way of empire for us shall not be over the bloody corpses of slaughtered semi-savages in the Philippine islands. We are here to insist that the merit system shall obtain in the filling of public offices and that every department of the government shall be conducted honestly, efficiently and economically along approved business lines. We are here to demand that the rights of labor shall have equal protection with the rights of capital and that the courts of the land shall be temples of justice alike for the weak and the strong, the rich and the poor. We are here to applaud the efforts of those who are seeking to promote the good and the just in the Philippine islands. We are here to urge the people by placing in official station men, pledged to reforms in government calculated to increase the general welfare. We are here for all of these things, and for many more having a bearing upon national affairs, but we are also here and we are particularly to register our objection to the longer continuance of the republican machine controlling Rhode Island, the party which once stood for human liberty and widespread human rights to earth's oppressed, now boasts only of the shackles it has thrown around the commerce, for American labor and industries and for the humble peoples in lands across the seas who would become American citizens. It insists through its pernicious agents in this state, whose form of government is representative, that there shall be clerical, clerical, and clerical—deriving its power from the refusal of rights to the governed; the other denied the right to govern itself solely because it is intelligent, independent and increasing in wealth, population and influence.

The convention voted to adopt the roll as recommended by the state committee after five minute speeches by delegates from the contested city wards.

The temporary organization was then made permanent and John J. Fitzgerald, Pawtucket; Lewis Brown, Newport; J. H. Quinn of Warwick; Thomas H. Fox of Barrington; and W. T. Howard, Warren, were chosen the committee on resolutions.

Pending their report, James Sullivan of Connecticut, addressed the convention, he having been sent by the national democratic committee. The platform was then submitted by the committee and adopted.

THE PLATFORM.

After an endorsement of the candidacy of Alton B. Parker and Henry G. Davis, for president and vice-president and commendation of the record of Congressman D. L. D. Granger, the platform unanimously endorsed the administration of Governor L. F. C. Garvin, saying: "Governor Garvin has not been controlled by any machine or set of men, his acts have been his own, his statements have been his real belief and we believe today that he is in the advance as he has been for many years with the best thought in this country for bettering the conditions of its people.

We give our approval to his act in calling a special session of the legislature for the consideration of legislation which a large number of citizens of this state have for a long year and years demanded, and which the republican party has refused even to bring before the legislative body for discussion.

Not one single act for bettering the conditions of our people has been passed or even considered by the republican legislature. They have refused to consider a bill for the appointment of state bank commissioners for the inspection of the conditions of the trust companies.

They have refused to consider any proposition giving to the governor the veto power.

They have refused to consider the constitutional initiative, which especially under existing conditions, would give the people some voice in the government.

They have refused to consider bills for the extension of the suffrage to registered voters in the election of city councils.

They have refused to consider bills for amendment of the bribery laws of this state.

They hold post-election session of the legislature at which they exact legislation which they are afraid to enact before election. They have become a great office holding trust, passing laws simply for the continuation of their own power, disregarding any acts for the relief of existing conditions.

This is the situation of the state and the senator senator avenges to the fact there is a state of Rhode Island, drops his duty as "general manager of the United States" for a time and comes back to this state in order to insure his reelection to the senate and to be able more strongly to fasten the hold of the trusts upon the people of this country.

Every known corrupt and coercive agency is to be set to work for his return, and it is the imperative duty of every right minded citizen in this state by his vote and by his influence to prevent it. His tolerance of the existing conditions, the present conditions which if he cared anything for the state it were easily possible for him to change, proves that the best interest of the state will not be subserved by his reelection. He has simply used his power as a senator of the United States to fasten the hold of the republican party in this state for the enactment of laws in favor of the quasi public corporation for his own emolument and aggrandizement. We invite the attention of the people of this state to the conditions which prevail in the city of Providence, and to the fact that the state rule has been brought about by the change of these conditions by constitutional reform.

Constitutional reform is absolutely needed. It can be obtained if the people of this state will aid the democratic party in the coming election.

The platform was unanimously adopted with change.

The name of L. F. C. Garvin of Cumberland was placed in nomination for governor by Mayor James H. Higgins of Pawtucket, and he was unanimously chosen to lead the ticket. Admiral Archambault, of Woonsocket, was nominated without opposition for lieutenant-governor; Edward M. Sullivan was nominated for secretary of state but declined on account of ill health, and John H. Keenan of Providence was chosen in his stead. For attorney-general, George T. Brown of Providence was chosen.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

INQUEST BEGUN

Hearing in the Melrose Disaster

MALDEN, Mass., Sept. 29.—The inquest into the recent dynamite explosion at Melrose, whereby an electric car was demolished and nine persons lost their lives, was begun in the district court here today before Associate Justice E. L. Sweetser. The inquest is entirely secret and nothing will be given out until it is concluded. General J. H. Whitney of the state police was present today, together with Assistant District Attorney Branch and Acting Chief of Police Puller of Melrose. Nineteen witnesses have been summoned. They include Roy E. Peck, the driver of the express wagon from which the box of dynamite which caused the explosion fell on the car track and who is under bonds to appear before the grand jury on a charge of manslaughter in connection with the explosion.

LABOR LEADER

HELD LONG CONFERENCE WITH JUDGE PARKER.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Judge Parker has decided not to return to Europe until tomorrow afternoon. The judge had come to the appellate division of the New York supreme court, where he spent about an hour with the members of the court. Among his callers today was John Bogart, prominent as a labor leader. Mr. Bogart called for the purpose of discussing a discussion begun at New York recently, touching upon the regulation of the democratic party to organized labor.

Dr. John H. Wagner of New York, a close friend of Wm. J. Bryan, called to pay his respects to Judge Parker. He was accompanied by Perry Belmont, Justice Patterson and Judge Philip Dugro took luncheon with Judge Parker. Among other callers were Herman Tiddler and Howard Phil of the New York States Zeitung. Chief Mayor, chairman of the New York state committee, took up a number of questions with Judge Parker relating to the state campaign.

CHARLES E. FORBES

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF FORGERY REACHES LONDON.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The White Star line steamer Majestic which sailed from Queenstown today for New York had on board Chas. E. Forbes, alias Irving W. Humphrey, who was arrested in Buenos Aires in July last, at the request of the U. S. authorities on the charge of forgery committed in New York. Forbes is in the custody of the detectives sent to bring him home.

Forbes was the confidential cashier of G. W. Cole and Company of New York. He is charged with forging against his employers amounting to \$25,000. He was under bail when he sailed for Buenos Aires.

HELD IN \$1000

HARVARD STUDENT CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER.

CAMBRIDGE, Sept. 29.—Leon Strauss, the Harvard student, who was driving an automobile which killed Arthur G. Wynnan, a Harvard instructor here last night, was brought into the third district court on a charge of manslaughter today. After a conference between the court and counsel, announcement was made that the case had been continued until Oct. 8. Strauss furnished bail of \$1000.

COAL BARK

SUPPOSED TO BE LOST RETURNED TO BOSTON.

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—The coal bark Willard Mudgett, supposed to have been lost in the storm of Sept. 14th, reached this port today. She survived the storm and arrived off Cape Ann yesterday. She was towed in here early this forenoon.

THE PENNSYLVANIA

IS STILL HELD AT BRISTOL.

BRISTOL, R. I., Sept. 29.—The Nautical Preparatory school ship Pennsylvania remains at this port today, and despite the appointment of a receiver for the affairs of the institution, routine work continued, the classes receiving instructions as heretofore. Both instructors and pupils share the belief that the projected trip to other lands will occur and they have hopes of some day supplying the needs of some country to make the school a success. A number of the parents of the boys who came aboard today also share this belief. None of the pupils has left the vessel as yet, about 150 boys remaining aboard.

YALE'S GREAT GAIN.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 29.—Yale University reported the honor of having received three large establishments on the first day of the college year in her history. Registration in the academic and scientific departments was completed but it will take several days to complete the definite figures. The entering class is very large, approximately 36 per cent, greater than a year ago, with the increase especially noticeable in the Sheffield scientific school. This class will probably exceed 750 in number.

LEAVE COLORED PEOPLE.

CAPETOWN, Sept. 29.—The census of British South Africa including Cape Colony, the Transvaal, Natal, Rhodesia, Orange, Basutoland and Bechuanaland, gives the white population at 1,335,016 and the colored at 1,039,175.

MR. J. BOISVENOUS

Decorator and Painter—Interior Work a Specialty.

Mr. Boisvenous is a native of Paris. He came to Canada a few years ago and has since then three large establishments there. He came to Lowell last week to look over the hold with the intention of making a place here for a fore-lotting place for house painting or decorating. He makes a specialty of interior work and has a generous supply of new ideas for interior decoration. Mr. Boisvenous may be found at 225 Central street, near Allen avenue. He would be pleased to give estimates on painting and decorating. Call between 7 and 8 evenings.

From Yesterday's Late Edition

NEW ORDINANCE

Relative to Transportation of Explosives

MAYOR HOWE SPEAKS ON THE MATTER

Alderman Hill Will Introduce New Ordinance

At the next meeting of the board of aldermen it is probable that an ordinance will be introduced to restrict and limit the transportation of dynamite and other explosives through the public streets.

The recent horror at Melrose has called to the attention of the members of the city council the fact that a year or more ago, just after the South Lowell explosion the city council was quite interested in a proposed ordinance relative to the car, transportation and sale of explosives. Alderman Casey after a special committee had investigated the matter offered an ordinance governing the matter and when it came up to the board of aldermen it was amended by Alderman Hill who had some additional suggestions to make. The Hill amendment prevailed and the matter was referred to the committee on ordinances and legislation and while it was still in committee the year went out and with it the committee on ordinances and legislation. This year's committee was about to take up the matter again when the legislature passed a law governing the matter and taking most of the power away from city council. Since then the city council has forgotten the matter and the proposed ordinance still lies in the desk of the clerk of committees.

Since the Melrose disaster Mayor Howe has been interesting himself in the matter of transporting explosives and has suggested to different members of the city council that some action should be taken to prevent any possibility of such an accident in this city.

When seen in relation to the matter by a reporter of The Sun today his honor said: "The Melrose horror should be a striking object lesson to every citizen in the commonwealth and the transportation of SETTLE a state those that have no ordinance regulating the transportation of high explosives through the city should see to it at once that the citizens are protected. I intended to refer officially to the board of aldermen on the ordinance in regard to explosives but was informed that the matter would be considered by the city council. I expected to hear from it at the last meeting and hence did nothing in the matter. I am heartily in favor of any ordinance that will prevent any accidents from the transportation of explosives through the streets of this city and will do all in my power to help any legislation aiming at this end."

BRUCE RECOUNT

Will be Held in Close Wards

Hon. A. B. Bruce was in Lowell this afternoon for the purpose of petitioning for recounts in the close wards. Hennessy's majority in the wards he carried was as follows: Ward 1, 22; ward three, 38; ward four, 41; ward five, 47; ward six, 47; ward seven, 20; ward eight, 37; ward nine, 38. Thus it will be seen that some of the wards are quite close. Mr. Bruce carried ward two by 19 votes. Mr. Bruce will undoubtedly ask a recount in wards one, six and seven.

BLOCK PAVING

Mayor Howe Wants it on Aiken St. Bridge

Speaking of municipal matters generally, Thursday, Mayor Howe said: "There is one order before the city council at present which I would like to see go through and that is the order for \$5000 to pave the Aiken street bridge with wooden blocks. This pavement is guaranteed for 10 years and lasts 12 years. The plank pavement costs \$3000, and is replaced every two years, thus costing the city \$15,000 in 10 years against \$8000 for the block pavement."

MR. TRULL DECLINES.

Mr. Albert J. Trull, president of the Middlesex North Agricultural society, has sent the following self-explanatory letter to the chairman of the committee elected to present names of candidates for new officers of the society:

North Wakebury, Mass., Sept. 27, 1904.

Mr. G. L. Huntington,

Dear Sir:—As you are chairman of the committee elected by the officers of the Middlesex North Agricultural society to present names to be voted for at the annual meeting to be held at Jackson hall, Oct. 11th, at 1 p. m., I hereby inform you that I am not a candidate for the office of president that I now hold.

Please consider this decision final. Yours very truly,

ALBERT J. TRULL.

MISS EDITH HOYT

LOWELL GIRL BRIDE MAID AT PRETTY WEDDING.

GOFFSTOWN, N. H., Sept. 28.—A very pretty home wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. William Merces of Pleasant street at high noon today, when their niece, Miss Maud Lillian Hoyt, was united in marriage with Guy Burton Thorpe of Exeter. Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present.

The Rev. Henry R. McCartney officiated, using the beautiful ring service. Miss Edith Hoyt, Lowell, Mass., a sister of the bride, was bridesmaid, and the groom was accompanied by his brother, Crofton Thorpe of Boston.

The bride was handsomely gowned in white handwoven with lace and velvet trimmings, and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid was dressed in blue silk muslin with lace and chiffon trimmings, and carried pink carnations. The house was decorated with cut flowers and ferns.

At the conclusion of the ceremony, a short reception was held and a wedding breakfast was served.

The bride is one of Goffstown's best known and most popular young women. She is a graduate of the local high school in the class of 1899, and for the last three years has been a teacher at the Hillsborough county farm.

The groom is a well-known merchant of Exeter, where they will make their home. They left on the afternoon train for that town.

Among the guests from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Thorpe, Miss Grace Thorpe and Theron Thorpe of Exeter; Mr. Albert Stockwell, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thorpe, Milford; Mrs. Emily Hill, Manchester; Mrs. Hannah Thorpe, Mr. and Mrs. George Hazen, Warren.

Misses Maud Lillian and J. Belle Johnson had charge of the altar in the room. They were assisted by Mrs. Lillian Burdick and Miss Mabelle Dwinella.

The gifts were very handsome and valuable.

THREE ALDERMEN

INDICTED BY THE GRAND JURY FOR GRAFTING.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 29.—As the result of District Attorney Conant's investigation of charges of alleged grafting on the part of the city officials, three present aldermen and four former aldermen have been indicted by the grand jury. All of the indicted men appeared in court today, were arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

GREAT COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, presiding at the semi-annual meeting of the directors of the Grand Trunk road here, said the annual working expenses of the first part of the year were due to the severity of the weather and the depression which existed in the United States as well as in Canada. The prospects, however, were bright, as a bumper corn harvest in the United States and a heavy wheat harvest in Canada promised a period of great commercial activity in those countries.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, ruin results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

ENGINEER DEAD

Train Was Wrecked Near Braintree

BRAINTREE, Mass., Sept. 29.—A passenger train which left Plymouth at 11:15 today for Boston over the Plymouth division of the N. Y. N. H. and H. railroad, was wrecked this afternoon on an embankment about a mile west of the South Braintree station. Engineer Wm. Adams was killed and Thomas Edward Cook had both legs taken off. The passengers were badly shaken up, but none of them was seriously hurt.

BOY WAS KILLED

While Trying to Save His Sister

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—In an effort to save his little sister, Ruth, from an elevator that she had started accidentally, it is thought, Walter Paradise, 19, of No. 348 East One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, was crushed to death last evening at the Montauk apartment-house, No. 25 Mt. Morris Park west.

The girl, who is eight years old, had gone to visit her brother, who was employed there as elevator boy. According to her story she was standing in the car when the bell rang. The boy was near the door and ran to the car. Just as he was about to enter it moved upward quickly and he fell.

The police have found no one who had pressed the button as a signal. They believe that the child, while playing in the elevator, started in accidentally and the boy, thinking his sister in danger, made a leap for the floor of the car, missed it, and was caught by the freight compartment, which extends eight feet below the floor of the passenger car proper.

The floor of the freight compartment was covered with blood. The boy's body was found at the bottom of the shaft, with the skull crushed and other bones fractured. The police think the freight compartment floor carried him upward until it crushed his body against the iron framework of the elevator door and then dropped, his body into the pit.

When the elevator stopped at the top floor the girl opened the door and walked out. Then she summoned a maid in the apartment of Senbury C. MacLeck, a lawyer living on the sixth floor, and told her that her brother had fallen. Beta Larsen, the maid, took the child by the hand and led her downstairs.

Mrs. Paradise had promised to call for the girl before 6 o'clock. Just as she was entering the door the child cried out:

"Oh, mother! Walter fell and he may be hurt."

Mrs. Larsen summoned the janitor, who searched the pit and found the body. Mrs. Paradise fainted. The boy's body was removed to East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street station.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

FALL OPENING

FINE MILLINERY

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

SEPTEMBER 30 AND OCTOBER 1.

GREGOIRE'S, Lowell's Greatest Millinery Store

153 to 157 MERRIMACK STREET.

DOUBLE DARK BLUE STAMPS GIVEN ON ALL PURCHASES

JOHN F. SAUNDERS

159 Corham Street, Cor. Summer

BEEF IS CHEAPER

AND SPECIAL ON FOLLOWING:

On All Kinds of Stamps

Forequarters of Lamb 7c Lb
Legs of Lamb 10c Lb
Best Smoked Shoulders 10c Lb
Good Eggs 22c Doz.
Best Eastern Green Mountain Potatoes 17c Pk., 65c Bushel
16 lbs. of Sweet Potatoes 25c
Best Round Steak 12 1/2 to 15c Lb
Best Rump and Sirloin 15c to 18c Lb

Corn Beef 5c to 7c Lb
New Cabbage 1c Lb
Broad Flour 85c Bag
Best Broad Flour 6.75 Bbl
Challenge Milk 3 cans 25c
Best Seeded Raisins 5c Pkg

BEST BUTTERINE
10c to 15c Lb.
5 lb Boxes of Best Creamery Butter \$1.15

SPECIAL ON CORN BEEF—3 for 1 of any kind!
of Stamps on the best 6c and 7c Corn Beef

JUMPED A WALL

Railroad Accident at South Braintree

FIREMAN DIED AS RESULT OF INJURIES

Engineer is in a Critical Condition

SOUTH BRAINTREE, Sept. 29.—Seventy-five passengers on the train leaving Plymouth at 11:55 and due in Boston at 1:17, had a miraculous escape from death or serious injury yesterday afternoon when the locomotive jumped the tracks between the South Braintree and South Weymouth stations.

William A. Adams, aged 50, of Mattapan, the engineer, and Elbridge C. Cook, aged 55, of Dorchester, the fireman, were both seriously injured.

Engineer Adams has a compound fracture of the left leg below the knee and his right leg is broken. He is also cut and injured about the head. He is at the Massachusetts general hospital, in Boston. His condition is critical.

Fireman Cook's right leg was crushed off below the knee and his left leg was broken. He was conscious when he arrived at the Massachusetts general hospital, but was very weak, and died from his injuries at 7:25 last night.

The accident occurred about 1 1/2 miles from the South Braintree station, or about half way between the station here and South Weymouth, the next station below on the Plymouth branch. The exact spot was about 500 yards beyond the Liberty-st. bridge.

The train was composed of engine 837, passenger car 129, combination baggage and passenger car 243 and smoking car 248. It left South Weymouth at 12:15 and was due here at 12:55. It was in charge of conductor Wymann R. Lincoln of Cohasset.

The train was on time and was running at a good rate of speed, some of the passengers estimating it at 25 to 30 miles an hour. Just before the Liberty-st. bridge was reached, where the track makes a long but gradual curve to the right, the engine jumped the track. If the emergency brakes had been suddenly applied, then the cars seemed to jump up and down and finally came to a stop with a crash that threw everyone from their seats.

The passengers, wild with terror, and

not knowing what had happened, ran to the exits as soon as the train had stopped. When they alighted a terrible spectacle met their eyes. The huge locomotive was over a stone wall at the left-hand side of the track, about 10 feet from the track, and had turned a complete somersault. The engineer and fireman were near the stone wall on the ground, the fireman with a leg crushed off and the engineer with both legs broken.

The tender had become detached and was thrown down the track about 50 feet toward the bridges. It landed between the tracks and had been turned around completely, as was the engine.

The tender was also detached from the cars behind it, and when the latter tumbled and rolled along the ties past the engine they brought up with a sudden stop against the tender.

Acting as a sort of a barrier, the tender probably prevented the cars from running away far enough to be wrecked by dashing into the stone wall. The forward steps of the first car were torn away by the impact with the tender, but beyond that there was no damage to the cars. It was a curious fact which railroad men commented on, that, despite the shaking and banging which the cars got, only one pane of glass was broken.

TWO KINGS

ATTENDED THE FUNERAL OF PROF. FINSEN.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 30.—Few scientists have been recognized in death as was Prof. Niels Finsen (discoverer of the so-called Finsen rays of light for the cure of lupus, and head of the Finsen ray institute here who died today at his funeral which was held in the Frederick church. The kings of Denmark and Greece were present and almost every other European ruler was represented, while princesses and high ministers of state and leading scientists came to pay a last tribute to the dead man. Among these famous personages several more humble mourners were seen—patients who Finsen had cured. Wreaths, carried by special representatives, came from Emperor William, King Edward, Queen Alexandra and Count Von Ruessow, the German imperial chancellor. The crown prince of Denmark and Princess Waldemar Karl and Hans were present in the church. The coffin was hidden beneath flowers and hundreds of doctors, medical students and patients followed it to the grave.

JOHN REDMOND

RAISED \$200 AT MEETING IN MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 30.—John Redmond, the Irish leader, addressed a large meeting of Irishmen here last evening. A subscription in aid of the funds of the Irish party netted \$200, in sums ranging from 50 cents to \$100.

GET NATURALIZED

Before the Election Rush is On

DOES NOT PAY TO WAIT UNTIL ELEVENTH HOUR

Son of Registered Voter Got Minor Papers

Persons anxious to get naturalized or persons interested in getting others naturalized should bear in mind that they can get naturalized at any time during the year.

There is always a big rush about election time and sometimes the rush is so great that some of the applicants for naturalization get left. It does not pay to wait until the eleventh hour.

The process of naturalization abounds in situations that are peculiar. It was only yesterday that the son of a prominent voter made application for his minor papers.

He told his story to Judge Hadley and the latter told him that while there was no necessity for him to go through the naturalization process, he was willing to put him through if he wanted to go.

The young man came to Lowell when he was 16 years old.

His father took out his naturalization papers at Oakland, California 20 years ago and is a registered voter in Lowell.

When the young man asked to be registered the registrars told him he would have to produce a copy of his father's naturalization papers before they could allow him to register.

The registrars admitted that the applicant's father was a registered voter in Lowell, but they insisted that the young man could not register unless he produced a copy of his father's paper.

It so happened that his father had lost his papers and rather than go to the trouble of writing to the California courts for a copy he advised his boy to get naturalized and he did. Judge Hadley allowed that the case was a little bit out of the ordinary.

ORDER IS STRONG

Ladies Auxiliary A. O. H. Prosperous

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—The biennial session of Middlesex county board of the ladies auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, at the Hibernia hall, Cambridgeport, yesterday and tonight, was the largest of its kind held in that county since the order was instituted at Lowell, Oct. 7, 1894. At the morning session Mrs. Kate E. Burke of Somerville, county president, presided over the various committees. The work took up nearly all of the forenoon session.

According to the report of the committee on credentials, 181 delegates were present at the morning session. Previous to hearing the report the convention was addressed by Mrs. Annie F. McSweeney, state secretary of the ladies auxiliary, who spoke at length on the growth of the order throughout the state. The work that the organization is engaged in, Mrs. McSweeney said, is being indorsed in all sections, some of the most active supporters being the Catholic clergymen.

Mrs. McSweeney complimented Middlesex county on being the originator of the ladies auxiliary in this state, and said that the county was one of the largest contributors to the \$10,000 fund being raised to fund a chair for the higher education of women of Irish descent at Trinity college, Washington.

In her report Mrs. Burke, the county president, said that never in the history of the order in Middlesex county was it in better condition. In fulfilling its obligations than at present. She reported large gains in membership, divisions and the finances of the order. She urged every delegate to do her part in making the order better known and to always remember the important part the order is now taking for the betterment of the condition of the people of Irish birth or extraction in this country and at home.

When the books of the auxiliary closed Dec. 31 of last year there was a membership of 2312 in 21 divisions in the county. This was an increase of 200 members and 320 members. Up to July 1 the net increase in members was brought up to 265 and one additional division was instituted.

Mrs. Susan A. McNamee, the county treasurer, reported that the receipts from all sources was \$10,750.45. Of this sum \$8,932.21 was made out during her term the order paid out \$2264.24 for sick and funeral benefits and \$297.22 for charitable purposes.

The amount on hand, including property, at the last report was \$7495.35. The amount on hand July of this year, including property, was \$8761.65. The receipts for use of the county board during the term was \$223.03, and the expenses, including those of the delegate to national convention at St. Louis and of 12 county board meetings, etc., was \$155.80. The largest amount in the treasury of any division is that of division 3 of Somerville, which has \$1010.03. The division with the largest membership is 23 of Everett, with 157 members.

At the afternoon session officers were elected as follows: Mrs. Kate E. Burke of Somerville, president; Mrs. Mary T. Logan of Weymouth, vice president; Mrs. Susan A. McNamee of Somerville, treasurer; Miss Mary Driscoll of Holliston, secretary; Miss Catherine T. Murphy of South Framingham, Mrs. Nellie Stevens of Somerville and Mrs. Julia A. Crookwell of Melrose directors. They were installed by Mrs. Annie F. McSweeney, state secretary, assisted by Miss Elizabeth A. Dowd, secretary of Suffolk county.

An invitation to hold the next session in Somerville was accepted.

LOBSTER CLUB

ANNUAL OUTING HELD AT WILLOW DALE.

The annual outing of the Lobster club was held at Willow Dale yesterday afternoon, about 75 members being present, including Mayor Howe and other members of the city government, together with a number of the local leading politicians.

Nothing in the way of political squabbling, except of course, what was done on the side, was in evidence and a jolly good time was held with clams and other good things to eat.

MARX SHED TEARS

Under Medical Examiner's Testimony

THE BLOODSTAINED AND MUTILATED CLOTHING

Produced in Court by the Prosecution

NEW LONDON, Conn., Sept. 30.—For the first time since the opening of the trial for murder of Joseph Pavoli at Colchester, Gershom Marx, showed signs of weakness yesterday afternoon, when Dr. R. H. Gandy of Colchester, the medical examiner for the town, described in minute details his examination of the body of his deceased victim. Marx stood up with his face pressed against the iron bars of the cage and followed every word of the witness with intense interest.

When Dr. Gandy described the nature of the wounds and stated that nothing but a keen instrument could have severed the flesh, Marx trembled down the face of the prisoner and he whined audibly. After the witness had left the stand, however, Marx appeared to get possession of himself and again assumed the stolid air borne all through the ordeal of selecting the jury.

An impressive feature of Dr. Gandy's testimony was his illustration of the nature of Pavoli's head. Taking a piece of black marking lead, the witness drew several lines upon the forehead of State Attorney Lucas and the marks were allowed to stay during the remainder of the afternoon session.

A box was brought into the court room, and Dr. Gandy took out the mutilated, blood-stained clothing and gave minute description of each fragment and where cuts were made.

Charles A. Kramer, who lives half a mile from Marx's place at Colchester, testified that in March, he met Marx driving toward town. The accused man looked sick and when asked if he was sick, Marx said he had been up all night preparing fodder for his cows.

When asked where the horse man was, Kramer testified, Marx dropped the reins, threw up his hands and exclaimed:

"I have settled with him." Kramer stated that he assisted in removing the body from the cell cellar and that he identified it as Pavoli's.

The jury went to the jury room this morning after 12 men had been examined.

Philip Davis, a young Hebrew, was arraigned in the police court yesterday on a charge of attempting to intimidate Michael Levin, a government witness in the Marx murder trial. At the request of the prosecuting attorney Davis was remanded in bonds of \$500 by a hearing today.

TRIED TO SUICIDE

JOSEPH H. EDWARDS ATE SULPHUR ENDS OF MATCHES.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—A despatch from St. Louis says: Joseph H. Edwards, former manager of a pawn company's branch at New Orleans, who was brought here from Geneva on route to New Orleans, to face charges of embezzling \$16,000, attempted to commit suicide after leaving Denver. Though handcuffed he managed to break up a hand mirror and swallow some of the glass and out of danger when St. Louis was reached. He was taken to New Orleans.

tempted to commit suicide after leaving Denver. Though handcuffed he managed to break up a hand mirror

and swallow some of the glass and when discovered was eating the sulphur out of matches. Edwards was

out of danger when St. Louis was reached. He was taken to New Orleans.

Economy Sense--Not Nonsense

The art of attracting people's attention in a newspaper is applied by storekeepers in a dozen different ways, and misapplied in hundreds. It is the easiest thing in the world to catch the eye of a buyer and arrest one's attention. People tire of bold statements of marvelous values you read in the daily papers. This store's advertising is honestly and conservatively stated. When we announce a sale it is a sale in the fullest meaning of the word—backed up by all that a sale implies—value, merit, economy sense, not nonsense. Now days you read many ads. with a contemptuous smile; you have reasons for being skeptical. For the cold type tells you it's a fraud on the face of it. No store can give you a \$10.00 or \$15.00 article for \$5.00 every day in the year. The Lowell One Price Clothing Co. has grown to be the most reliable store in this section by always giving superior values at all times, and most exceptional values at special sales.

Dependable Boys' Clothing AT BOTTOM PRICES

CAST IRON SUITS they're called—for the strong, wide-awake, healthy young fellows from 8 to 16—strong enough to play shinny, football or any other games; made of strictly pure wool, checked and cross-stitched; dyed in the sun; strictly fast color; pants double seat and knee, taped seams that cannot rip. These are the greatest suits ever offered at this low price. We've sold a great many since the re-opening of schools. Mothers have advertised them, so have the boys, 'cause they are worth \$3.50 any day. To start the season's selling with a rush in this boys' department, we've marked these suits.....

\$2.48

Immense line of **TWO-PIECE DOUBLE-BREADED SUITS**, all pants made with double seat and knee and double taped seams. Also Norfolk Suits, Eaton Suits, representing a large variety of material, especially well made, brand new goods that you probably cannot find elsewhere under \$3.00; here at the opening of the season at.....

\$1.98**Other Good Things Which Economical Mothers Should Not Pass**

Children's Heavy Weight Blue Saddle Suits, neatly trimmed and braided, worth \$1.50, at..... 99c
Boys' Solid Corduroy Knee Pants, worth 45c, at..... 45c
The best Knee Pants in the land at..... 50c
Thousands of New Suits, in three-piece, single or double breasted with vest; Norfolk Suits and Bloomer Suits, Saddle and Eaton Suits, representing every sort of material; linings and trimmings are the very best. Every new fashioned garment, up to..... \$6.00

Solid Blue Cheviot Pants, taped seams, will not rip, the 33c kind, at..... 25c
Boys' Black Cat Stockings, full weight, triple knee, all sizes at..... 25c
Boys' and Girls' Caps, fancy Eaton, Norfolk, Golf and Jockey shapes and Tams, autumn shades, novel patterns, at..... 15c, 25c, 39c, 45c, up to \$1.00
Boys' Fall Shirts, new colorings..... 25c, 45c, up to 95c
Boys' Strictly Fast-Black Hose, worth 15c, at 10c Pair

MONEY'S WORTH OR MONEY BACK

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.
72-86 Merrimack Street

Lameness
When the limbs and joints are lame and stiff from wrenching and exposure, massage and keep moist with
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
Its powerful anodyne qualities quickly relieve sprains, lameness, very tick and lameness anywhere. A bottle of Johnson's Liniment in the medicine chest will save many a pain. Price 25c; three times as much too. At all druggists.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

MISS S. P. CHASE
FALL OPENING
Friday and Saturday, Sept. 30, Oct. 1
All the latest designs from New York and Paris will be shown. Everybody invited.
20 CENTRAL STREET

A FULL LINE OF HIGH CLASS
FALL MILLINERY
NOVELTIES IN HATS AND BONNETS AT
MISS B. E. WILLARD'S OPENING
Friday and Saturday, Sept. 30 and Oct. 1
448 Merrimack Street

WE SHALL DISPLAY ON
Friday and Saturday
SEPTEMBER 30 AND OCTOBER 1
The Newest Ideas in
FALL MILLINERY
For Ladies, Misses and Children
We Shall Also be Prepared to Show an
Up-to-date Line of
FURS
A. M. ABELS
177-179 Merrimack St.

GILBRIDE'S Busy Corner
Gilbride's
GILBRIDE'S Busy Corner
We Will Give Double Merchants Legal Stamps Saturday. This is the Best Stamp

Leading Autumn Styles
In Tailored Suits, Skirts and Coats
DEVOTEES OF DAME FASHION will find delight in visiting our Women's Ready-to-Wear Department on the 2nd floor. Here you will behold a large and varied collection of Fall and Winter Fashions in Suits, Coats, Skirts, Etc. Every taste can be gratified here, quality and style compared point for point. Every garment in this magnificent collection is marked at prices lower than others are asking and our prices too, are lower than ever.

Advance Styles in Women's New Tailored Suits
Coats 34 inches long, fitted back, reefer front. Skirts nine goes pleated, made from fancy checks or plain all-wool chevrons. A splendid suit and well worth \$20. Special at..... **\$15**
Suits made from men's wear mixtures and Lymanville chevrons, in black, blue and brown. Tight fitting coats, 32 inches long, shaped front with fancy vest. Skirt has eleven goes and is beautifully finished; was made to retail for \$22.50. Our price..... **\$25**
Women's Tourist Coats
Made from extra good Covert cloth, 41 inches long, full back belted and collarless. Well worth \$10. Priced at..... **\$8.50**
Other Tourist Coats, made from all-wool novelties, full weight. The best values in Lowell at prices ranging..... **\$10 to \$18**
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
Our Men's Furnishing Department is located on first floor, just to the left of our Corner Entrance. Here you will find the most up-to-date stock in Lowell and at prices that defy competition.
One Lot of Men's Underwear, all sizes, have sold for 75c and \$1.00. While they last..... **49c**
Our Line of Autumn Neckwear comprises the prettiest styles we have ever offered for the money. New shades, new shapes, well worth life. For Saturday..... **25c**
Men's Shirts, woven colors, sold elsewhere at \$1.00. Your choice for..... **63c**
Men's Wool Hose, in Camel's Hair, black and gray. A splendid value for..... **12 1-2c**
Women's Neckwear Dept.
We carry all the latest styles in Beaded Collars, Point D'Gauze Collars and Venice Lace Stocks.
We have a collar we'll sell for..... **10c**
Better collars for a little more money.
Take a look through our
Jewelry Dept.
you may find something you need. The prices will interest you.
Beaded Necklaces in..... **10c** The best Belt Buckles..... **25c**
In town.....
We Are Selling Ribbons at Prices That Will Tempt You to Buy
Taffeta Ribbons in all the new colorings, 3 in. wide..... **10c yd**
Satin Taffeta Ribbons, 4 inches wide, can be used for trimming children's school hats. Regular price 15c. For..... **12 1-2c yd**
Saturday.....
Fancy Ribbon in plaid stripes and polka dots..... **25c yd**
All the newest designs.....
It's time to think about a
New Veil for Autumn Wear
We have all the newest styles in Veils at..... **15c, 25c, 50c yd**
50c yd
Chiffon Veiling, beaded, in brown, only.....

DON'T FORGET OUR LIBERAL OFFER OF MERCHANTS LEGAL STAMPS. 2 FOR 1 SATURDAY.

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN M. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, **14,590** A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John M. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reldy, business manager, and Alfred Filote, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. **JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.**

14,652 The sworn daily average circulation for eight months of 1904 was **14,652**

This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

The real Irish nationalists have no faith in the Dunraven reform association. Michael Davitt is rather disposed to think that the association is devised to weaken the power of the movement represented by Mr. Redmond.

SPLIT UP ON RECIPROCITY.

The republicans are hopelessly split up upon the matter of reciprocity. Here in Senator Lodge declaring for reciprocity with Canada in competitive products and General Draper of Hopedale condemning such a scheme of reciprocity as the abridgment of free trade. Verily the state convention will have to do some solid work in harmonizing so as to avoid a conflict on the floor. Lodge, however, can be relied upon to "fix things" in advance. Lodge is famous for that.

GUERNEY MIGHT HAVE AVOIDED TROUBLE.

Secretary Gurney of the British legation has got himself and others into a pretty mess. For driving an auto beyond the speed limit he was brought into police court at Lee and fined \$25 for the offense and an equal amount for contempt of court. Now it happens that under the provisions of international law Gurney represented His Majesty King Edward VII and as such is not amenable to punishment in our courts. Accordingly the fines will have to be remitted and the judge who imposed the fines will have to apologize for the action of the judge; but the British officials will deal with Gurney. He will probably be recalled on account of his figuring in this scandal. Had he paid the fine and thanked the judge for his kindness, he would have avoided all this notoriety and held his place into the bargain.

MR. WALMSLEY'S ADMIRABLE ADDRESS.

Herbert E. Walmsley, president of the New England Cotton association, in his recent address before the association has earned the gratitude of all mill operatives by telling the unprogressive mill men what the real trouble is and how futile it is to think that the trouble can be overcome by cutting wages. Could any man put the truth more tersely or more strikingly up to his associates than does Mr. Walmsley in the following?—

"Let us be outspoken in the matter and place the responsibility and the blame where it belongs. It is high time to speak plainly and without equivocation, the time for smooth words and evasion has gone by. Where conditions have arrived at such a pass, that is, where mills are in such an unfortunate and unenviable position that they cannot any longer be run with any degree of profit, let them close down and go out of business altogether and the workingmen who are nothing more and nothing less than a demoralized and disturbed element in what would otherwise be a healthy, vigorous and satisfactory situation. Mills of this undesirable character, and unfortunately it is to be feared there are too many such in New England, could not compete with the well-equipped southern mills, even were they to pay the same wages and run the same number of hours, from the fact and for the simple reason that their machinery is antiquated, fit for little else than the production of any class of work, or under any circumstances, in the fact of it on their own admission they cannot compete with their worn-out, obsolete machinery, barely able to make even the cheap low-grade goods they have so long and so blindly persisted in making and still continue to make and for which there is not a sufficient demand at anything like remunerative prices. No such short-sighted policy can now be carried out in New England or any where else for that matter. If today the management of any low-grade mill or of any particular group of mills in New England will still persist in the production of such yarns and fabrics, in which particular line of product, competition is the keenest, and margins are the narrowest, they inevitably invite defeat and disaster, which they can alone expect and will surely encounter. If again the cotton industry of New England or any particular section of the industry has arrived at such a pass, such a stage in its history, that all that can be done is to bring the industry to a halt, to reduce it to a bare legitimate standard, below what is fair, equitable, humane and expedient, by all means let such portion of the industry leave us, and go elsewhere, we want none of it. Such condition is sufficient to warrant, to demand drastic action. There is no hope for them.

On the wage question Mr. Walmsley is equally progressive, equally correct, and up-to-date when he says:

"As to the rate of wages—far better look this problem squarely in the face also, and equally freely and candidly admit that the standard or normal rate of wages in the New England cotton mill never can and will be brought down to the level of the Southern standard. The difference in the cost of living, more, between these two sections of the country, makes such a thing impossible. I do not hesitate to say, in the most emphatic manner, that in my judgment, any such reduction or leveling down is neither desirable nor necessary. Rather should we aim for higher standards in the interest of the general well-being, advancement and prosperity of the entire community, regarded from any and every point of view. The real and true self-interest of the employer will not permit of any forced and continued attempt to reduce wages below a normal or legitimate standard."

On the matter of strikes and lock-outs he speaks with a degree of fairness and an apparent willingness to make the best of the inevitable that is refreshing as coming from a prominent mill man. Here is part of what he says on this important point:

"There is small need to point out or recount reasons which demonstrate the evils of strikes or lock-outs; at best, they are a clumsy, untrifling, and outrageous remedy. The pity is that such occurrences so often become inevitable. We can ill-afford these wretched conflicts, entailing such severe loss upon capital, and such untold misery and suffering upon labor. These 'rights to a finish' jeopardizing the very existence of the cotton industry are to be deprecated and discontinued, dislocating the trade and driving much of it into the hands of our competitors. Recognizing, therefore, to the full, the dangers of future strife, provision should be made for the settlement of disputes. In an amicable and broad-minded manner."

"A trade quarrel is an occasion, not for a display of endurance, but for argument, for statistics, for a careful investigation of facts and principles. There must be union if the cotton trade is to prosper. The violent methods of the past; the desiring of some definite method of adjusting disputes which would preclude the possibility of extreme measures and even make disputes a remote possibility. The common sense, no less than the common interest of both parties, should supply any want so far as argument. Let both sides do what they can to agree upon the principles upon which they alone are competent to speak."

In view of such practical views by a mill man, we are led to take a more favorable view of the future of the textile industry in New England. What Mr. Walmsley says of poor mill management has been illustrated in this city for many years in perhaps more than one mill, and the managers who are responsible for running a mill into the ground as a rule are disposed to believe that they can remedy matters by reducing wages below the average at which it is possible to live. His views upon strikes and lockouts are equally apt and in the line of progress. The mill man who adopts the policy outlined by Mr. Walmsley in this address is reasonably sure to have no strikes and no labor troubles of any kind, while if he keeps his machinery up to the times he can compete successfully with any mill in the land and make dividends where before he had put up the calamity plaint when the same came for computing the profits.

SEEN AND HEARD

The Water Wagon club organized about two weeks ago has, already, a membership of 54 and business is falling off in certain drinking places. This club is destined to do a great deal of good.

Many local people who have found marriage a failure would welcome a change in the legal conditions of marriage as predicted by George Meredith.

"Whether it's cold
Or whether it's hot,
We've got to whether it
Whether or not."

A local fisherman who while angling a few days ago slipped on the result that he got good ducking, does not agree with the man who wrote "He who would catch fish must not mind getting wet."

Stanley Gibson of New York has just sold an American collector, an unbroken block of four New South Wales penny stamps of the issue of 1850 for \$1600. The firm says that this is probably the rarest block of stamps that has ever passed into the hands of an American collector, as most of the choice stamps are sold to European collectors.

The first issue of New South Wales consisted of a small square stamp with the word "Postage" at the top and "One Penny" at the bottom, and contains what was supposed to be a view of the harbor of Sydney. The stamps have always been rare, unused, and some of the cancelled copies bring as high as \$40 to \$50 apiece.

On the promenade deck of the Teutonic, on his way to America, John Redmond, the Irish nationalist leader, was interrupted one night by the musical clang of the ship's bell and the impressive call of the watch through the darkness: "All's well."

"That bell," said Mr. Redmond, "reminds me of a story. It is a story of one of those hardy sailors, those men of sea and seven bottles, whose men are a feature of the past rather than of the present century."

"This man, rosy and cherry, sat at a table one night with his boon companions. The wine passed quickly from man to man. The pipes filled the air with smoke. The hours passed like minutes."

"All of a sudden it struck 1. The guests leaped up in a consternation. They said it was late and they must be going. They were amazed at the hour."

"But their hard-drinking host roared at them to resume their seats. 'Struck 1,' he said, 'What if it has? It can't strike less. Drink on, drink on!'"

When the typewriter came into general use, not so many years ago, the practice of typewriting transcripts of legal testimony quickly died away with the old-style pen copies. Now, however, the typewriter is threatened, so far as that particular branch of work is concerned.

One of the more progressive public stenographers has for some time been furnishing printed copies of all testimony reported by him, much to satisfaction of the attorneys by whom he is employed and of the referees before whom the cases are tried. The price charged is no greater than for the typewritten copies, and there is a saving in bulk that is worth a great deal.

Even the time of delivery is shortened; for by dictating from the stenographic notes into a phonograph, and having the matter set on a typewriter machine direct from the phonograph cylinder, it is easy to secure proofs in a very few minutes, and "daily copy" cases are no longer a bugbear to counsel.

The bank clerk put down his umbrella, shook the rain from his trousers and stepped through the station and onto the suburban train en route for home and supper.

"It's a funny thing," he said to his neighbor in the smoking car, "but the weather affects the banking business in one way just as much as it does the theater, or the ball games, say, or the stores. I've been in it long enough to have noticed a thing or two and I believe that if I went to sleep in the bank one night I could tell what kind of weather it was outside next morning without looking out of doors and without asking whether or not the people who came in carried umbrellas."

"How would I do it? The trick's easy. It's simply this: In wet weather the receiving teller has almost nothing to do, whereas the paying teller is just as busy as ever."

"You see, it's this way: when the weather's bad a man will put off depositing money—it's always easy to put off doing that and spending more money in the meantime. But you can bet the chap who has a check to be cashed is always on hand. He goes to the bank just as fast as he can to get the bank's making money by doing it."

"It's a fact the paying teller was busy all day today and the receiving teller had a regular cinch of it."—Philadelphia Press.

HARVEST SUPPER

SERVED AT THE ELIOT CHURCH.

The ladies of Eliot church served a harvest supper last evening in their commodious vestries. The function was held under the auspices of the Ladies' society, Mrs. John Graham, president. The attendance was much affected by the storm, only about 100 of the church members being courageous enough to brave the storm. Harvest suppers at Eliot church usually call out a much larger company. An orchestra furnished music. A social hour closed the evening's enjoyment. The young men of the church left directly after the serving of supper, to rehearse for their festival which will include "A Trip To The Moon," on October 11-12.

JUDGE PARKER WILL WIN.

In a speech made before Tammany Hall in New York recently, Representative Snider said in part: "Judge Parker will win. In my opinion we will easily carry the state of New York. Everywhere I go I find public sentiment in favor of the brilliant New York judge. He is popular with all classes of people, and I have no doubt he will be the next president. The democrats are galled and enthusiastic this year. They are alive to the task before them to wrest control of the country from the republicans, and are working with vim, confidence and determination for a sweeping democratic victory."

The empire state is safe for democracy, and we will carry all the other doubtful states. The people know Judge Parker as an honest, an upright, an able and fearless man, a great jurist—and democrat through and through. The more the people know about Judge Parker the more they like him. He is growing stronger with the voters every day."

SEASON'S FASHIONS

FOR THE SMART DRESSERS OF LOWELL.

For several seasons past the vogue in men's apparel has been gray, and while the one at hand promises to continue gray, there will be some welcome changes in these sombre neutrals, since we have a new range, which includes dark, mid-steel and blue grays. And though dark ground worsteds, touched up with brightening threads of silk and imitations thereof, are to lead, that we are on the threshold of more vivid things in the masculine world of vogue is evidenced by the profusion of showy browns and pretty melanges. These cheering admixtures of color, which illuminate and enliven, are to be found in worsteds, chevots, cassimeres, and, in fact, through the whole range of cloth. In the midst of all we find a feeling for blue instead of the customary black, with taste prob-

ably running to heavyweight finished and unfinished serges. The popular sack coat is semi-form fitting and a trifle longer than before, the single-breasted closing with three and four buttons, the double-breasted buttoning three. They have center and side vents of moderate depth. Collars are broad and of moderate length. The swaggar sack, favored by those who go in for all that is the latest, is about an inch longer than the shaped coat, loose fitting in the back and straight at the sides, with the back vent running to a depth of five inches. The double-breasted jackets are a bit broader, the notches or lapel steps being blunt cornered.

Fancy single-breasted waistcoats are with and without collars, of washable materials and fancy silk and mercerized mixtures. The style tendency is toward white and neat effects. Both colored and patterned waistcoats will continue to hold away with many fetching novelties in much diversity. There is a disposition among fastidious dressers to bedeck waistcoats for

half and formal day dress with jewel buttons. The plain polished gold is also liked. Among the costly sets are Hermitage set in gold, plain centers with chased edges, white onyx with diamond center, plain Roman and polished buttons with diamond centers, mother-of-pearl with gold thread center, a decided favorite and in very good taste; plain gold with turquoise center. Jewel waistcoat buttons in sets of six range in cost from \$12 to \$50, from the pearl to the diamond studded, and it is in their cost that makes such a proposition somewhat an exclusive indulgence. The double-breasted waistcoat for day dress has broad lapels, varying in length according to the style of the garment, and whether buttoning three or four. Single-breasted fasten with five and six buttons and are cut quite pointed at the bottom. The collarless style is favored.

Second in popularity to the Chesterfield will be the top coat, boxy in cut and moderately long. There is a decidedly friendly feeling toward the long, loose garments of waterproof materials, which today look less like the rain coat of yore than ever. In the fly-front, belted-back and skirted models there is a richness of style that is augmented by the becomingness of the fabrics from which they are made, resulting in a garment equally correct for many uses.

So closely do the winter overcoats vie with the above lighter garments in cut and design that were it not for the difference in the weight of the fabrics from which they are made they would be indistinguishable. For many of the heavier ones are also rain-proofed and may properly be classified as storm coats, though their greater weight is a more comfortable protection against severe weather.

Both classes of garments show a diversity of fabrics, selected to meet all kinds of tastes, including staple black, sedate mixtures, nobby color fancies and bonny plaids and checks.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET

Make Up Your Mind to Get That New Suit Today or Tomorrow

OUR Fall show is great, greatest we've ever made, and a big part of the suit business seems to be coming this way.

If you want moderate priced clothes, a good deal better than you've ever seen before, you'll hit it just right if you come here to get them.

Special Suits for \$10

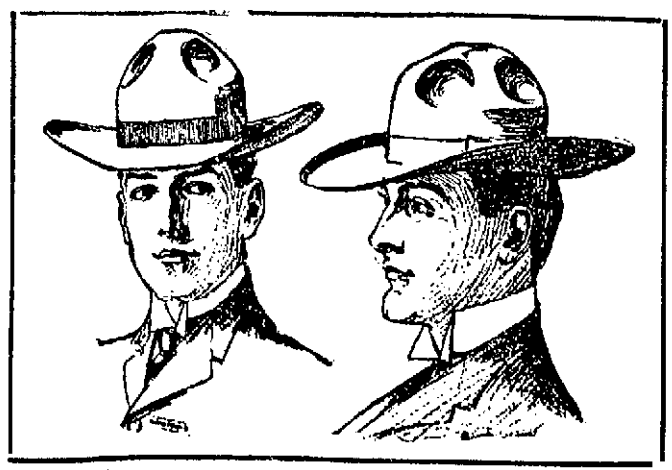
Men's and Young Men's Very Smart Fall Suits, double and single breast sacks, cut on the newest patterns; coats with broad shoulders, tight fitting collars and unbreakable fronts, of fancy worsteds, handsome black chevots, plain Havana brown and black Thibets. These suits tailored to keep their shape. Excellent in fit, are the most pronounced values we have ever offered for **\$10**

Rain Coats, Covert Coats and Fall Overcoats

to close for \$10. Here are some remarkable values embracing all of the small lots we have that sold for \$10, \$12 and even \$15. Top coats of covert cloths and home-spuns; regular length overcoats of oxford chevots. Rain coats of hard faced cassimeres and Venetians, all reduced and today marked **\$8**

A Startling Sale of Brand New Up-to-Date Fall Hats

We have just closed out from a first class manufacturer some entire lines of extremely stylish soft and stiff hats. The soft hats are of the two very latest shapes. The Alps and the Mashie, low of crown and broad of brim, these are the swellest hats that young men wear. The colors are the new Havana brown, golden brown Beige and black with solid silk trimmings. Handsome stylish hats, all \$1.50 and \$2 qualities, choose today from these lots for **95c**



10 Dozens New Stiff Hats, fine fur Derbies on the newest Fall block. Finished with silk braid and binding and fine leathers, this lot of regular \$1.25 stiff hats, today **75c**

SUPERIOR COURT

Long List of Cases on the Calendar

The fall term of the superior court will open at the Lowell court house on Monday morning. The calendar for both Lowell and Cambridge arrived in this city yesterday and the list of Lowell cases is very short as compared with those of Cambridge. The following is the list of Lowell cases:

Chisholm, executor vs. N. E. Tel. & Tel. Co. N. D. Pratt (Dem.) J. Lowell. Yarnold, administrator Jowers et al. D. J. Donahue, W. H. Bent. Runney vs. Worthley, J. H. Morrison. T. A. Fay; J. J. Kerwin. Russ vs. McQuade, J. H. Morrison; G. W. Pearson, P. A. Fay. Studley vs. Gilchrist et al., Brantley, D. N. C. Cowley. Newcombe et al. vs. Tucke, Burke & Corbett, W. A. Moran. Kelley vs. Boston Elevated Railway, G. M. Poland, Seers. McNeal vs. Same (2 cases), Richardson & Fay, Seers. Horn vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway Co., Hognans; Foster & Turner. Richardson, T. & W. Sullivan Adm'r vs. Butler et al. (2 cases), Hamel & Bent; Burke & Corbett, S. Moor, Mayberry & W. Bartlett & A. Bent. Adm'r vs. Butler et al., Savagereau vs. Same, Riggs et al. vs. Same, Riggs p. p. a. vs. Same, Christman vs. Same, Hamel & Bent; Burke & Corbett.

Hanley vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway Co., G. M. Poland; Foster & T. Saltonstall. Kelley p. p. a. vs. Knowlton, Burke & Corbett; McIntire & W. Marland et al. vs. Paul Butler et al. Bent, Hamel Martell; Burke & Corbett. Nelson vs. Hutton, Hognans; Burke & Corbett. Choulard vs. Brunelle, Jr., C. Cowley, D. J. Murphy, A. J. Blazon. Brunelle vs. Lowell Electric Light Co., Blazon, Murphy, Hognans; W. H. Bent. Merrimack River Savings Bank vs. Cawley, W. P. Hale; P. M. Forbush. McKiernan vs. Boston & Northern Street Ry. Hognans; Foster & T. Butler vs. DeCeren, G. M. Poland; C. A. Seiglan. Wilkinson vs. Butler et al. Slavery vs. Same, Richardson vs. Same, Gregoire vs. Same, A. C. Richardson vs. Same, J. P. Owens; Burke & C. Mayberry & W. Grezore vs. Butler et al., Wilkinson vs. Same, A. C. Richardson; Burke & C. Mayberry & W. Gould vs. Lowell & Pelham St. Ry. E. D. McVey; J. F. Owens; Poor & Fuller. Wood vs. Beall Cotton Mills, McVey, P. E. Dunbar. DeCere, P. A. vs. Hamilton Mfg. Co., Hognans; P. E. Dunbar. O'Neill, p. p. a. vs. Lowell Machine Shop, Hognans; Dunbar. Sughrue, p. p. a. vs. City of Lowell, Donahue, Howard; City Solicitor. Lynch vs. Lowell & Pelham St. Ry. F. H. Pearson; Poor & Fuller. Murphy vs. Butler et al. Donahue, Howard; Burke & Corbett, Mayberry, Washburn. Quinn vs. City of Lowell, McVey; City Solicitor. Brooks vs. Whitworth, P. A. Fay; J. W. McVey. Smith vs. Patenaude, Farrell vs. Same, J. W. Ramsay; Hamel, Pickman. Eastern Ad. Co. vs. Leo, Choate & Hall, Hognans. Salla vs. Am. Hite & Leather Co., Burke & Corbett; W. H. Vincent. Loskey, adm'r vs. Viale et al. Wright & Pierce; J. Lowell. Clark vs. Buck, Wright & Pierce; M. E. S. Clemens. Parker vs. Young, M. E. S. Clemens; H. Dunham. Daly, P. A. vs. Columbian Nat. Life Ins. Co., A. S. Howard, W. T. Sheppard; Hallowell & H. McIntire, J. vs. Maguire et al. A. S. Howard; Hognans. Nowacki vs. Boston & Northern St. Ry., P. A. Fay; Foster & Turner. Ratine vs. Beall Cotton Mills, E. D. McVey; P. E. Dunbar. Dunn vs. B. & N. St. Ry. D. J. Donahue, A. S. Howard; Foster & T. Daly vs. Paul Butler et al. Donahue, Howard; Burke & Corbett. Mansur vs. Rafter, Jr. et al. Donahue, Howard, G. T. Well. Glynn vs. Town of Hudson, C. P. Tucker; J. W. McDonald. McVey, adm'r vs. Richardson et al. J. W. McVey; F. W. Qua, L. H. Kileski. Flynn vs. Butler et al. F. P. Rivett; Burke & Co. O'Brien p. p. a. vs. Blake Mfg. Co.,

PRESENTED A PIANO

MASTER FARRELL'S GIFT FROM HIS AUNT.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick H. Farrell were agreeably surprised at their home, 87 Bartlett street, last night by a number of friends who called to enjoy a pleasant evening. During the evening Master Charles Farrell was presented a piano by his aunt, Miss Annie Cowley. The following program was carried out:

Piano solo, Miss Kittie Kelly; song, Mr. Frank Dockett; recitation, Joseph Farrell; song, Peter Healy; piano solo, Miss Aggie Doyle; songs, Howard Wood, Lieutenant McArdle, Co. M. Martin Gannon. Accompanist, Miss Kittie Kelly.

Refreshments were served by Mrs. P. Farrell, Miss Adeline Farrell, Mrs. Kelly, Miss Gertrude Kelly. Out of town people present were: Mrs. T. A. Farrell, Lewiston, Me.; Master Stephen P. Farrell, Lewiston, Me. and James Runney, Boston.

GIRLS MISSING

THEY BELONGED TO GANG OF THIEVES.

FALL RIVER, Sept. 30.—Further proof that Emma Corvett, the 16-year-old girl who was arrested Tuesday afternoon for shoplifting, told the truth about goods stolen in her house was produced in district court yesterday when Frank Corvett, a Portuguese, was charged with the larceny of \$10 worth of cloth from the American Printing Company. Rags works in the print works, and Emma said after she was arrested, that if the police would look in his house they would find enough stolen goods to stock a store.

Officers found a large quantity of dry goods, toilet articles and clothing, and the cloth from the print works. Storekeepers identified part of the property as having been stolen from their stores. Rags pleaded guilty.

The police say there are several girls in the gang, but they have disappeared from their usual haunts.

WHIST CONTEST

CLUB PASSE TEMPS HAD SMOKE TALK.

A well attended and enjoyable smoke talk of the Club Passe Temps was held Wednesday night at the club rooms. Refreshments and cigars were served and a whist contest took place among the members. Speeches were given by President Horace Lefebvre, Maxime Lepine of L'Estrie, F. L. Richards, Leon Marcotte, J. E. Rochette, David Houle and others. Comical songs were also furnished by Eusebe Bruneault, Zenon Bouchard, Joseph Gaillois, Napoleon Ouellette, David Houle, Narcisse Bazein, Grimes Chevalier, A. Paquet, J. E. Rochette, Joseph Lefebvre and others.

HON. G. F. HOAR DEAD

Continued.

winter to keep as quiet as possible, to refrain from making long speeches and not to attend public meetings. Towards the close of the last session of congress, he was frequently absent from the senate and remained at his hotel.

He came to his home soon after the adjournment, apparently recovered from the attack of lamboago. He was weak, however, and his physician, Dr. Warren R. Gilman, advised him to refrain during the summer from any mental or physical exertion in the hope that he might regain his strength. He disregarded his injunctions, however, and at least three occasions, he came to the city to attend the bi-centennial celebration in the town of Sutton and made a speech of more than half an hour's duration in the open air. He spoke clearly and logically, but he seemed feeble, and after speaking a minute or two, asked permission to cover his head with a bushy cool wig. He was blowing in his face. He left the speaker's stand as soon as his speech was finished and was driven directly to his home here. It was remarked at the time by those who heard him that it might be his last appearance in public.

Two weeks later, Senator Hoar spoke at a special session of court when eulogies were delivered on the life of Col. E. B. Stoddard, a life-long friend of the senator, and he also made an informal address at the English High school on the occasion of the presentation of the city of some copies of Stuart's portraits of Washington, by the Daughters of the Revolution. This was the senator's

LAST APPEARANCE

in public. During the latter part of July and up to August 17, he remained in his home and much of the time stayed in bed. He received visitors daily and dictated many letters to his secretary. Previous to the 17th, reports of his illness were treated lightly by his family and his immediate friends. On one occasion when a report was circulated that his condition was serious, he dictated a semi-humorous account of his illness, and requested that it be sent to the Associated Press. He attributed his weakness to "Washington malaria," and said that the effects of the attack of lamboago. He grew weaker gradually, however, and on the morning of Aug. 17, had a sinking turn, caused by the weak action of the heart.

His condition seriously alarmed his physicians and only son, General Rockwood Hoar, and his only daughter, Miss Mary Hoar. For a time, it was thought he would not live more than a few days, but early in September his condition was such that the physicians concluded he might live some time and for many days he remained in the same state, with his mind perfectly clear but his system weak.

He was able to take nourishment and frequently obtained restful slumber. On September 25 it was announced by his son that he was failing rapidly and he relapsed at times into unconsciousness. From that time until his death, he was unable to take nourishment, but his constitution enabled him to resist death for such a length of time that even his physician was surprised.

SENATOR HOAR'S CAREER.

George Frisbie Hoar was born in Concord, Mass., Aug. 23, 1826. After a preparatory course at Concord Academy, he entered Harvard University, and was graduated in 1847. Then engaging in the study of the law, he took the regular course at the Harvard Law School, and after graduation with the degree of LL. B., he began the practice of his profession at Worcester.

In 1852 he served as a member of the legislature and in 1857 as a member of the senate. In 1860 he was appointed city solicitor of Worcester and president of the trustees of the city library. He was elected in 1868 to the forty-first congress as the representative of the tenth district and re-elected to the following congresses, including re-election for the forty-fifth congress. His service in the house was especially distinguished by his efforts for the passage of the education bill prepared by him as chairman of the committee on education and labor. During his third term he succeeded in securing its passage by the house, though it failed in the senate.

In the next congress, the bill again passed the house, but again was defeated in the senate. It is highly significant of his personal force that during his first term in the senate he succeeded in effecting the passage of this bill for the first time by this branch, while it failed of passage in the house. His service in the house on the committee on elections was also especially notable. The reports prepared by him are cited as of the highest authority in England as well as in this country in determining the law in contested election cases.

He presided over the republican state conventions of 1871, 1877, 1882 and 1885, and was a delegate to the national republican conventions of 1876, 1880, 1884 and 1888, presiding over the convention of 1880.

He was an overseer of Harvard college from 1874 to 1881 and regent of the Smithsonian Institution in 1880. He has been president and is now vice-president of the American Antiquarian society, trustee of the Peabody Museum of Archaeology and a member of the Massachusetts Historical and American Historical societies. He has received the degree of doctor of laws from William and Mary, Amherst, Yale, and Harvard colleges.

He was elected to the United States senate to succeed George S. Boutwell, taking his seat March 5, 1877, and re-elected in 1882, 1888, 1894 and 1900.

The senator had lived for a great many years in a modest frame house on a rise of ground on Oak avenue, in Worcester. The grounds are ample and there are many trees, but there is nothing pretentious about the place.

In conversation a few years ago he remarked regarding his ambitions of younger days:

"Before I came to congress I had built up a law practice that brought me an income of \$20,000 a year, and I had every reason to believe that the practice would grow to \$50,000. I had saved from my income about \$100,000 and I believed I could keep my practice and still attend to my duties in Congress. After more than 30 years in the public service, I find myself at 75 with my law practice gone and the accumulations of my young days dissipated. It is impossible to remain in Congress and attend to one's duties and at the same time continue an outside business."

In his "Autobiography of Seventy Years," issued in 1903, the venerable senator comprehensively recollections of his long and distinguished career. The autobiography touches with a singularly gentle pen most of the men it mentions. There is but one exception, and that is when Mr. Hoar reaches Benjamin F. Butler. A chapter of 24 pages is devoted to General Butler.

The position of minister to England was offered to Mr. Hoar by President Hayes and by President McKinley. President Hayes also offered him the place of Attorney-General in his Cabinet. All these Mr. Hoar declined.

In the consideration of all questions at-

fecting the elections of senators and their rights to their seats, Mr. Hoar had taken a leading part, while matters relating to the judiciary had also, especially in recent years, received his special attention. The federal election law, which was the leading public question for a time in 1890, was ably championed by Mr. Hoar, whose committee had it in charge. The national bankruptcy bill was also under his immediate direction in the senate. In fact, in the framing of constructive legislation, Mr. Hoar may be said to have had as prominent a part in this service in the senate as any man in that body.

One of his most notable speeches was on "Temporary Government in the Philippines," in which he said:

"The conflict in the Philippines has cost you \$20,000,000. Thousands of American soldiers—the flower of your youth—the health and sanity of thousands more, and hundreds of thousands of Filipino slain."

"We have sold out the right, the old American right, to speak out the sympathy which is in our hearts for people who are desolate and oppressed everywhere on the face of the earth."

During his first term in Congress he made a reputation by an answer to Sumner Cox, the wit of the House. The latter, by a slur on Massachusetts, was trying to settle Mr. Dawes to an indictment or extravagant statement. Failing in this he made a bid for Mr. Hoar with the remark:

"Brother, why does not Massachusetts call her Hoar when her honor is assailed?"

Mr. Hoar, who followed him, said, in closing an imperturbable address:

"Massachusetts has no need to summon Hoar into the field to repel Thersites."

The comparison of Cox to that braggart and buffoon was a frosty metaphor for the New Yorker and his friends.

The senator's gentle dislike to strictly social duties was generally understood. When first he went to Washington he

remarked to a friend: "Well, I suppose I have got to go out some now. I never have been out evenings much. I guess I must get so-and-so (a well-known law authority on Parties)."

Mr. Hoar was an early advocate of woman suffrage. In private and in public he lost no opportunity of adding the cause. Like most advocates of woman suffrage, Mr. Hoar was singularly amiable and exemplary in private life. He married, in 1854, Miss Mary Louisa Spurr of Worcester, who died few years later, leaving a son Rockwood and a daughter Mary. In 1862 he married Miss Ruth Ann Miller, who died a short time ago. His beautiful Worcester home contains one of the finest private libraries in America, selected by Mr. Hoar with scholarly taste and judgment.

WANT BACK PAY

FOUR REINSTATED JANITORS ARE FEELING QUITE "COCKY."

The four janitors, Messrs. Palm, Dane, Fay and Cross who were discharged by Supt. Conlon and reinstated by Supt. O'Connor have sent in bills for pay during their idleness, on the ground that they were illegally discharged. They were laid from July 25 to Sept. 8 and ask pay for that time. Their pay ranges from \$2 to \$2.40, which will aggregate quite a sum. Mayor Howe has been asked to sign their pay roll, but Mr. Hoar will sign them from committing himself until he can get an opinion from the city solicitor.

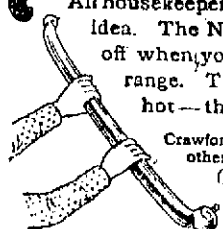
The Rails Lift Off!

The latest invention by the makers of

Crawford

Cooking-Ranges

All housekeepers are pleased with this new Crawford idea. The Nickel-Edge-Rails are simply lifted off when you wish to clean them or to polish the range. These Improved Edge-Rails never get hot—there is an air space back of them.



Crawford Ranges have more improvements than all other Ranges combined. The Single Damper (patented) is the greatest improvement ever made in cooking stoves.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., Agents

HORNE COAL CO.

BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO. FALL OPENING TODAY

Concert by American Orchestra Both Afternoon and Evening. Everybody Welcome

CONCERT PROGRAM

AFTERNOON

PART 1ST.

1. March, Pro Talensal..... Cowles
2. Overture, Comique..... Kola-Hela
3. (a) Spring Song..... Mendelssohn
3. (b) Cupid's Garden..... Eugene
4. Flute Solo, Scherzo..... Lax
4. Mr. J. I. Nilssonette.
5. Quartette for brass instruments..... Nach
5. Messrs. McDaniel, Bryant, Pense and Park.

PART 2D.

6. Selection, The Yankee Consul..... Rohyn
7. (a) Berceuse..... Reher
7. (b) Au Moulin..... Gillet
8. String Quintette.
8. Cornet solo, Serenade..... Schubert
8. Mr. R. McDaniel.
9. Selection from Red Feather..... DeKoven
10. Czardas, from Coppella..... Delibes

EVENING

PART 1ST.

1. March, Soldaten Blut..... Von Hlon
2. Overture, Phage Dame..... Suppe
3. Chineses de Rouss..... Strube
4. Trombone Solo.
4. Mr. O. Park.

PART 2D.

5. Selection, Babes in Toyland..... Herbert
6. Overture, Mignon..... Thomas
7. Faust Ballet..... Gounod
1. Valse, 2. Allegretto, 3. Adagio, 4. Maestosa.
8. Glockenspiel Solo, Wood Nymph..... Wiegand
8. Mr. B. L. Williams.
9. Fantasia, La Boheme..... Puerini
10. Finale Shepherd's Dance..... German

DOUBLE GREEN TRADING STAMPS SATURDAY



Those Who Know Soap, Know

Sunlight

Test Sunlight as you will, use it as you wish, compare it with other soaps, and you will then know the real merits of this wonderworker in the household. Acts like magic on dirty clothes and woodwork.

ASK FOR "LAUNDRY" SHAPE SUNLIGHT

KIDNEY DISEASES CAUSE ONE-THIRD OF THE TOTAL DEATHS.

When the Kidneys fail to perform their functions properly by not straining out the poisonous waste matter from the blood as it passes through them, the poisons are carried by the circulation to every part of the body, deranging the different organs. This causes heart trouble, stomach trouble, sluggish liver and a host of other ills, all due to deranged Kidneys.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

corrects irregularities and cures Kidney and Bladder diseases in every form, tones up the whole system, and the diseases that have resulted from disordered Kidneys disappear, because the cause has been removed. Commence taking FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE at the first sign of danger. Do not risk having Bright's Disease or Diabetes.

CURED OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

Mr. Robert G. Burke, Elmhurst, Saratoga Co., N. Y., writes: "I am glad to have an opportunity of telling what magnificent results I have had from using FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE after having tried other advertised medicines and several physicians. Before I began I had to get up from 12 to 20 times each night to relieve my bladder. I was all bloated up with dropsy and my eyesight was so impaired that I could scarcely see one of my fingers across the room. In fact, I was so badly one-up that I had given up hope of living when I was urged by a friend to try FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE. One recent bottle worked wonders, and before I had taken the third bottle the superfluous fluid had gone, as well as all other symptoms of Kidney trouble. My friends were surprised that I was cured, as they all thought I was going to die. In a few days some one comes from miles away to learn the name of the wonderful medicine that cured me of Bright's Disease, and not one that has tried it has failed to be benefited."

Two Sizes, 50 Cents and \$1.00.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cor. Central and Merrimack Sts.; FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex St.; A. F. STORY & CO., Davis Square.

LOSS IS \$10,000

Boston Firemen Had a Hard Battle

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—A building full of choking, blinding smoke caused by a lively fire on the fourth floor was the proposition confronting the firemen when they responded to an automatic alarm from the building at 156-158 Atlantic avenue, at the corner of Pearl street, about 11:45 last night. The members of engine 25 responded on the alarm, and when they took one look they saw they needed help and an alarm from box 51 was given.

Fire had started from some unknown cause on the northern end of the fourth floor, occupied as a store room by the Pettinelli-Andrews company, electrical supplies. At no time during the fire, which kept the department on the jump for over an hour, did a bit of flame show itself at the windows. There was plenty inside, but so much dense smoke was caused by it that nothing but smoke could be seen.

Even the firemen couldn't see any flames but when they started to work, and those who went into the southern end of the floor, finding the smoke so thick that they could hardly live in it, presumed the place all afire and proceeded to pour the water on. They later found that they were playing against a brick fire wall. A door had been left open through the wall. On this floor and those above the firemen had to work their way along by crouching close to the floor until ladders were raised and the windows opened.

The firemen at work at the northern end of the building had an hour of as hard work as they ever saw. The smoke poured from the building in

great clouds and was of that sort that cuts the breath off. They got at it by ladders from the outside and by the stairways, but were driven back several times before they could finally get near enough to get a stream on the source of trouble.

Several firemen had to give up work temporarily, leaving their partners to direct the streams until, having a few minutes to get a breath of fresh air, they resumed work. Michael O'Brien of engine 25 stuck to his post until the fire was nearly conquered and then had to be carried from the building. After he had been outside for a while he insisted on buckling up his belt and getting back into the building. The men of his company were the hardest hit, as they were in the worst of it from the start.

It took so much water to quench the stubborn blaze that the floors below were thoroughly drenched and much damage was done by water. The sixth floor, occupied by Thomas Hearin & Co., book bindery, and the S. J. Gough company, and the fifth, occupied by the Wheeler reflector company, sustained some smoke damage. The fire burned a little through the fifth floor, so the latter concern had some fire and water damage. Part of the fourth floor is occupied by the Boston Coupling company and they had smoke and water damage. The remainder of that floor is occupied by the Pettinelli-Andrews company, and this was practically destroyed.

The third floor is used as a bookbindery by the W. P. Nalle company and the Agnew Automatic Mailing Machinery company. Both of these concerns received heavy water damage. The first floor, also damaged by water, is occupied by the Pettinelli-Andrews company.

The entire loss is hard to estimate, but is probably from \$10,000 to \$15,000.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonestly and succeed for a little while.

LOWELL FIREMAN TOBACCO TRUST

Addressed Convention of State Association Loses in Contest With Independents

GLOUCESTER, Sept. 30.—Notwithstanding the prevalence of a drizzling southeaster the number of delegates in attendance at the second day's session of the state firemen's association was increased fully 100, there being 238 members in attendance.

The paper of the morning which evoked the most discussion was that of Ernest E. Ryder of Saugus on "Civil Service Rules Versus Experience as Applied to Fire Departments." Those who participated in the debate were Capt. Burton Steers of Springfield, J. F. McKissock of Lowell and A. Howard of Framingham. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that while the civil service requirements were good that more importance should be attached to experience in making appointments. They argued that a clause be inserted in the requirements to that effect.

W. Thompson of Somerville contended that experience should be given more weight in passing upon the qualification of candidates citing as a case in point an inquiry he received through the inexperience of a driver of the apparatus who had been appointed under civil service requirements. He was opposed to the civil service idea in this matter.

Treas. H. R. Williamson of Worcester presented his report showing that the receipts for the year were \$472 and expenses \$1908, leaving a balance of \$832.

The annual report of D. Arthur Burt was read and accepted. Rev. W. G. Puddfoot of South Framingham delivered an address on "The Value of Life," and Supt. Samuel Abbott of the Boston protective department an historical address on the "Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Massachusetts State Firemen's association."

At the evening session James F. McKissock of Lowell gave the first address of the evening on a "Synopsis of Bills Introduced in the Legislature the Past Year which Affect Firemen." In reference to the civil service the speaker said it stands for all that is best in the public service, although he did not approve of all its methods. Civil service is going to stay and politics is going out of all departments, and firemen are going to get justice in consequence.

William C. McDavitt, chief of the electrical department of the board of underwriters of Philadelphia, gave an instructive address on "Burning Buildings Converted into Gas Retorts," with practical demonstrations. With the aid of an assistant and a miniature edifice the process of the conversion of smoke from burning materials mixed with air into explosive gases blowing out the windows of the structure was vividly shown. He was accorded a rising vote of thanks.

LEADERS CHOSEN

For the Democratic State Convention

Ex-Mayor Nathan Matthews will be permanent chairman of the coming democratic convention.

Hon. Charles S. Hamlin will be chairman of the committee on resolutions. These selections were decided upon late last evening by a sub-committee appointed by the executive committee of the state committee, which met early in the day.

The executive committee meeting was held at the state committee headquarters in Boston, and the availability of various leaders to preside at the state convention was discussed. For chairman of the convention Ex-Mayor Nathan Matthews, Jr. was generally favored, and Hon. Charles S. Hamlin was regarded as just the man to head the platform committee.

After a discussion it was decided to leave the choice of these officers to a sub-committee, to report to the executive committee Monday next.

The sub-committee met last night and made the above-recorded selections. On the state convention, chairmanship Ex-Mayor Matthews is quoted in a newspaper interview as follows: "I received a letter asking me if I would act as permanent chairman of the committee and wired that I would do so if the party desired. If in the wisdom of the party leaders, I can best serve them in that capacity, I am at their service."

The leaders expected yesterday to be able to decide on the candidate for lieutenant governor, if not for the other places on the state ticket, but this also went over until next week.

CITY CLERKS

TALKED OVER LUCE LAW AT YESTERDAY'S MEETING.

The Massachusetts city clerks' association held its annual meeting yesterday in Young's hotel, Boston. The following members were present: John T. Pricet, assistant city clerk of Boston, and City Clerks Luther S. Herlick of Beverly, Edward J. Brandon of Cambridge, Charles H. Reid of Chelsea, Arthur E. Haydon of Fall River, Walter A. Davis of Fitchburg, Wm. W. Roberts of Haverhill, Cornelius J. Corcoran of Lawrence, Girard P. Dahman of Lowell, Joseph W. Atwell of Lynn, Peter B. Murphy of Marlboro, Alston P. Joyce of Medford, Isaac F. Kingsbury of Newton, Egbert L. Clapp (Pres.) of Northampton, Harrison A. Keith of Quincy, J. Clifford Entwistle of Salem, George I. Vincent of Somerville, Edwin A. Tellow of Taunton, Luman N. Hall of Waltham, John H. Finn of Woburn and Enoch A. Towns of Worcester.

The old board of officers was re-elected and the various reports were received and accepted. There was a discussion of some of the features of the so-called Luce law, under which the primaries of many cities in the commonwealth have been held. The meeting voted that certain changes in the law were desirable and directed the legislative committee of the association to take the requisite steps to have this effected.

One change contemplates an increase of time for the city clerks' departments between the filing of the nomination papers and the opening of the ballots. Another change looks to having the city committee of the different parties file with the city clerks the number to compose the delegations, so that the same can be printed on the ballot.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

C. M. A. C. FESTIVAL

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT LAST NIGHT'S AFFAIR.

The second and concluding night of the festival under the auspices of the C. M. A. C. at Huntington Hall last night drew out a large number of people, but not as many as would have come had the weather been pleasant. Prof. Van de Wiele and his gymnastic class gave a fine exhibition of acrobatic feats and vociferous applause greeted the different evolutions which the young men went through. The young men who performed were:

Andre Vidal, Wilfrid Barrette, Edgar Dubuque, Joseph Ellis, Arthur Sauvageau, Edgar Bibeault, John Morin, J. B. Rochette, Anicet Morin, John Pratta, Frank Collins, Armand Desmarais, Romeo Houdreau, Horace Emond, Albert Jean, Alfred Plourde, Henri Brasseur and Arthur Goulet, 18 in all. The professor also gave an exhibition of his own, before the boys commenced.

The National orchestra which was in attendance, furnished an accompaniment, besides giving a musical program during the evening. Towards midnight the articles not having been sold from the different tables were disposed of at auction. The grocery store of the Grande d'Honneur table was disposed of at a great profit.

The decision was announced by Secretary Shaw, but it was first approved by the president, who held many conferences on the subject with different officials and it represents his views. The decision practically is a complete victory for the independents and a vindication of Asst. Sec'y Armstrong. In his decision Secretary Shaw said:

"The testimony establishes the fact that the present stamp is used as a trademark by the cigar importers; that this trademark is valuable to them and confers an advantage upon them as against the manufacturers of cigars in the United States; and that cigars are in effect, the only commodity imported into the United States that receives the benefit of such a trademark."

"In view of the fact that this government stamp in its present form, undoubtedly gives a pecuniary advantage to those using it, it seems that the order already issued by the department is, in its essence, proper."

"The government's business is to collect the revenue and to provide, so far as possible, against fraud, but it is not the government's business to furnish a guaranty in the form of a trademark for the benefit of the goods."

"This should be left in the tobacco business exactly as it is in all other business."

"The result of the decision will protect the domestic manufacturer from a customs stamp available as an advertisement, and it protects the importer also by giving him a stamp of a distinctive color, which can be seen by the purchaser if he cares to make examination."

The secretary has given orders that new plates be prepared for printing the stamps, and for placing them upon the boxes of imported cigars.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Mr. & Mrs. F. N. Labelle

308 Merrimack Street

Eyeglass Specialists and Manufacturing Opticians

Two doors from corner Dutton St.

Quality Suits for Men

Every suit in this assortment is guaranteed all wool, absolutely perfect in fabric, tailoring and fit. No better can be had for the price. Made for us under a guarantee.

Best Fall Styles Ever Shown

Rich Cheviots and Scotch Mixtures

\$10.75 up

Fancy Cassimeres and Worsteds

\$15.75 up

Choice heavy Scotches and Worsteds

\$18.75

Smart Fall Overcoats and Fancy Rain Coats

\$16.75

CHEERFUL CREDIT FOR EVERY PATRON

Caesar Misch

220 Central Street

A. STRAUSS, Mgr.

C. M. A. C. FESTIVAL

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT LAST NIGHT'S AFFAIR.

The second and concluding night of the festival under the auspices of the C. M. A. C. at Huntington Hall last night drew out a large number of people, but not as many as would have come had the weather been pleasant. Prof. Van de Wiele and his gymnastic class gave a fine exhibition of acrobatic feats and vociferous applause greeted the different evolutions which the young men went through. The young men who performed were:

Andre Vidal, Wilfrid Barrette, Edgar Dubuque, Joseph Ellis, Arthur Sauvageau, Edgar Bibeault, John Morin, J. B. Rochette, Anicet Morin, John Pratta, Frank Collins, Armand Desmarais, Romeo Houdreau, Horace Emond, Albert Jean, Alfred Plourde, Henri Brasseur and Arthur Goulet, 18 in all. The professor also gave an exhibition of his own, before the boys commenced.

The National orchestra which was in attendance, furnished an accompaniment, besides giving a musical program during the evening. Towards midnight the articles not having been sold from the different tables were disposed of at auction. The grocery store of the Grande d'Honneur table was disposed of at a great profit.

The decision was announced by Secretary Shaw, but it was first approved by the president, who held many conferences on the subject with different officials and it represents his views. The decision practically is a complete victory for the independents and a vindication of Asst. Sec'y Armstrong. In his decision Secretary Shaw said:

"The testimony establishes the fact that the present stamp is used as a trademark by the cigar importers; that this trademark is valuable to them and confers an advantage upon them as against the manufacturers of cigars in the United States; and that cigars are in effect, the only commodity imported into the United States that receives the benefit of such a trademark."

"In view of the fact that this government stamp in its present form, undoubtedly gives a pecuniary advantage to those using it, it seems that the order already issued by the department is, in its essence, proper."

"The government's business is to collect the revenue and to provide, so far as possible, against fraud, but it is not the government's business to furnish a guaranty in the form of a trademark for the benefit of the goods."

"This should be left in the tobacco business exactly as it is in all other business."

"The result of the decision will protect the domestic manufacturer from a customs stamp available as an advertisement, and it protects the importer also by giving him a stamp of a distinctive color, which can be seen by the purchaser if he cares to make examination."

The secretary has given orders that new plates be prepared for printing the stamps, and for placing them upon the boxes of imported cigars.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Mr. & Mrs. F. N. Labelle

308 Merrimack Street

Eyeglass Specialists and Manufacturing Opticians

Two doors from corner Dutton St.

Quality Suits for Men

Every suit in this assortment is guaranteed all wool, absolutely perfect in fabric, tailoring and fit. No better can be had for the price. Made for us under a guarantee.

Best Fall Styles Ever Shown

Rich Cheviots and Scotch Mixtures

\$10.75 up

Fancy Cassimeres and Worsteds

\$15.75 up

Choice heavy Scotches and Worsteds

\$18.75

Smart Fall Overcoats and Fancy Rain Coats

\$16.75

CHEERFUL CREDIT FOR EVERY PATRON

Caesar Misch

220 Central Street

A. STRAUSS, Mgr.

C. M. A. C. FESTIVAL

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT LAST NIGHT'S AFFAIR.

The second and concluding night of the festival under the auspices of the C. M. A. C. at Huntington Hall last night drew out a large number of people, but not as many as would have come had the weather been pleasant. Prof. Van de Wiele and his gymnastic class gave a fine exhibition of acrobatic feats and vociferous applause greeted the different evolutions which the young men went through. The young men who performed were:

Andre Vidal, Wilfrid Barrette, Edgar Dubuque, Joseph Ellis, Arthur Sauvageau, Edgar Bibeault, John Morin, J. B. Rochette, Anicet Morin, John Pratta, Frank Collins, Armand Desmarais, Romeo Houdreau, Horace Emond, Albert Jean, Alfred Plourde, Henri Brasseur and Arthur Goulet, 18 in all. The professor also gave an exhibition of his own, before the boys commenced.

The National orchestra which was in attendance, furnished an accompaniment, besides giving a musical program during the evening. Towards midnight the articles not having been sold from the different tables were disposed of at auction. The grocery store of the Grande d'Honneur table was disposed of at a great profit.

The decision was announced by Secretary Shaw, but it was first approved by the president, who held many conferences on the subject with different officials and it represents his views. The decision practically is a complete victory for the independents and a vindication of Asst. Sec'y Armstrong. In his decision Secretary Shaw said:

"The testimony establishes the fact that the present stamp is used as a trademark by the cigar importers; that this trademark is valuable to them and confers an advantage upon them as against the manufacturers of cigars in the United States; and that cigars are in effect, the only commodity imported into the United States that receives the benefit of such a trademark."

"In view of the fact that this government stamp in its present form, undoubtedly gives a pecuniary advantage to those using it, it seems that the order already issued by the department is, in its essence, proper."

"The government's business is to collect the revenue and to provide, so far as possible, against fraud, but it is not the government's business to furnish a guaranty in the form of a trademark for the benefit of the goods."

"This should be left in the tobacco business exactly as it is in all other business."

"The result of the decision will protect the domestic manufacturer from a customs stamp available as an advertisement, and it protects the importer also by giving him a stamp of a distinctive color, which can be seen by the purchaser if he cares to make examination."

The secretary has given orders that new plates be prepared for printing the stamps, and for placing them upon the boxes of imported cigars.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Mr. & Mrs. F. N. Labelle

308 Merrimack Street

Eyeglass Specialists and Manufacturing Opticians

Two doors from corner Dutton St.

Quality Suits for Men

Every suit in this assortment is guaranteed all wool, absolutely perfect in fabric, tailoring and fit. No better can be had for the price. Made for us under a guarantee.

Best Fall Styles Ever Shown

Rich Cheviots and Scotch Mixtures

\$10.75 up

Fancy Cassimeres and Worsteds

\$15.75 up

Choice heavy Scotches and Worsteds

\$18.75

Smart Fall Overcoats and Fancy Rain Coats

\$16.75

CHEERFUL CREDIT FOR EVERY PATRON

Caesar Misch

220 Central Street

A. STRAUSS, Mgr.

C. M. A. C. FESTIVAL

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT LAST NIGHT'S AFFAIR.

The second and concluding night of the festival under the auspices of the C. M. A. C. at Huntington Hall last night drew out a large number of people, but not as many as would have come had the weather been pleasant. Prof. Van de Wiele and his gymnastic class gave a fine exhibition of acrobatic feats and vociferous applause greeted the different evolutions which the young men went through. The young men who performed were:

Andre Vidal, Wilfrid Barrette, Edgar Dubuque, Joseph Ellis, Arthur Sauvageau, Edgar Bibeault, John Morin, J. B. Rochette, Anicet Morin, John Pratta, Frank Collins, Armand Desmarais, Romeo Houdreau, Horace Emond, Albert Jean, Alfred Plourde, Henri Brasseur and Arthur Goulet, 18 in all. The professor also gave an exhibition of his own, before the boys commenced.

The National orchestra which was in attendance, furnished an accompaniment, besides giving a musical program during the evening. Towards midnight the articles not having been sold from the different tables were disposed of at auction. The grocery store of the Grande d'Honneur table was disposed of at a great profit.

The decision was announced by Secretary Shaw, but it was first approved by the president, who held many conferences on the subject with different officials and it represents his views. The decision practically is a complete victory for the independents and a vindication of Asst. Sec'y Armstrong. In his decision Secretary Shaw said:

"The testimony establishes the fact that the present stamp is used as a trademark by the cigar importers; that this trademark is valuable to them and confers an advantage upon them as against the manufacturers of cigars in the United States; and that cigars are in effect, the only commodity imported into the United States that receives the benefit of such a trademark."

"In view of the fact that this government stamp in its present form, undoubtedly gives a pecuniary advantage to those using it, it seems that the order already issued by the department is, in its essence, proper."

"The government's business is to collect the revenue and to provide, so far as possible, against fraud, but it is not the government's business to furnish a guaranty in the form of a trademark for the benefit of the goods."

"This should be left in the tobacco business exactly as it is in all other business."

"The result of the decision will protect the domestic manufacturer from a customs stamp available as an advertisement, and it protects the importer also by giving him a stamp of a distinctive color, which can be seen by the purchaser if he cares to make examination."

The secretary has given orders that new plates be prepared for printing the stamps, and for placing them upon the boxes of imported cigars.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Mr. & Mrs. F. N. Labelle

308 Merrimack Street

Eyeglass Specialists and Manufacturing Opticians

Two doors from corner Dutton St.

Quality Suits for Men

Every suit in this assortment is guaranteed all wool, absolutely perfect in fabric, tailoring and fit. No better can be had for the price. Made for us under a guarantee.

Best Fall Styles Ever Shown

Rich Cheviots and Scotch Mixtures

\$10.75 up

Fancy Cassimeres and Worsteds

\$15.75 up

Choice heavy Scotches and Worsteds

\$18.75

Smart Fall Overcoats and Fancy Rain Coats

\$16.75

CHEERFUL CREDIT FOR EVERY PATRON

Caesar Misch

220 Central Street

A. STRAUSS, Mgr.

The Merrimack

Women's Dept.

The second week of the Eleventh Anniversary Opening is even more interesting than the first. Many models that reached us too late for last week's display are here now. This is a good week to size up the stock.

We call special attention to these items which are of unusual value:—

Tourist Coats \$12.50

A new arrival of Covert Cloth Tourist Coats of fine quality, satin lined, velvet collar; an exceptional value at \$12.50.

Another made from a fine Mixture, belted backs with yoke lined. This coat will compare with any shown about town at \$15.00. Our price is only \$12.50.

Walking Suits \$20.00

Walking Suits, made from a grey maulish Mixture. Coat in 36 inches long, half fitted back with belt; fly front and lined with nice quality of satin. Skirt is a new knit effect. This suit, owing to its fine tailoring and quality, is really worth \$25.00. We offer it at \$20.00.

Walking Suit of Black Cheviot, collarless and with trimming of velvet and braid; fitted back, double-breasted front, new leg-of-mutton sleeves, killed skirt. A very handsome suit at the price, \$20.00.

Walking Skirts \$5.00

We make a specialty of getting the best possible skirt to sell at this price. Many stores ask a dollar more for the same quality. Here is a particularly good one:

Walking Skirt of heavy Cheviot, box plaiting; colors Black, Blue and Brown; slitted with silk, \$5.00.

Another made of medium weight Melton, Black and Blue only; has five kites on each side of a panel front with strap trimming. This one also at \$5.00.

One of a fine Men's Wear Mixture, nine gore, killed style. A very handsome skirt for \$5.00.

Shirt Waists \$2.00

Mohair Shirt Waists in Black, Blue and Brown shades; have side plaits, French back and full sleeves, either lined or unlined. Special at \$2.00.

Striped Flannel Shirt Waists, plaited front, plain back and a neat stock. A fine value at \$2.00.

Sweaters \$2.00

Women's Sweaters in Blue, White, Red and Oxford; blouse front with high neck, \$2.00.

THE MERRIMACK CLOTHING COMPANY

Tailored Clothes For Men and Women

Across From City Hall

LOWELL, FRIDAY, SEPT. 30, 1904

A. G. Pollard & Co.

Tomorrow, October 1, We Shall Give Double Dark

25 YEARS OLD

Court Merrimack F. of A.

Celebrated Anniversary

All of the encouraging symptoms of Forestry were displayed at Foresters' hall last evening when Court Merrimack, No. 11, F. of A., observed its twenty-fifth anniversary. Important facts went hand in hand to render the occasion one of unusual interest, not only to those interested in Forestry but to every one interested in the slightest degree. In fraternal organization, it was a splendid manifestation of the power of unity and it is little wonder that the toastmaster and the other speakers did themselves proud, because there was an inspiration in every glance they took, whether it was down or across the hall.

Covers were laid for 500 and the tables were well filled. The virtue, the honor, the charity and the stick-to-it-iveness of Forestry were extolled by speakers who were capable of doing justice to the toasts assigned them. It was a banner night for Court Merrimack.

The success of Court Merrimack's twenty-fifth anniversary will go down on the pages of Forestry history.

Lines were spoken from the harvest of the great Aristotle's thoughts; gems were snatched from Scott's thinking crown, and things because they be- encouraging things because they be-



WILLIAM H. STAFFORD, P. G. C. R.

lived them. The man who rocked Court Merrimack in the cradle and later saw other courts branch out and do for themselves, like so many children, did not have to tell of her struggles or triumphs, because every Forester in Lowell, worthy the name, is acquainted with her history.

THE MANNER COURT.

Court Merrimack is the oldest and the banner court of Lowell and seated in the banquet hall last evening were professional, business and working men that she calls her sons. Her quarter century anniversary was one of the most inspiring and impressive events, fraternally, that Lowell has ever witnessed. The toastmaster John H. Harrington, in the course of remarks that were apt as well as brilliant quoted the Greek sage, Aristotle. He might have gone beyond the time of Aristotle and without leaving Greece, have spoken of Thales the pioneer scientific thinker, who made the first attempt to establish a physical beginning without the assistance of myths.

Thales' thoughts and that of Forestry compare very favorably. Before Thales' time man had contented themselves with accepting the world as they found it. Men now prominent in the various walks of life were, if you will believe their own words, indifferent as to the future until they joined the ranks of Forestry, and then great changes came to them, changes that helped them and others, through them.

SPEECHES AND MUSIC.

It was just the hour of nine when the speaking was begun, last evening. The speeches were interspersed by vocal and instrumental music that was in keeping with all else that had to do with the anniversary.

There was satisfaction beaming in the faces of those who surrounded the banquet table when Chief Ranger John Barrett rapped to order. He said:

The duty of extending to you a cordial welcome to our twenty-fifth anniversary is one which I discharge with heartfelt pleasure. After twenty-five years of grand and noble work Court Merrimack has again called her sons together, to hold friendly communion, to review their quarter of a century's work, to exchange congratulations upon what has been accomplished, to gather fresh courage for future labor and to acknowledge and devoutly thank kind Providence, who has smiled upon our efforts and crowned all with His blessing.

On my part I deem it an honor to welcome you, to address you, as it is an honor to follow the eloquent, good and noble predecessors, who since the formation of Court Merrimack have in some time been called upon to perform like services.

We have met tonight, brothers, many new faces. We have heard many strange voices that we have never heard in annual meeting before. We have tonight clasped in fraternal greeting many heretofore untouched hands. All of those we welcome. But many a familiar face is missing from here tonight. To those, both the living and dead, we send a God bless you, that can come only from hearts and to hearts, knit as one in life, that neither absence nor death can sever.

The history of Court Merrimack is typical of the history of the order throughout the world. The beginning, though small, has already surpassed the most sanguine expectations of its founders, and the benevolent work rendered emphasizes the fact that the results of co-operation have but commenced.

In the year 1879, when this Court was formed in the Navy Yard, District, there were in Massachusetts but 800 or 900 Foresters and 4,500 in the United States. The infant Court Merrimack at that time was comprised of the following members: Daniel O'Connell, John Devine (its first chief ranger), Daniel Whitaker, James Temple, Edward Davis, William Vaughn, Martin Crover, John Farrell, George S. Cottle, John Tobin, William Farrell and Edward Cull. A few months later the Court was moved to this city and Patrick Conoran joined in with these few men and became the first chief ranger of the Court in the city of Lowell. With the success, not and the prestige established by those brothers and by their knowledge and morality actuated by virtues and honor on a foundation of love and truth make it possible for us to commemorate a quarter of a century of noble and benevolent work. Our guiding principles: Liberty, unity, benevolence and concord have given our order a position which commands reverence and respect among all classes as an institution worthy of commendation.

Brothers, permit me to ask you to never drift away from the ties that bind you in our grand and noble order.

When blessed with health and strength, be ever ready to perform the office of good Samaritan, whenever and wherever we find a suffering or distressed brother living helpless in the dusty highway of life.

In conclusion permit me to say the past is valuable only as it affords lessons to draw needed inspiration to guide us in future conduct as Foresters, to be helped when in need and to help those in need, a duty we owe to God, our neighbors and ourselves. Until we realize this, we are not what should be called Foresters. I request your aid in the happy observance of this memorable occasion and may I please God to help us to carry on for another twenty-five years our noble work as in the past.

"This above all to thine own self be true, And it must follow as the night the day, That thou canst be false to any man."

At the conclusion of his address Mr. Barrett introduced John H. Harrington as toastmaster of the evening. Mr. Harrington said it was not so much his duty to talk as it was to make talk.

He expressed his heartfelt gratitude for the honor that had been bestowed upon him and extended his congratulations to the members of the order.

He said: "I do not hesitate to say that this occasion comes to you because you earned it and deserve it. There is an element in every community called the drosses, and the drosses ascribe every success to luck. There is no such factor as luck in the life of the successful individual or organization."



JOHN MCPADDEN, Secretary of Committee.

Quoting the Greek sage, Aristotle, Mr. Harrington said: "Luck is but another name for accident and accident never built a bridge. Accident did not give you this 25th anniversary. I am proud of this occasion, and I know that you are also proud of it. If we are true to ourselves each anniversary will follow as the night the day. No true Forester will ever be false to any man."

The next number on the program was a vocal solo by Daniel S. O'Brien, who rendered the famous "Stein Song" in his most excellent manner.

In the absence of Supreme Sub Chief Ranger, William A. Hogan, Mr. Patrick Brown, grand sub chief ranger, of Boston, responded to the toast, "Supreme Court."

Mr. Brown said: "The origin of Forestry dates back several centuries. The first court was formed in England, and America's first court was organized in Philadelphia. At the time of the conception of the Foresters of America, there were but 50,000 members. But American snap and energy have raised the number to 25,000, organized into 1732 courts. This increase has not been due to any accident, or stroke of luck, it is the natural result of conscientious labor, rightly applied."

Edward O'Brien, grand chief ranger of Massachusetts, of Lynn, responded to the toast "Forestry in Massachusetts."



JAMES F. MISKELLA.

He spoke of the numerical and financial strength of Court Merrimack, of the sterling character of history which it could claim as all its own, and said it was one of his fondest hopes to think of a Massachusetts man being again placed at the head of the order, as a successor to the place once occupied by the late Laurence Smith of Lowell.

James F. Miskella sang "Lovers," and for an encore sang, "The Old Maid Shawl."

MAYOR HOWE.

Mayor Charles E. Howe, gracefully responded to the toast, "The City of Lowell." Mayor Howe said in part:

"Mr. Chairman, I could talk about the city of Lowell much easier to strangers than I can talk to you. I can talk to strangers about our industries, our skilled workmen, our public schools, all with confidence, but to you I know not how to show in its real light the grand city of Lowell, to tell you of its glories, you, who are so familiar with its strong points."

"I can say to you that Lowell is the most moral city in the world, of its size. I can speak of the talents of its legislators, who have gone from Lowell, and of the integrity and ability of our business men."

"You, as Lowellians, partake in no small degree of the strength of our

citizens, and that is why you have strengthened your order as the years have rolled by, until this 25 year mark is reached. You have had much success, members of Court Merrimack, and may your future hold in store an added harvest of men of Lowell's high standard."

ALDERMAN MISKELLA.

James F. Miskella, chairman of the board of aldermen, responded to the toast, "Fraternal Societies." He said:

Fraternal and benevolent societies, my brothers, exist in large numbers here in our city and they are doing a work for the betterment and good of their members that is magnificent in its proportions, and it is well that the city contains so many fraternal and benevolent societies. They breathe a spirit of fraternalism and benevolence that betters man and makes of him a better citizen. Among the large number of fraternal and benevolent societies is our own magnificent and superb fraternity, the Foresters of America. Its membership reaches from the eastern coast to the farthest point west in these United States. Almost every community in almost every state in this broad land has its court or courts of Foresters, all working as a unit; and for what purpose? That the cardinal principles and foundation pillars of our order, liberty, unity, benevolence and concord, may be lived up to in their entirety. The influence for good exerted by our order may never

be known in its entirety in this community, but to the brothers of our order this work is well known. The sufferings the order has been the means of alleviating, the true Christian benevolence it has exerted will always be pointed to with pride and fraternal satisfaction by the brothers of our order. What an extreme satisfaction it is to you and to me to know that enrolled in our order are almost 250,000 men, all breathing the spirit of liberty, unity, benevolence and concord, making them from their conception, with our beloved order more able to cope with the trials of this life; and making of them a splendid type of citizen, an honor to the Foresters of America and a credit to any community. How far reaching, my brothers, must be the example set by Court Merrimack, the old steadfast and true pioneer of Forestry in this city. There she stands in all her glory; there she stands in the magnificence of her work of 25 years, like a giant oak tree in the forest; after a severe and terrible storm, her weaker companions are uprooted, but the mighty oak, as it were, reaches her head high in the air and withstands the storm. Just so with good old Court Merrimack. She raises her head high in all her magnificence of 25 years, her past, my dear brothers, we are all proud of, and her future trust will be even greater than her past.

Next on the program appearing in the quarter century book, one of the

prettiest souvenirs ever issued in Lowell, was a vocal solo, "The Street Singer," by William P. Thornton, and he was enthusiastically received.

THOMAS H. LAWLER.

Mr. Thomas H. Lawler responded to the toast "Our New Members," and he attended well to the toast assigned him.

He said that a great deal was expected of new members and that in Forestry as in everything else persons awaited the arrival of the coming man. He said it was a great source of satisfaction to new members to look back twenty-five years, and consider that a handful of men had together and by their efforts gave to Court Merrimack her splendid proportions of today, and he also spoke of the pleasure it was to consider Lowell the banner city of Forestry in America. He said that the new members should strive to keep up the good work so gloriously begun.

WILLIAM H. STAFFORD.

William H. Stafford, P. G. C. R., responded to the toast, "Court Merrimack, Past and Present." The toastmaster called Mr. Stafford the "Teddy Roosevelt of Forestry, the most strenuous Forester that ever happened." Mr. Stafford spoke for the older members of the court and reviewed the history of Forestry in Lowell.

He said that 12 courts had sprung from Court Merrimack and that the total membership now is near the 7000

mark. He spoke of the benefits that have been paid and of the general good that the order has done in Lowell. He was proud of the men that the court sent forth into public life. (William McAloon was pianist.)

CHIEF CROWE

ELECTED HEAD OF STATE FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

GLOUCESTER, Sept. 30.—Chas. W. Crowe, chief of the Gloucester fire department was elected president of the Massachusetts state firemen's association at the concluding session of the three day's convention here today. Among the officers chosen were the following named:

Secretary D. Arthur Burke Taunton; treasurer, W. R. Williamson, Worcester; first vice president Geo. R. Tisbury, Ashland; second vice president, Ernest C. Ryder, Saugus; directors, Geo. Coleman, Capt. Burton Steere and Chief T. F. Murane of Fitchburg; commissioner of state relief funds, Fred A. Cheney, Haverhill; delegate to the national convention of fire chiefs, Chief Crowe; sergeant at arms, F. O. Whitmarsh.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.



Fall Suits and Overcoats

The largest and best variety we ever offered. Not a style, color or fashion that is new or desirable this season that we do not show in a great range of prices.

MEN'S SUITS
In fancy worsteds and worsted chevots, quiet effects for older men. The coats are cut longer and looser, the trousers not so extreme in style, the whole suit in fabric, coloring and cut toned down from the snappy appearance of the young men's line. We show a fine variety of these men's suits in grays, brown and fancy mixtures at all prices. \$8 to \$25

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS
In fancy mixtures, cut in the "Student," "Varsity," and Double-Breasted Sack, the three popular shapes for young men. This season the fabrics are Cheviots, Scotch Mixtures and Worsteds Cheviots, in overplaids, checks, broken plaids and fine mixtures. The colorings are largely brown effects, with a sprinkling of gray. It's a great showing of the newest and most fashionable young men's clothes at a great range of prices \$10 to \$25

BLACK SUITS
The popular semi-dress suit for all men. These we show in fine twill Vicuna, rough faced worsted Cheviot, smooth faced Thibets and clay worsteds. In the double-breasted sack and the single-breasted Varsity or Student. We guarantee all our black suits at any price from the cheapest to the best to be all wool and fast color. Black Suits, \$10 to \$25

BLUE SERGE SUITS
In heavy weight Worsteds Serge, in both double and single-breasted sack; warranted strictly all wool and fast color, at all prices \$7.75 to \$15

SPECIAL
We call special attention to our Blue Serge Suit, strictly all wool and fast color, in both single and double-breasted sack, at \$7.75

TOP COATS AND RAIN COATS
We show the Covert Top Coat in the short box style, the oxfords and black, in medium length at all prices, \$8 to \$20

Rain Coats in Oxford gray, plain black, fancy worsted and worsted cheviot, all thoroughly water-proof and made to hold their shape. Look, loose, comfortable garments, some with belts and some plain back. We sell a guaranteed water-proof coat at \$9.75

Better ones at \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$22

Boys' and Children's Clothing
THE EATON COLLAR RUSSIAN SUIT, 3 to 8 yrs., with bloomer trousers, in fancies and plain colors, \$3, \$4, \$5

THE EATON COLLAR SAILOR, 4 to 12 years, with bloomer trousers, in fancies and plain colors, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, \$4, \$5

THE NEW NORFOLK, 8 to 14 years, with knicker-bocker trousers, in fancy Scotch Cheviots—a nobby line of colorings at... \$5, \$6, \$7

THE THREE-PIECE VEST SUIT, in both single and double-breasted, in fancy chevots and plain blue and black at \$3.50, \$4, \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8

THE DOUBLE BREASTED TWO-PIECE SUIT—The popular school suit in chevots and plain colors, some double seat and knees, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, \$4, \$5



Our Winter Overcoats for men, boys and children are all in. We show a magnificent assortment of newest, popular styles.

The Talbot Clothing Co.,

THE DAYLIGHT
American House Block
Central St., Cor. Warren

Child's Crib

High sides and ends, having uprights close together, prevents the child from falling out or climbing over. All iron and iron brass trimmed, with sliding drop sides, \$7.50, \$9.00, \$10 and \$12, including the spring.

ADAMS & CO.
Furniture—Rugs—Carpets
Appleton Bank Block, 174 CENTRAL ST.

Opening

CONTINUES
Friday and Saturday
EXCLUSIVE STYLES ON VIEW.

OPEN TONIGHT
LADIES, DO NOT MISS THIS FASHION SHOW.

NEW YORK CLOAK & SUIT CO.
12 JOHN STREET.

THE CLEANING UP SEASON FOR THE BIG BATTLESHIPS

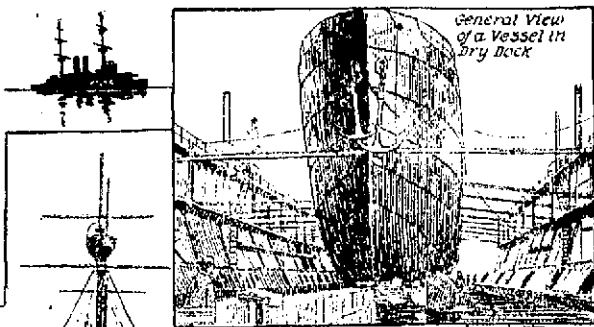
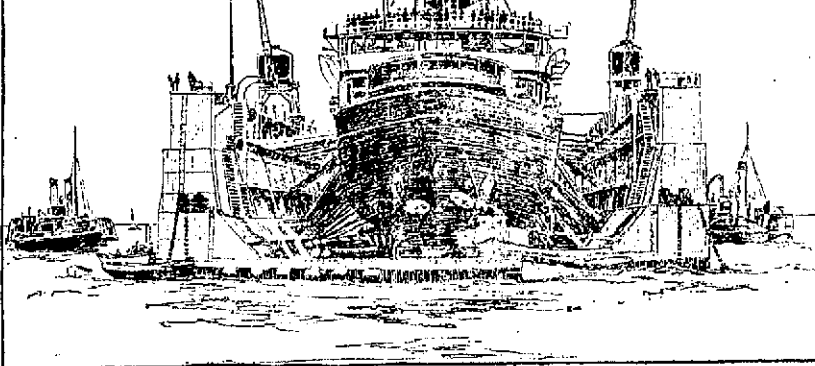
GERTRUDE VON PETZOLD.
WOMAN PREACHER.

At this time of year the visitor to the great dry docks, the hospitals where big ocean liners and battleships are rejuvenated, will be amply repaid, for the physicians are hard at work on mammoth patients suffering from one or other of the ills to which marine flesh is heir. There are many causes which will send an ocean leviathan into dry dock. She may have sprung a leak, may have been strained in a gale or may have suffered from a collision. The most prevalent ill, however, is a foul, barnacle laden hull. In order that a vessel may be preserved in a state of maximum efficiency it is absolutely necessary that her hull should be kept clean, and this can only be done properly by docking her. As may be imagined, the docks in which the vessels of today seek relief are huge affairs, in comparison with which the docks of a few years ago appear as dwarfs.

It will also be readily understood that the process of docking a modern steamship, whether naval or commercial, is in itself a somewhat delicate operation and decidedly expensive. The dockers' bill for a battleship runs, up to \$20,000 a year for small repairs only, and if she has to be dry docked as the result of a collision five times that sum may be involved, to say nothing of the loss in sleep suffered by those who have charge of the getting the vessel into the dock successfully, for though it might appear to the lay mind that the 10,000 or 12,000 tons of steel in the shape of a war vessel resting in a dry dock were placed there by purely mechanical operations, such is by no means the case.

Puzzling mathematical calculations have to be made. The shape of the hull and keel as well as the draft and displacement of the vessel have to be taken into consideration by the dock authorities, who map out the position of the blocks upon which the ship is to rest, so that the strain will be distributed evenly and there will be no disastrous buckling of the plates. It is this which makes the handling of a man of war so much more arduous than is the case with a merchant vessel, though great pains have to be taken with the latter also. When the officials are convinced that they have figured things out just right stationary blocks are set to conform as closely as possible to the shape of the keel, while on top of these other blocks are placed in order to make sure that the warship will not only balance properly, but without strain. Stakes are then driven into the sides of the docks as markers to show just where the stern and bow of the vessel should be. The dock is then filled with water, the big vessel coveyed up and warped into position as indicated by the markers, the coffer-

Dock Pumped Out, Raising Battleship Clear of Water



General View of a Vessel in Dry Dock

again. The necessary cleaning and repairs now proceed expeditiously or at leisure, as the case may be.

If the dry dock is of the "floating" type so largely used nowadays the method of operation is somewhat different. A floating dry dock may roughly be described as a structure, usually rectangular in form, that is capable of lifting a vessel out of the water and supporting it until the repairs are made. A "float" possesses several significant advantages over a stationary dock, being especially useful if a vessel is so badly disabled that she has a pronounced list or settles at stern or head. In such a plight it would be extremely difficult and sometimes impossible to bring her into a conventional dry dock, whereas the floating dock can be towed to the stricken ship, sunk beneath her by the simple expedient of filling the dock's compartments with water, and the vessel can then be lifted by hydraulically pumping the water out of the compartments, which results in both dock and

battleship rising to the surface. The largest floating dry docks in the world are owned by the United States and Great Britain, the most notable being the Bermuda dock, which is 646 feet long, with a clear width of 100 feet between the inside walls, and the Algiers (La.) dock, 526 feet long and 100 feet broad. The Algiers dock, however, has a greater lifting capacity than the Bermuda structure. Another noteworthy floating dock is that built in England for the Spanish government and located at Havanna, where it passed into our possession at the close of the Spanish war.

If it be an American warship that is drawn into the floating dock there will be no necessity to put shores in position while the water recedes because American warships are fitted with "docking" keels, which enable them to sit squarely on the blocks of the floating dock, only a few shores being used for centering purposes. English warships are not fitted with this keel owing to the belief of the admiralty that such keels detract from the speed of the ship, and the result is that the British workmen have a busy time establishing the equilibrium of the vessel. They hurriedly fix great blocks of wood between the warship's side and the side of the dock, the plates meanwhile being in the grip of sturdy beams, which have to be adjusted with extreme care, for if an undue strain were put on even two or three of the supports the ship would fall with a crash that would wreck both vessel and dock.

If a visitor chance to be present while a warship that has been damaged in a collision is under the doctor's care he will witness a curious and interesting sight. When the injured plates have been removed by the workmen the interior of the vessel is exposed to view, ribs and decks being laid bare until new plates have been fastened in place by white hot rivets. Often these plates are so heavy that they have to be lifted into position by travelling cranes. The operation is tedious to those engaged upon it, but fascinating to the onlooker, who has already had his curiosity aroused by watching the gradual uplift of the steamer out of the water.

TRUMAN L. ELTON.

Miss Gertrude Von Petzold is a striking type of the much talked of new woman. She recently was offered the charge of the Unitarian church of Nurborough road, Leicester, England, and thus has become the first woman preacher in the United Kingdom. Miss Von Petzold is an accomplished student. She has had the degree of master of arts conferred on her and



speaks several languages. She is deeply interested in church work and believes that she will command as much attention in the pulpit as would be given to a man. Miss Von Petzold states that she knows of several other young women who are studying for the ministry and predicts many recruits to their ranks in the near future.

In Greater Berlin, with a population of about 2,600,000, the number of new buildings erected has averaged 2,123 a year during the last six years.

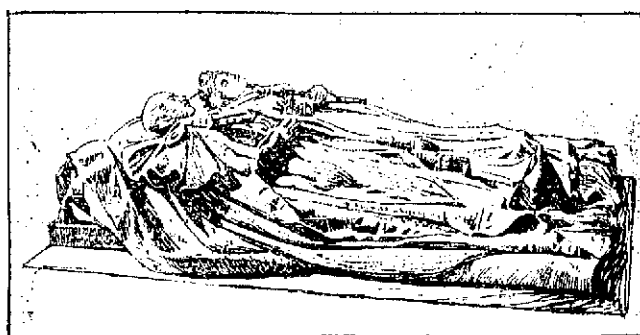
INTERESTING PERSONS, SCENES AND THINGS OF NOTE

SENDING UP A JAPANESE WAR BALLOON.



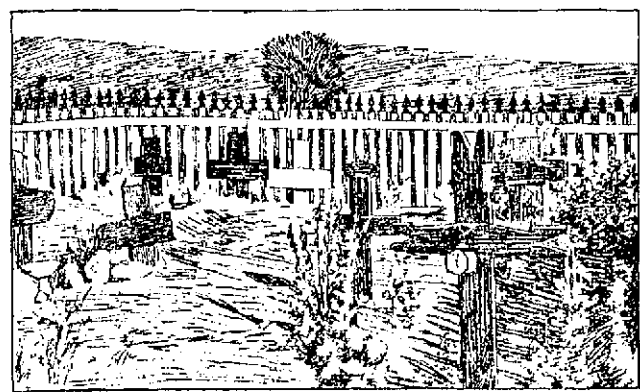
Whatever they are in their native villages, the Japanese in war are very much up to date. The war balloon is as regularly employed by them for observation purposes as it is in American or European armies. The accompanying illustration shows a war balloon ready to make its ascent above the Korean hills about Pingyang. If Cossack scouts or other Russian troops are lurking in the vicinity the spies of the upper air will determine the whereabouts of the enemy and report to headquarters. Any sort of spying is perilous, and the balloon process shifts, but scarcely lessens the danger. Since the restrictions against the use of aerial explosives imposed by The Hague congress have expired by limitation it will not be a matter of surprise if either or both of the eastern belligerents should resort to the expedient.

THE VICTORIA AND ALBERT TOMB AT FROGMORE.



The mausoleum which was designed as the burial place of Queen Victoria and Prince Albert was begun almost immediately after the death of the prince. It was finished during the queen's lifetime, and the prince's body was removed from its temporary resting place and reinterred in the new structure. Upon the top of the splendid sarcophagus which contains the bodies of the queen and her consort lie white marble figures of the royal pair. The figures represent the couple as much younger than they were at the time of their death. The queen is depicted in regal attire, wearing a crown and holding a scepter in her clasped hands.

IN AN INDIAN GRAVEYARD.



An Indian cemetery is a curiosity to one who sees it for the first time. It is a rather pathetic exhibition of barbarism tempered by a modicum of Christian civilization. The graves are marked by wooden crosses, and on the mounds are placed clocks, medicine bottles, dishes and a variety of articles that belonged to the deceased. Coupled with their acceptance of the essentials of the belief of the white man, the Indians of the plains retain their ancient custom of covering the graves of their dead with the articles most used during life. This remnant of the old savage life they refuse to abandon.

RUSSIA'S UNDERGROUND QUARTERS AT HARBIN.

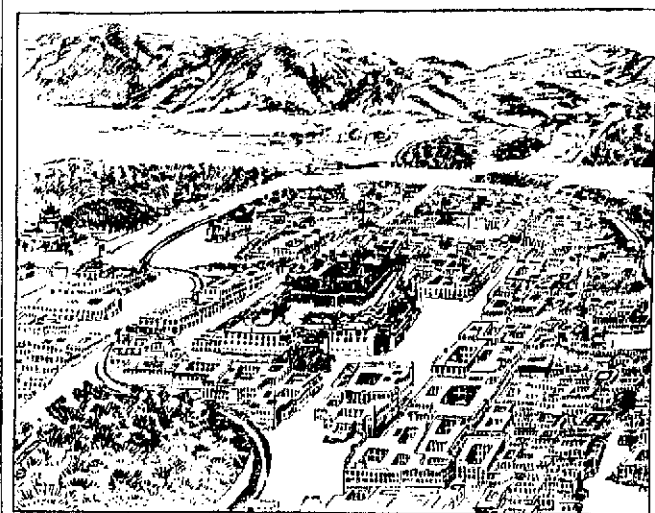


Harbin, northeast of Mukden, on the line of the Transiberian railway, has been made "a shelter in the time of storm" by the Russian army. Deeming the city safe from the Japanese for some time, the Russians have established well protected winter quarters there and have even gone so far as to build, or better, dig, many underground dwellings. These serve a double purpose. They afford protection against cold and snow and also against the bullets and shells with which the Japs are certain to bombard them if the mikado's doughty little fighters penetrate that far north.

The practice of building underground quarters is an old one. During the sieges of practically all the cities in the various European wars soldiers and citizens lived at times in cellars and caves. In Paris hundreds of terrified people fled to the sewers on some occasions.

In the civil war here in America underground habitations were sometimes resorted to. During the bombardments of Atlanta and Charleston the women and children were in many cases placed in cellars and cellars "bomb proofs."

A NATIVE DRAWING OF THE CITY OF LASSA.



The view of Lassa, the holy city of Tibet, herewith presented is from a drawing by a native artist and is not only an accurate representation of the town as it exists today, but is most interesting as an example of Tibetan art. The city is built on an elevated plain about 1,200 feet above sea level. It is regularly laid out and contains many clean and attractive streets. Its chief interest lies in the fact that it is the seat of Buddhist influence in northern Asia. Thousands of pilgrims from Mongolia, Nepal, Kashmir and other Buddhist countries flock there annually. It is rich with temples and contains the palace of the dalai lama.

THE CHAMPION MARKSWOMAN.

Miss Florence Vivian Lewes, champion marksman of Great Britain, is a daughter of Professor Vivian B. Lewes of the Royal Naval College and a grandniece of the distinguished author, George Henry Lewes. She is twenty-



four years of age and has worked at journalism. Miss Lewes intends to settle in Canada and began a few months ago to practice shooting. She soon became so proficient that she won nine prizes in quick succession. She is devoted to all kinds of outdoor sport, being especially good at cricket and golf. She is also skilled in all forms of domestic science, being very fond of cooking.

A NIGERIAN COURTHOUSE.

The cut shows a typical government building in Nigeria, Africa. It is at Yelwa, a town of some importance as a caravan center. It is situated on the left bank of the Niger river, 600 miles from its mouth. The walls are of mud,



about two feet thick, while the roof is of thatch laid on bamboo poles. Though by no means luxurious, these buildings have the merit of being cool, which is a decided advantage in a region as hot as Nigeria. They are more substantial, too, than might be imagined. The mud becomes as hard as stone, and the walls are not affected by rain or sun, and an occasional new roof is all the buildings need for many years.

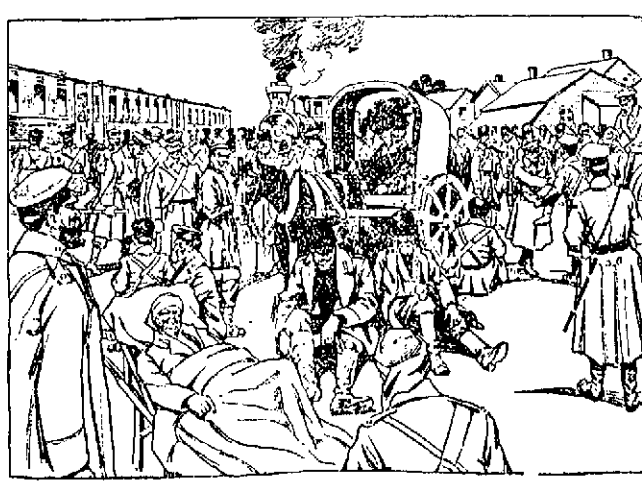
A \$150,000 TITIAN PORTRAIT.

The renowned master of the painter's art, Titian, probably never realized that his works would one day bring the value of a king's ransom. Some of the prices paid for various of his paintings



seem almost impossible of belief. It was only recently that the National gallery of Great Britain paid \$150,000 for a single portrait, that of Ariosto, painted by Titian. A fine reproduction of the painting is shown in the accompanying illustration.

A SORROWFUL MEETING AT MUKDEN.



It happened that the train bearing a large body of wounded Russian soldiers from the battle of the Yalu steamed into the station at Mukden just as several regiments of the reserve were about to take the train for the front. These new recruits were detailed to tend the places of the victims who had just been brought back to the base of supplies in varying degrees of physical shipwreck. For the outgoing men, who were already under the depressing influence of their call to face immediate danger, this spectacle, so suggestive of what might be in store for them, was certainly not conducive to peace of mind.

JAPAN'S SENIOR ADMIRAL.

Marquis Togo He, chief of staff of the Japanese fleet, is known among naval celebrities as "the Nelson of Japan." He was the leading naval hero in the war of 1894-95 and was instrumental



ADMIRAL TOGO.

in the capture of Port Arthur and other Chinese strongholds. He is now about sixty years of age, tall and robust, and his hair is not yet gray. Admiral Togo is a most agreeable and kindly person and a fond of domestic life. It is his mind that conceived the naval campaign which Admiral Togo has so ably executed.

EMPRESS OF JAPAN RECEIVING FOREIGN GUESTS.



Most pictures of the wife of the mikado show the empress garbed in the national costume, but the present ruler of the island kingdom adopts European dress on all public occasions which are attended by foreigners, and his wife and her court ladies follow his example. Thobed in the most artistic masterpieces of the European couturiers and attended by the male court officials clad in the best tailored suits of the leading European tailors, these clever people divest themselves almost entirely of the oriental atmosphere which is their birthright.

The indications are that it will be fair and somewhat cooler tonight and Saturday. There probably will be brisk westerly winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 30 1904

12 PAGES ONE CENT

NIGHT EDITION

GOV. BATES

Issued Proclamation on Death of Senator Hoar

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—News of the passing of Senator George F. Hoar, although long expected, was received with great regret by all classes of citizens. In politics he had no enemies in this state and democrats were not behind the members of his own party in paying tribute to his worth.

Soon after daylight, the flags on the state house were half masted and later similar tokens of mourning were displayed on city hall and other buildings throughout the city.

Upon learning of the death of Senator Hoar, Governor John L. Bates at once issued the following proclamation:

To the Citizens of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts:

It becomes my solemn duty to announce the death of our senior United States senator, George Frisbie Hoar, who died at 1.35 a. m. on this day at his home in the city of Worcester.

A great man has gone from us. He lived and died in the service of Massachusetts. Five times he was commissioned by this commonwealth to represent her in the highest council chamber in the nation, and under those commissions he served longer than any other man who has represented this state. The character of that service may be measured by the highest standards and it will not be found wanting. It made him a national figure for a generation.

By great abilities and unswerving rectitude he won the respect of the nation and established himself in the hearts of his fellow men. They gladly honored him because they believed in him. He was a scholar of deep learning, ungrate of impassioned power. By above all, a sincere man, wholly devoted to conscience, hewing close to the line, scorning the arts of the demagogue, not anxious to please men, but to serve them, not seeking to be popular, but determined to be right. Intense in the loss our state has suffered, we find even in the hour of extreme sorrow a great cause for gratification. In that the record of his noble life will ever remain with us as a precious legacy.

In recognition of his eminent services, it seems fitting that the state departments be closed on the day of his funeral, that the flags throughout the commonwealth be placed at half staff, and that our citizens by such other appropriate methods as may suggest themselves, express their respect for his memory.

Given at the council chamber in Boston this 30th day of September, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and four.

(Signed) JOHN L. BATES.

BELLS TOLLED

FLAGS ON WORCESTER BUILDINGS AT HALF MAST.

WORCESTER, Sept. 30.—The tolling of the bells in the church towers and fire stations of Worcester communicated to his fellow citizens the intelligence of the passing of U. S. Senator George Frisbie Hoar. At 2.25 a. m. the chimes on Plymouth church played "Nearer my God to Thee," and at 3 o'clock a flag on a manufacturing plant, the first one to be half masted, was raised.

The veteran legislator died at 1.35. Fire alarm headquarters were notified within a short time afterwards, it having been arranged to strike 15 blows on the fire bells at intervals of a minute. There was a delay in sending out the signal on account of the efforts made by the fire department to notify the tolling of a number of churches, with whom arrangements had been made in order that the bells might be tolled. At 2.42 the first blow was struck. The tolling was heard throughout the city and within a few minutes numerous inquiries were made at the newspaper offices by telephone.

Senator Hoar had been in an excessive, weak state since Sunday, but a remarkably tenacious vitality kept the spark of life until it burned so low that it was not possible to tell exactly when it went out. Word was sent to the press within a few minutes and the death watch, set six weeks ago, when Mr. Hoar became critically ill and renewed on Sunday when he had a relapse ceased its long vigil.

The people of Worcester, to whom Senator Hoar was endeared in a measure beyond that ever given to any other man, anxiously followed the course of his sickness throughout six weeks and hundreds of calls on the telephone had been made daily at the local newspaper offices by people who desired to hear the latest news from the bedside.

There was no indication yesterday that the senator was growing weaker as for hours he had been as weak as he could be and live with the pulse and respiration so faint that they could not be detected. His physician, Dr. Warren R. Gilman, however, saw that the end could not be long delayed.

So slight a thing as pulling the clothing on the bed would have been sufficient, the doctor said, to take away enough strength to cause death. For 40 hours the senator had been in his death sleep. He had occasionally expressed the wish during the summer that he might die peacefully and without a struggle. Such a death came to him.

At 1 o'clock this morning Mr. Hoar was barely alive. In fact Dr. Gilman thought it possible life might be prolonged after daylight, but a careful watch was maintained and at 1.35, the physician declared that the heart had ceased to beat.

Besides Dr. Gilman, the senator's two children, Gen. Rockwood Hoar and Miss Mary Hoar, were at the bedside until the end.

E. W. Doherty, the messenger of the committee on judiciary of the senate, of which Mr. Hoar was chairman, came to Worcester yesterday afternoon to be with the senator in his last hours. There were no other callers yesterday. Early in the week Rev. Dr. Everett Hale, an intimate friend, came from Boston but was not admitted to the sick chamber, nor was the junior United States senator, Henry Cabot Lodge, who was a trustee of the Worcester academy, at the time of its origin and ever since. He was a vice-president and at the death of James G. Clark, its head, Mr. Hoar became president of the board of trustees. For many years he held until his death. For many years he was trustee of Worcester academy, and was the first president of St. Wolfstan society of this city. The Worcester Art society and the Worcester club were founded by his efforts. He was an honorary life member of the Worcester Mechanics association and a member of the Republican club of Massachusetts. He was the oldest

Continued to Page 11.

IN POLICE COURT HE LOST AN EYE

Doctor Who Could Play the Piano

WAS SENTENCED TO THE HOUSE OF CORRECTION

Judge Hadley Boosted Price of Apples

Several months ago a very slick young man made his appearance in Lowell and paid particular attention to women who had boarding or lodging houses. He was a nice looking fellow—some would call him handsome—and he could play a piano beautifully.

Alban Alberts was the young man in question and when he wrote his name on the letters "M. D." and, up to date, the police are not ready to say that Mr. Alberts is not a doctor.

They do know, however, that he is a crook. Mr. Alberts played the piano so beautifully and was so charming a conversationalist that he fairly bewitched all the young women whom he met. It never occurred to him that he was under any obligations to boarding or lodging house keepers and he went away, leaving them in the lurch.

Today Alban Alberts was in the local police court on a complaint charging him with the larceny of a seal case, valued at \$50, the property of Annie L. Clark. He was found guilty and was sentenced to three months in the house of correction.

He is now serving a sentence in Newton for one year and was brought here on a habeas to answer to the charge of larceny. After having served the sentence imposed upon him in the local court, Dr. Alberts will be "caught up" by the Boston police who want him on an old charge of larceny.

Several of the young ladies who enjoyed the sunshine of his smiles and lived happily in the musical atmosphere which he created were in police court today to hear what would be done with the doctor and one of the dear things wept when sentence was pronounced. Prison life seems to agree with the doctor. He is fat and plump and smiles pleasantly when the clerk reads his sentence.

FORTY DOLLARS A PECK.

Judge Hadley gave the price of apples a vigorous boost in police court today. Emily De Bells and Fred Alfred Hebbelink were charged with stealing a peck of apples from Roswell S. Fox's orchard in Drauc. The men are Belgians and were fined \$20 each.

The law on which so stupendous a fine is based reads as follows: "Whoever wilfully and maliciously enters an orchard, nursery, garden or cranberry meadow, and takes away, mutilates or destroys a tree, shrub or vine, or steals, takes and carries away any fruit or flowers, without the consent of the owner thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or by imprisonment for not more than six months."

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Louis Landry was charged with drunkenness and assault and battery on Mary Relation. The charge of drunkenness was placed on file and he was fined \$5 for assault and battery.

THREE PETITIONS

HENNESSY, MCKINLEY AND CHENEY WANT RECOUNTS.

At 2.30 o'clock this afternoon but three petitions for recounts had been filed with the city clerk, Mr. Hennessy's for a recount in ward two; Senator McKinley's for recounts in wards two and four and a petition from Edwards Cheney for a recount in ward six. McKinley having carried the Centralville ward by a narrow margin.

WIRE DROPPED

TRAFFIC IN CENTRAL STREET HELD UP.

One of the guide wires which holds the cup for the trolley wire in Central street near the corner of Third street, fell this afternoon and caused quite a little excitement. When the wire dropped traffic was held up as the drivers were afraid to pass by the wire and pedestrians kept out of its way. One of the firemen put in an appearance in a short time and cut the wire.

A PERFECT SMOKE

MARKSMAN 5¢ CIGAR

FOR SALE—Furnace, in good condition, will sell cheap. Call at 233 Westford st. F. W. Emerson.

Interest Begins Monday, Oct. 3d

SAVINGS DEPT.

Traders Nat. Bank

Middlesex St. Cor. P. O. Ave.

HOURS: 8 a. m. till 4 p. m. Saturdays, 8 a. m. till 1 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m.

A GOOD THING

MAN COLLECTED GAS BILLS FOR HIMSELF.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The police of the West Twentieth street station arrested yesterday afternoon a man who they believe has got a lot of money from people in the city in the last few months by representing himself as an agent of the Consolidated and New Amsterdam gas companies. He was arrested shortly after he had collected a gas bill from Charles H. Williams of 424 West Twentieth street. Williams had paid the bill and, mistaking the man for a representative of the Consolidated gas company, had paid him. A detective followed him from house to house and when he thought he had sufficient evidence arrested him. At the station house the man gave his name as Elwood Slevens and said that he lived at 1800 Pacific street, Brooklyn. A man from the police station last night, said that complaints of losses amounting to several thousand dollars had come to the companies' offices within the last few months. More than \$3000, he said, had been lost by consumers in Harlem alone, some of the bills paid by them amounting to as much as \$55.

DOUBLE STAMPS TOMORROW AT THE TARPON, 124 CENTRAL STREET.

BRAVE RESCUE

SEVEN-YEAR-OLD LAD IS A HERO.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Little Mickey Carr, the seven-year-old son of a Newark saloonkeeper, was annoyed by hero worshippers yesterday when it got about that he jumped into the Morris canal at Cherry street, Newark, on Wednesday and after diving twice brought to the surface the unconscious form of twelve-year-old John Curran of 41 Durand street, Curran, who could not swim, fell into the dirty ditch and sank in six feet of water as black as ink. Little Mike saw him fall and dived in after him. He had to grope around and failed to find Curran on the first attempt, but came to the surface for air and went down again in the same spot and brought Curran to the surface. With the help of another boy Carr rolled the murky field out of Curran and when he revived they led him home.

DOUBLE STAMPS TOMORROW AT THE TARPON, 124 CENTRAL STREET.

BOB AMMON

GETS A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Bob Ammon, who has been in Sing Sing a year on an indeterminate sentence of "between four and a half years," for his connection with the Syndicate Miller swindle, applied to Judge Lacombe, in the United States circuit court yesterday, through Lawyer P. J. Morrison, for a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that Section 10, Article 1 of the United States Constitution was violated in sentencing him. He says that five years and a fine is the extreme penalty of the law and that commutation would bring the imprisonment down to three years and seven months. He says also

THUMB INJURED.

Philip Austin, residing at 138 Smith street, had the tip of his right thumb injured on an emery wheel while at work at the Lowell Machine shop this afternoon. He was attended at the Emergency hospital.

DEATHS

CHEMLEY—Esther Chemley, aged 67 years, died this morning at the Lowell hospital. Her remains were removed to the funeral parlors of Undertaker Elia in Hurd street.

HAIR BRUSHES

SPECIAL SALE AT 59 AND 69 CTS. EACH

ALL ARE WORTH \$1.00 OR MORE.

These are a lot of about 500 Imported Russian Bristle Hair Brushes, which I was able to secure at an absurdly low price, simply because I was lucky enough to be on the spot, able and willing to take the lot. Don't forget that I carry in stock and sell more Hair Brushes than all the other dealers in Lowell combined. There's a reason for it.

RHODES' HAIR STORE 73 Merrimack Street

TELEPHONE

Your dealer has this superior brand in stock and he realizes that they are "A Little Better Than Any Other"

C. C. A.

UNION MADE

10c CIGARS

C. C. A. CIGAR CO., - - BOSTON

BIG JOHN

CUT PLUG TOBACCO

HONEST QUALITY HONEST QUANTITY

Is great number of smokers, who have quit other kinds proves that Big John is the best. Keep a few packages handy for when your friends call, they'll appreciate it.

UNION MADE

Imitations are for smokers who are willing to take anything pushed on them by dealers in bunco goods.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO GET GENUINE BIG JOHN

Nearly All Dealers Sell It

In no way connected with a trust or combine

C. C. RAHN THOMPSONVILLE CONN.

EXTRA

SKULL CRUSHED

Woman's Husband is Suspected of Murder

WENTWORTH, N. H., Sept. 30.—The body of Mrs. Henry Wilkinson was found in bed early today, with the skull crushed, and the authorities, assisted by a large posse of officers, are searching the woods for her husband, who is charged with having murdered her. The first intimation that there had been a tragedy in this village came when the eight-year-old son of the Wilkinsons awakened the nearest neighbor, Samuel Kenney, in the early hours of the morning and told him that his father had sent for Mr. Kenney to come to the house as the boy's mother was ill. Mr. Kenney accompanied the child home and found Mrs. Wilkinson lying dead in bed, while Henry Wilkinson had disappeared. Deputy Sheriff Brown of

Plymouth was notified as soon as possible and took charge of the case. It was learned that Wilkinson had taken with him his rifle and his razor and was traced as far as the edge of the woods nearby. There, however, the trail ended and men were sent in all directions in the hope of finding the man before he had gone far away.

No cause for the act is known. Wilkinson is a laborer, about 38 years old and his wife, who was about the same age, is said to have been very popular in the town. They had two children, a boy eight years old and a baby girl a year and a half old. The theory held by the villagers is that Wilkinson committed the crime during an attack of insanity.

that the law under which his sentence was made indeterminate was not enacted until seventeen months after his act was committed, and, as to his case, is an ex post facto law.

DOUBLE STAMPS TOMORROW AT THE TARPON, 124 CENTRAL STREET.

HUSBAND LOST

MRS. LEVISON TRYING TO FIND HIM.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—"Lost, a boy husband," was the gist of the story told to Supreme Court Justice Glider-sleeve yesterday by Mrs. Jennie Blanche Levison, who owns a 21 summer.

She has sued out a habeas corpus writ directing Mandell Levison to produce his brother, Alexander C. S. Levison, whom she married July 13 last at Calvary Methodist church, in 128th street. Mandell Levison declares that he knows nothing about his brother, and Justice Glider-sleeve referred the matter to Court Stenographer Nealis to take the testimony.

Mrs. Levison is a Catholic, while her spouse is a Hebrew, and she says that his relatives have spirited him away from her because of the difference in their religious beliefs. She says they lived happily together for a while, but that he disappeared on Aug. 31 and has remained in seclusion ever since.

This is quarter week at the Lowell Five Cent Savings bank. Deposits begin to draw interest Saturday.

My! My! You are growing old fast!

And you know why, too. It's those gray hairs! Don't you know that Ayer's Hair Vigor restores color to gray hair? Well, it does. And it never fails, either. It stops falling hair also, and keeps the scalp clean. Sold for sixty years.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE SUN

Is on Sale

At both Newstands

In the Union Station

BOSTON

SAVE MONEY

By Paying CASH for Your Groceries.

This Can be Done by Trading at Yerrax's.

The Best Quality Goods at Lowest Cash Prices.

We Are Still Selling

FINEST JERSEY SWEET POTATOES

15 Pounds for 25c

Best Houlton Green Mountain Potatoes

17c Peck 65c Bushel

10-lb. Basket Best Sweet Concord Grapes 25c

Best Smoked Shoulders.....10c lb. Finest Celery.....10c Bushel

Best Bacon (by the strip).....15c lb. Best Cranberries.....10c qt.

Best Salt Salmon.....10c lb. Good Cabbage.....80c qt.

Best Salt Codfish.....12c lb. Best Squash.....1c lb.

Good Salt Codfish.....10c lb. Ultron Melons.....3c lb.

Best Salt Pork.....10c lb. Best Onions.....30c pk.

Mason and Lightning Jars

Best Seeded Raisins, 1 lb. pkg. 10c Fine Seeded Raisins, 1 lb. pkg. 8c

Free Delivery to All Parts of Lowell

Yerrax's

Telephone 679-3 223 Central Street

\$2.50 SHOES

For Women

Just from the factory a line of Women's Box Calf and Valour Calf Boots in lace and Blucher cut. They are Goodyear welted, perfectly smooth on the inside, no tacks or nails to hurt the feet. The soles are Oak leather, not hemlock. We own the lots. We offer them today and tomorrow

\$2.00 A PAIR

Just one width D.

Sizes 2 1-2 to 7.

O'Sullivan Bros.

Company

OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

for children's safe, sure. No opiates

THE REASON WHY

There are a good many reasons why you should buy your Coal and Wood from Quinn. The principal reason is you get more real fuel for your money than you do anywhere else in Lowell. The choicest products of mine and forest, suitable for rich and poor alike. Large quantities of Mill Wood of every description constantly on hand. All I want is a trial order to convince you that you have been mistaken in not giving me your fuel trade before now. Orders by mail and telephone receive immediate attention.

JOHN P. QUINN

Office and Yards, Gorham and Dix Sts. Take any Gorham Street car.

6 O'CLOCK

SUPT. OF SEWERS

Frank Lazelle Slated
For the Position

It was reported about city hall today that Frank Lazelle of the city engineer's office at city hall will succeed D. Webster Bugbee as assistant superintendent of sewers, beginning next Monday. At the recent civil service examination Mr. Lazelle came out first, with Edwin T. Simpson a close second, Fred Balcomb third and Mr. Bugbee fourth. Mr. Bugbee has been holding the position provisionally and took the examination with the others.

A reporter of The Sun attempted to verify the report this afternoon but neither Superintendent Farnham nor Mr. Lazelle could be located.

Mr. Lazelle has been an employee of the city engineer for several years, working under Mr. Farnham and thus would be of more value to him than any other man on the list.

The Itch Fiend

That is Salt Rheum or Eczema, one of the outward manifestations of scrofula. It comes in itching, burning, oozing, drying, and scaling patches, on the face, head, hands, legs or body.

It cannot be cured by outward applications, the blood must be rid of the impurity to which it is due.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has cured the most persistent and difficult cases. Accept no substitute for Hood's; no substitute acts like it.

C. F. Holsington & Son

We will call and clean out your furnace and put everything in good condition for next season. We do all kinds of Tin Work, Roofing, Soldering and also keep the best line of Ranges on the market at 147 Market street.

THE FLAT IRON TEA SHOP

Opposite Court House

You can redeem your Tobacco Tags, Cigarette Coupons at our store for a premium or Stamps.

Our Teas are all selected and are the first pickings and the very best that can be imported. Remember we do not take the quality out of our goods by giving stamps.

130 Stamps, lb. of our 60c Tea

130 Stamps, lb. of our best 50c

Baking Powder

SPECIAL NO. 1—1 lb. Tea, 1 lb. Coffee, 1 lb. Baking Powder, \$1.45 order, 800 stamps.

SPECIAL NO. 2—1 lb. Tea, 1 lb. Coffee, 1 lb. Baking Powder, bottle Vanilla, bottle Lemon, \$2.00 order, 400 stamps.

100 Stamps with bot. Beef, Iron and Wine 50c
150 Stamps with 1 lb. best English Breakfast Tea 75c
80 Stamps with 1 lb. Good Tea 50c
50 Stamps with 1 lb. Best Coffee 38c
20 Stamps with box Talcum Powder 25c
20 Stamps with jar Cold Cream 25c
10 Stamps with bot. Ammonia 10c
10 Stamps with bot. Bluing 10c
10 Stamps with cake Almond Cream Soap 10c
10 Stamps with cake Buttermilk Soap 10c
10 Stamps with cake Tar Soap 10c
10 Stamps with pkg. Washing Powder with tumbler 10c
10 Stamps with pkg. Gelatine 10c
10 Stamps with cake Sorbetine 10c
30 Stamps with bot. Washing Fluid 10c
20 Stamps with bot. Tooth Powder 10c
10 Stamps with cake Penciline Erosive Soap 10c

Any goods purchased at our store and not represented may be returned and money refunded.

We sell all kinds of furniture.

REDEEM YOUR STAMP BOOKS AT OUR STORE.

BANKRUPT STOCK

The BANKRUPT STOCK of the well-known firm of H. B. Shattuck & Son of 50 Central St., Lowell, Mass., consisting of a full line of hardware, bicycles and sundries, cameras and complete photographic supplies, farming implements, machinists' tools and supplies, bedding and mill hardware and supplies to be sold at once.

Fixtures also for sale, consisting of counters, desks, safes, show-cases, and all fixtures to make up a first-class store.

Sale is now on and will continue until entire stock is disposed of. This is a chance of a lifetime. See that you are on the ground floor.

A. BERMAN of Boston in charge.

200 Slightly Damaged Fancy Rockers

From P. Derby & Co., Charlestown Factory Fire

On Sale Today at Half and Less Than Half Price

—AT—

A. E. OHEIR & CO.'S MERRIMACK SQUARE

Reed Seat Sewing Rocker, 400 Solid Oak and Mahogany Finished Fancy Rockers, worth \$1.50, \$1.05, 15 different styles, at same discount, damage very slight, a little furniture polish makes them as good as ever.

GIRL ELOPED

PARENTS HAD LOCKED UP HER CLOTHES.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 30.—Miss Nora Boswick, the seventeen-year-old daughter of a farmer of Henderson county, Ky., left her father's house at 3 o'clock yesterday morning in her nightgown and walked to Shuffletown in her bare feet with Edward Pemberton, a neighbor's boy. Her father had forbidden her to receive the attentions of William T. Highland, a young man of Evansville, and suspecting that she would elope with him, had taken her clothing from her.

Miss Boswick lowered herself with a rope from the window of her room on the second floor, and when she and young Pemberton reached Shuffletown they secured a saddle and rode to the Indiana side, landing at Lockport, where Highland was in waiting with a horse and buggy. A merchant was induced to open his store, and the young woman was provided with clothing and was then taken to Evansville, where she and Highland arrived early in the morning.

A marriage license was secured and within a few minutes they were made one by Justice Schrader.

UNDER ARREST

SUNDAY SCHOOL HEAD ACCUSED OF COUNTERFEITING.

ATLANTA, Sept. 30.—Charles A. Manson, superintendent of the Southern Engraving company, assistant superintendent of the Wesleyan Methodist Tabernacle Sunday school and well known in religious work, was arrested by Secret Service Agent Wright yesterday in connection with the counterfeiting case which already has involved Will A. Wynne, prominent in Atlanta; P. S. Coffey, said to be the originator of the plan; J. N. Little, Clarence Rebb and Oscar McMichael. Manson yesterday was liberated on a bond, and his friends announced that he was ready to fight the arrest. Technically, Manson is charged with violating the statute which prohibits the making of plates in resemblance to the plates from which United States banknotes are printed. Violation of this section is a felony.

Manson refused to make a statement. His friends intimate that an effort is on foot to make him bear the burden of Wynne's part in the matter, as both Wynne and Manson worked together at the same engraving company where the latter was in charge.

HON. G. F. HOAR DEAD

The Senior Massachusetts Senator Passed Away



LATE SENATOR GEORGE FRISBIE HOAR.

Sketch of His Illustrious Career as a Statesman, Scholar and Patriot

WORCESTER, Sept. 30.—George Frisbie Hoar, senior United States senator from Massachusetts, died at his home in this city at 1.35 o'clock this morning.

The end followed a period of unconsciousness that had continued since early Tuesday and came so gently that only the attending physicians were aware of the exact moment of dissolution.

The attending physicians despatched of the senator's life six weeks ago, but such was the vitality exhibited by the distinguished patient, that even they were surprised and the public was at times led to cherish a faith in an ultimate recovery.

On Sunday last, however, all hope was abandoned after a last unsuccessful attempt to administer medicine and nourishment. Brief lucid intervals were followed by longer durations of unconsciousness until Tuesday morning when the venerable statesman sank into a state of coma from which all efforts to arouse him were futile.

During the last hours there was not a movement of the body and only a scarcely perceptible pulse marked the final struggle. There were present at the bedside when death came, the senator's son, Gen. Rackwood Hoar, his

daughter, Mary Hoar, and Dr. Warren R. Gilman, who for weeks has been in almost constant attendance upon the senator.

When the death of Senator Hoar was announced by telephone from his residence, a signal was sent on the fire alarm circuit of the city, and the long expected news was conveyed to the citizens by the tolling of the church bells a few minutes later. Arrangements were made to notify the people of Worcester in this manner more than a month ago, when the physicians attending him, decided that the venerable legislator was

ON HIS DEATHBED.

Senator Hoar had been in ill-health since last winter and even when attending the sessions of the senate, he was obliged to exercise extreme care lest his exertions should overcome him. At that time he was troubled with lumbago, and the death of his wife in Washington, proved such a blow that he never recovered entirely from its depressing effects. He had suffered from malaria at times while in Washington and he occasionally remarked to his friends, that it was his greatest enemy at the capital.

His physicians advised him last (Continued to Page Seven.)

DRESSES BURNED

WOMAN'S BAD AIM WITH ALCOHOL LAMP.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—While Mrs. W. C. Burbank was lying in bed, on an elevated stove in her apartment on an elevated street, yesterday, a gust of wind blew a window curtain against the lamp and upset it. Mrs. Burbank turned in an alarm to the hotel office and then endeavored to quench the fire.

To get rid of the burning stove she tried to throw it out of the window, but it landed in a closet full of her dresses. There was wild excitement about the hotel for a minute or so, but the blaze was put out by employees before the dresses arrived.

With the exception of a small flood and a few burned dresses, no damage was done.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S TRIP

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The republican national committee has made arrangements for the tour of Attorney General Moody for the month of October. He will speak in seven states, beginning in Massachusetts Oct. 7. From there he will go to New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Pennsylvania and West Virginia.

The Mt. Vernon Free Baptist church, which has been for several months without a pastor, has extended a unanimous call to Rev. E. B. Carver of Waltham, N. H., which call has been accepted.

ONE MAN KILLED

SCAFFOLD ON RAILROAD BRIDGE COLLAPSED.

MALONE, N. Y., Sept. 30.—One man was killed and four seriously injured near Mountain View, on the Mohawk and Malone railroad last night, when a scaffold on a railroad bridge gave way, hurling the men many feet into the gully and burning them.

The scaffold which is not a large one, is going to pieces and will be a total loss. It is thought that considerable damage will be done all along the shore.

GREAT DAMAGE

DONE BY WIND STORM IN VERMONT.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Sept. 30.—The worst wind storm of the year prevails over Lake Champlain today. The east is washed by the waves which are being driven over the breakwaters. The city is flooded. This forenoon the excursion steamer Balcarr was carried ashore at Casseport beach, about a mile and a half below the city, and her captain and crew of seven men had to swim for their lives through the surf. The steamer which is not a large one, is going to pieces and will be a total loss. It is thought that considerable damage will be done all along the shore.

CALLED A DRAW

KENNEY-BURKE BOAT HELD IN LAWRENCE.

LAWRENCE, Sept. 30 At the West End Athletic Club last night, Jimmy Burke and Young Kenney, both of this city, boated in a draw. The boat was a lot of fun to start, both boys going at each other in grand style, and it looked as if the boat would never go to the bottom. Burke was the stiffer puncher of the two, and in the seventh round he had Kenney in a bad way. In the eighth Kenney came out and evened up matters.

In the final round Burke went after Kenney, and in a mix-up again sent him to the mat. Kenney was up quick as a flash, and was fighting hard at the going. The referee's decision of a draw was received with applause and groans, but the number of the spectators thought it was fair.

Rev. Mr. Carter will begin his work the first Sunday in October which will be next Sunday. He will preach at both the morning and the evening services.

RECORD BREAKER

Plenty of Building This Year

Building in this city is now practically at a standstill. The only work that is being done is finishing up the exterior work on a few possible on buildings which were started earlier in the year, before the winter weather sets in.

One of the leading architects of this city in conversation with a representative of The Sun said: "There will be no more new buildings started this year, and the majority of the architects and builders are now kind of clearing up for the year. The fact that it is a presidential year has got considerably to do with the quietness in building circles during the latter part of this year, but why there is a lull in the business I cannot say for building material or labor are no higher during a presidential year than at any other time."

"In recent years large and small tenement blocks were the most popular buildings but this spring and summer saw a large number of double tenement houses started. People are more apt to hire one half of a double tenement house than they would be of hiring a tenement in a large block for in the former they have many more privileges and there is more privacy than in large blocks. Of course the owner of a large block derives a larger income than the owner of double tenements and in many instances the double houses cost as much as the blocks, but the owner of a double house is making more money than if he put it in a savings bank."

Despite the fact that there is a lull in building at the present time the building season of 1904 has been a record breaker.

L. H. Leach is erecting a double tenement house in Beacon street near the corner of Methuen street for William A. Leach. The building when completed will have a frontage of 25 feet and will extend back 60 feet. The estimated cost is \$1800.

REAL ESTATE SALES

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1904.

LOWELL.

F. H. Nesham and Rowena Palmer to Ellen Charron, land on Aiken avenue, \$1.
Sarah and Agnes Malloy to Andrew and Margaret A. Coutu, land and buildings on Church street, \$1.
Charles Lampron to Nicholas D. Spyropoulos, land with buildings, on Market street, \$1.
Felix Rochett to Xavier Daigle, land on Third avenue, \$1.
Simone Lagasse to Victoria Orzanna, land with buildings on Exeter street, \$1.

Margaret A. Heery to Minnie Bernstein, land with buildings on Pond street, \$1.
James A. Ellison to Sophie Panley, land on Waldo street, \$1.
Eddie Mineau to Joseph Amyotte, land with buildings on Butterfield street, \$1.

Joseph H. Shephard & H. C. Fuller to John T. Donlan, land on Wentworth avenue, \$1.
Katherine M. Callahan to Michael J. Engin, land with buildings, on Lilly avenue, \$1.

Simone Lagasse to John McTiernan, land on Barker street, \$1.
Bessie Noyes to Thomas and Margaret Carmody, land with buildings on Fulton street, \$1.

Mary Frances Shattuck to Freeman D. Shield, land with buildings on Andover street, \$1.

WILMINGTON.

Joseph D. Gowing, administrator, to Ella A. Shattuck, the Cat Tail lot, \$65.
Laura P. McFeeley to Mary E. Young, lot of land, \$1.

WESTFORD.

Mary Gurney to John H. Edwards, land on Forge pond, \$1.

BILLERICA.

Emma E. Varum to Edward W. Bruce, land at Finchurst annex, \$1.

CARLISLE.

Frank E. Robbins, admin., to Bessie E. Walker, land with buildings, \$1.

CHELMSPFORD.

Bernard Izkowitz to Arthur M. Warren, the Russell estate, \$1.

DRACUT.

George B. Coburn, trustee to Henry C. Varum, land on Varum farm, \$1.

Henry C. Varum to Anne W. Wentworth, lot of land, \$1.

TEWKSBURY.

Edward W. Clark, exr., to George F. Garland, land on Clark road, \$550.

SILVER WEDDING

REV. AND MRS. KINGSLEY OBSERVED THEIR ANNIVERSARY.

Rev. Benjamin F. Kingsley, pastor of the Highland Methodist church, and Mrs. Kingsley celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage at their residence at 89 Grove street this afternoon. The reception will also be continued this evening.

The reception during the afternoon was from 2.30 o'clock until 5 o'clock and Mr. and Mrs. Kingsley received the members of the parish and many friends from out-of-town in the parlor, which was decorated in a very elaborate and artistic manner with maiden-hair ferns and cut flowers. On the floor were several large Japanese floor fans.

Refreshment were served during the afternoon and evening, the dining room being very prettily furnished with white and gold crepe paper and with colored crepe paper strung from the chandelier on the ceiling to the corners of the table.

Mrs. Henry J. Maguire poured and she was ably assisted by Mrs. M. M. Short and Mrs. H. G. Clark. The general table was in charge of Mr. W. G. McKay and Mrs. Wesley Wilbur, while the ushers were Messrs. H. O. Clark, H. J. Maguire, E. M. Short, Wesley Wilbur and W. G. McKay. All of the young gentlemen and young ladies who assisted have been married recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Kingsley were the recipients of many beautiful and appropriate presents. Among the more prominent ones were a silver service from the members of the church; 25 silver dollars from the official board of the church, and a silver candelabra from the members of the Epworth League.

The reception this evening will be from 7 till 10 o'clock, and music will be given by the North Chalmers orchestra.



FANCY DECORATED Tea Pots

(LIKE CUT)

49c Each

227 Central St.

C. Brien Bros. TEA DEALERS

227 Central St.

RARE BOOKS

BOY IS CHARGED WITH STEALING THEM.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Adolph Stager, a bookseller of No. 831 Broadway, was held in \$1000 bail for examination yesterday in the Tombs court on a charge of receiving stolen goods, preferred by Robert H. Sherwood, also a bookseller, at No. 144 Fulton street. Sherwood said Stager had bought a \$225 set of Shakespeare, knowing it must have been stolen, for \$25. Sherwood also explained to the court that his nephew, Roy Steward, was the thief.

He said he discharged his nephew in July last and gave him money enough to pay his fare to his home, in Kent, O., but the boy stayed in the city, and by means of false keys, entered and robbed the store three times. He said the boy confessed to him of having robbed the store and of disposing of the books to Stager. He said the value of the stolen property amounted to thousands of dollars.

TOUGH LUCK

JOHN L. MUST SETTLE FOR PLATE GLASS DOOR.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 30.—"See, just my tough luck. All my good intentions result in disaster for me. I tried to referre on imprromptu bout here last night, and as a consequence I have to pay for a new plate glass door."

John L. Sullivan, ex-champion of the pugilistic ring, still the great "John L." pointed to the front door of his saloon at 600 Market street, which was innocent of glass. John L. tried to see fair play in a fight in his place at 1.30 yesterday morning. Daniel Frazier, a bartender in a buffet at Sixth and Chestnut streets, darted through the door, taking the glass and the cash with him in his flight.

Sullivan first wrested a pistol from John Andrews's hand and a knife from Frazier and then chased them. Andrews started the trouble.

SCHOOL EMPTY

PUPILS WERE AFRAID OF THE BLACK HAND.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Many of the children of Public School No. 17, at Briggs avenue and North Fifth street, Williamsburg, were so frightened at reports that the school was going to be blown up by the "Black Hand" society that their mothers accompanied them to their class rooms yesterday, and refused to leave until policemen ordered them to go.

In the afternoon there was another big scare, and two hundred children were outside the school, crying, and afraid to enter. At least one hundred mothers were sent on stoops of nearby dwellings, waiting for the school session to end. Police Captain Hartins sent half a dozen men to the school house to inspire confidence in the children. Similar trouble existed at School 19, at Keap and South Second streets.

STOCK MARKET

Today's Quotations on

Active Stocks

The following are the closing quotations of today's stock market for active stocks:

NEW YORK STOCKS

Am Sugar	131 1/2
*Am Sugar pfd	132 1/2
A & T	100 1/2
A & T pfd	100 1/2
B & O	90 1/2
B & O pfd	91 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	57 1/2
Chl & Gt W	16 1/2
C M & P	160 1/2
C R & P	28 1/2
C R & P pfd	29 1/2
Del & Hud	160 1/2
Erie R R	31 1/2
Erie Ist	67 1/2
Manhat Con	184 1/2
Mon Kan & Tex	24 1/2
Mon Kan & Tex pfd	25 1/2
Met St Ry	121 1/2
N Y C	98 1/2
N Y C pfd	126 1/2
N Y Ont & W	35 1/2
Penn	132 1/2
People's Gas	102 1/2
So Pac	57 1/2
Reading	98 1/2
Reading 2d pfd	78 1/2
Tex & Pac	31 1/2
Union Pac	102 1/2
*Union Pac pfd	94 1/2
U S Steel	38 1/2
U S Steel pfd	42 1/2
Wabash pfd	42 1/2
W U Telegraph	90 1/2
U S Leather	9 1/2
U S Leather pfd	87 1/2

BOSTON STOCKS.

Adventure	4
Amalgamated	58 1/2
American Wool	14 1/2
American Wool pfd	33
*Am Tel & Tel	139 1/2
Arctadian	1
Atlantic	12 1/2
B & A	22 1/2
B & A pfd	14 1/2
Bingham	27
Cabnet & Hecla	51 1/2
Cenac	27 1/2
Chicago Junction	150
Chicago Junction pfd	123
Copper Range	57 1/2
Daily-West	12 1/2
Dom Coal	59
Dom Coal pfd	108
Dom Steel	138 1/2
Eleventh	48 1/2
Elm River	2
Fitchburg	157 1/2
Franklin	8 1/2
Mass Gas	45 1/2
Mass Gas pfd	63
Mass Electric	57 1/2
Mass Electric pfd	57
Mayflower	50
Mex Cen	14
Michigan	7 1/2
M & C	6
Mohawk	48 1/2
N E Tel	130
Oscar	81 1/2
N Y N H & H R R	102 1/2
Old Colony Mine	31
Old Colony R R	203 1/2
Old Dominion	18 1/2
Shannon	21 1/2
Royal	1 1/2
Rhode Island	1 1/2
Tamartack	116
Parrott	24 1/2
Quincy	91 1/2
Sante Fe	75 1/2
Trinity	75 1/2
Trimountain	10 1/2
United States	21
Utah	41 1/2
U S Oil	11
Victoria	4 1/2
Waco	8 1/2
Wolverine	131 1/2
Western Tel pfd	91
West End	91 1/2
West End pfd	110
Wyandotte	98

CARNEY & BUNKER

GOLD, SILVER AND NICKEL PLATERS

LATEST SHARP FIGHTING

Gen. Kuropatkin's Outposts Were Forced to Retreat

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30. 4.50 p. m.—From a reliable source the Associated Press hears that sharp fighting has occurred near Mukden, resulting in the Japanese driving in General Kuropatkin's outposts.

JAPANESE REPULSED AT PORT ARTHUR

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30.—The general staff has received news that in the general assault on Port Arthur from September 20 to September 26, the Japanese were everywhere repulsed.

MARSHAL OYAMA WAITING FOR STORES

MUKDEN, Sept. 30.—The delay in the resumption of the aggressive by Field Marshal Oyama, according to the best information is due to the necessity of making good the losses which he sustained at Liao Yang and to the bringing up of stores and munitions.

But the preparations for an active forward movement of the Japanese now seem to have been completed and a serious collision is regarded as imminent.

CAPTURED JUNK BURNED BY JAPS

CHIEFOO, Sept. 30.—A Japanese torpedo destroyer at midnight last night, landed near Chiefoo. The Chinese coast guard, when the Japanese had taken from a junk which was attempting to run the blockade and carry mail from Port Arthur. The captured junk was burned. The Chinese said that two Russians disguised as Chinese were kept prisoners on the destroyer and that Chinese probably perished in the flames of the burning junk.

The Chinese who left Port Arthur, Sept. 27, confirm the Associated Press' report of Sept. 28, saying that the last assault was the old story over again. The Japanese intrepidly entering the Russian positions but being unable to remain in face of the fire from the large forts.

CARGO OF FLOUR SEIZED BY RUSSIANS

ASTOR, Ore., Sept. 30.—The Oriental liner Arabia of the Portland-Pacific line has arrived here from far eastern ports. The Arabia was captured by the Russian Vladivostok squadron, July 22, 100 miles north of Yokohama. The

cruiser Gromobol brought the Arabia to a stop and three or four hundred men came aboard.

The Arabia was taken to Vladivostok where 65,000 sacks of flour were removed from her, 35,000 sacks being left on board. The steamer also had on board 90 flat cars which the Russians threw into the sea. They washed ashore along the beach where they were rotting when the line finally was released.

"We were at Vladivostok for 23 days," said Captain Baile, "and there met the crews of several captured vessels. The Russian officers showed us every courtesy and personally our relations with them could not have been more pleasant."

"The battle with Vice-Admiral Kammura's squadron, the Russia was literally shot full of holes and I am confident repairs could not be made inside of several months. The Gromobol also was badly used up. We left Vladivostok August 28."

RUSSIA DENIES BLAME FOR WAR

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30.—The Novoye Vremya, commenting on the hostility shown by other powers toward Russia, says: "Russia is now carrying on two wars—the sanguinary conflict in the far east and a bloodless, diplomatic one in the courts of Europe."

The article concludes thus: "All talks of peace congresses and intervention are simply dangerous manoeuvres, flanking, turning movements, so to speak, but when the nations of the world cry out against the inhumanity of this war they must remember that we did not start it."

DEARTH OF NEWS FROM THE FRONT

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30, 2.50 a. m.—The absence of the emperor, who has gone to Odesa, is causing an even greater dearth of official news from the front than has been experienced heretofore.

Communication with Mukden has been practically suspended and St. Petersburg is therefore suffering another period of anxiety and suspense at the time when the information had been given that important developments were imminent between the armies of General Kuropatkin and Field Marshal Oyama. Port Arthur is more isolated than ever and the only news from that place comes by way of Vladivostok. It contains, however, the hopeful intimation that

the garrison is confident of being able to hold out until the first of the year. It was reported last night that Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolaevitch's commission as commander of the Manchurian armies has been made out. The statement cannot be confirmed. The report was coupled with the revival of the story that Viceroy Alexieff will return to St. Petersburg and become chancellor of the empire. The latter report is not credited in the best informed circles although it is admitted that the viceroy will probably return if Grand Duke Nicholas is sent to the far east.

The only position to which he could succeed, in the opinion of those who believe in Alexieff's still enjoying the emperor's confidence is that of chancellor.

The cruiser Oleg, which was preparing for sea at Cronstadt, broke her cylinder while making her trial trip, and probably six weeks will be required to make the necessary repairs. The other ships of the Baltic squadron are still engaged in target practice at the fleet manoeuvres at Ravel.

ALL IS QUIET AT VLADIVOSTOK

VLADIVOSTOK, Sept. 30.—Private reports from Port Arthur state that the garrison there is confident of being able to hold out until the beginning of next year.

The report is confirmed of the loss of three Japanese torpedo boats and the damaging of a Japanese cruiser by coming in contact with Russian mines.

All is quiet at Vladivostok. Grand Duke Alexander Nikolaevitch has telegraphed here offering the hospitality of a specially constructed villa on his estate at Altidor, in the Crimea, to officers wounded in sea fighting. Admiral Skrydloff has given permission to Lieutenant Dombrowski and Midshipman Baron Amintoff to accept the invitation and they will start for Altidor shortly.

RUSSIA'S MOTTO "WELFARE OF PEOPLE"

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30.—1 p. m.—The war in the far east has been momentarily thrown in the shade by the universal acclaim with which the Russian press this morning greets the succession of Prince Sviatopolk Mirsky to the office of minister of the interior.

The press is marking the inauguration of a liberal regime. All the papers print the minister's speech at the reception yesterday of the officials of the ministry, and by the side of it, by special authorization of the minister of the interior, the interview of the Associated Press with the minister at Vilna Sept. 23. Many of the papers also print the emperor's manifesto of 1903. The editorials all breathe a tone of relief at the passing of the Von Helldorf regime and intense satisfaction at the dawn of brighter days.

The interview of the Associated Press with the minister of the interior is accepted as an amplification of the minister's words to his associates. The Russ enliven its editorial "A System of Confidence," and says:

"A year and a half have elapsed since the manifesto was issued, but the former minister was far from encouraging the cooperation of the people concerned. He deliberately excluded them and fostered an atmosphere of mutual suspicion. The new minister realizes that the only way to obtain lasting results is to give lasting effect to the liberal pledges contained in the manifesto, take the people into his confidence and ask for the hearty cooperation of all classes. There is no necessity for pointing out that this method of applying the manifesto is a new departure."

In the minister's interview with the Associated Press, his words were addressed primarily to the Zemstvos. He says:

"I believe in the Zemstvos and am convinced that they can render the greatest service."

"It is undoubtedly the mission of the government, in the truest sense, to cordially strive for their success and not to see in Zemstvos an attempt to thwart the government's aims and ambitions. The noble, generous words

of the minister should call forth a worthy response from the Zemstvos which are about to convene. They will not fail to cooperate by pointing out the immediate requirements of the country. Through the united action of the government, the Zemstvos and the people, by stimulating the moral forces, the nation should succeed in establishing the organization of the country upon a solid basis. We greet the coming era of union as the dawn of a new and renovated Russia."

The Novoye Vremya says: "The minister's words advocating mutual confidence between the government and people will satisfy the cravings which all the people in Russia have long felt, but have only been able to mutually express."

The Dnipro Gazette, heads its editorial "A Policy of Sincerity," and says: "The confidence thus expressed towards the Russian nation and the Russian press will not be betrayed."

Continuing the Dnipro Gazette welcomed the minister's words in the Associated Press interview as a confirmation of the reports that the prince entertains the most enlightened and liberal views. The Gazette says Prince Sviatopolk Mirsky's words yesterday and his statements to the Associated Press at Vilna augur tranquility, progress, mutual confidence and unshakable labor, adding: "These are golden words which will go down in history. 'The welfare of the people,' such is Russia's motto now."

TO SUCCEED HILL
HEAD OF TAMMANY HALL IS PICKED.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Charles F. Murphy will in all probability be the candidate of Tammany Hall for all the interests which can be allied with it, for the leadership of the democratic party in the state of New York, to succeed David B. Hill, when he retires Jan. 1. There have been many callers at Tammany Hall from the various districts of the state since the convention. The "regulars" at Tammany say these callers are democrats of importance in their communities. It is learned that these men are in a movement to show Murphy that he can get a majority of the state committee place in Hill's shoes.

The coming self-elimination of Hill leaves the place in a bad way for a leader. Judge Herrick, if he is elected governor, can scarcely undertake the leadership, because his election will largely depend upon the public dissatisfaction with Murphy's friends in the state. It is said that Judge Herrick regards Murphy very highly, and will throw his influence in favor of the Tammany leader, taking the place of the retiring Hill.

It is declared by Murphy's friends that he holds the strongest hand in the state. It is said that Judge Herrick regards Murphy very highly, and will throw his influence in favor of the Tammany leader, taking the place of the retiring Hill.

It is declared by Murphy's friends that he holds the strongest hand in the state. It is said that Judge Herrick regards Murphy very highly, and will throw his influence in favor of the Tammany leader, taking the place of the retiring Hill.

It is declared by Murphy's friends that he holds the strongest hand in the state. It is said that Judge Herrick regards Murphy very highly, and will throw his influence in favor of the Tammany leader, taking the place of the retiring Hill.

PARISH MEETING TO MAKE PLANS FOR ST. PATRICK'S OLD HOME NIGHT

A well attended and enthusiastic meeting of the young people of St. Patrick's parish was held in the school hall last evening for the purpose of making plans for the coming Old Home Night of the parish, to be held in Huntington and Jackson halls.

A novel feature of the Old Home Night will be an attraction for the men who do not care to dance. Jackson hall will be devoted exclusively to this feature, and the details will be announced later. It will be the most novel thing of its kind ever held in Lowell.

DEATHS

McELROY—Annie McElroy, aged 22 years, died this morning at the home of her sister, Mrs. Timothy Keefe of Graton street, South Lowell.

BEMENT—The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Bement will take place from her late home, 818 Merrimack street Sunday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Friends invited.

DONNELLY—The funeral of Mary E. Donnelly took place this afternoon at three o'clock from the home of her parents, 131 High street. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery and was under the direction of Funeral Director Charles H. Molloy.

LEREAU—Died in this city yesterday, at the residence of her parents, 617 East Merrimack street, Juliette, infant daughter of Alphonse and Eulalie Lereau, aged 1 month, 3 days.

WALSH—Mrs. Elizabeth E. Walsh, aged 53 years, died this morning at her home, 32 Suffolk street. The deceased leaves to mourn her loss a husband, Thomas J., two children, Mary C. and Thomas J. Jr., three sisters, Mrs. Mary Walsh, Mrs. Margaret Walsh, and Mrs. Mary Walsh, and Mrs. Jacob Dasser of Dover and five brothers, T. C. Mooney of East Chelmsford, James of Colchester, Patrick of Haverhill, N. H., and John and Jeremiah of Bangor, Me.

EARL—Died in New Sharon, Me. Wednesday, Mrs. Sarah Tucker Earl, aged 58, only sister of Rev. Smith Baker, D.D., of Portland, Me.

DONNELLY—Mary Elizabeth Donnelly, aged 11 months and 11 days, died yesterday at the home of her parents, Bernard and Zula, 131 High street.

BEMENT—Died in this city, at her residence, 818 Merrimack street, yesterday, widow of Samuel Bement, aged 78 years. She leaves a son and daughter, Gerard and May Bement.

PULLED—Died at the Old Ladies' Home, yesterday, Mrs. Ann E. Fuller, aged 77 years.

TO PAY WORKMEN.
PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 30.—G. H. Elber, representative of the International Brotherhood of Marine, company which owns the Nautilus Preparatory training ship at Narragansett, had a conference with Attorney Edwards, representing Receiver George H. Newhall today and a mutually satisfactory arrangement was completed whereby the retention of the possession of the ship for the duration of the rights of creditors and assets on board was ordered.

The supreme court has issued an order requiring the receiver in pay to an amount not exceeding \$1500, the preferred stocks of the workmen, and to certify.

\$250,000 LOSS

Fire in Big Meat Packing Plant

CHIEF CROKER HAD A NARROW ESCAPE

Later He Rescued Two Firemen

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Nearly a quarter of a million dollars' loss has been caused by a fire which started in one of the meat packing plants on Tenth avenue. The fire started last night and early today firemen were still fighting incipient flames that were constantly breaking out.

Chief Croker had a narrow escape when he fell, with a falling floor, into a cellar. A few minutes later he rushed up the ladder and rescued two overcome firemen.

Ammonia fumes from the refrigerating plants and smoke from burning coal seriously hampered the firemen, nearly 20 of whom were overcome. The loss to the Cudahy company is estimated at \$250,000, while losses of \$75,000 to \$100,000 are sustained by the G. H. Hammond company, T. A. Wheeler company and D. P. Cunningham, keeper of a small hotel.

RESTLESS NIGHT
Postmaster General
Payne Very Weak

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The physicians in attendance upon Postmaster General Payne at 9.30 o'clock (this morning) issued the following bulletin: "The postmaster-general has a very restless night and is very weak. His condition is serious. He is resting quietly at present and free from pain."

(Signed) MAGUIRER, RIXEY.
Dr. Maguire remained with Mr. Payne all of last night and was joined in consultation early today by Surgeon General Rixey and Dr. Grayson, both of the navy.

The postmaster-general's ailment is heart trouble, a new development of his recent illness. He is also unable to retain anything on his stomach. Secretary and Mrs. Hitchcock called at the Arlington hotel and made personal inquiries as to Mr. Payne's condition.

FOREIGN OFFICE Waiting For Facts in Gurney Case

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A brief report of the incident growing out of the interest and finding at Lee, Mass., of Hugh Gurney, third secretary of the British embassy at Washington from Sir Henry Durand, British ambassador to the United States, has been received at the foreign office, but no action has been taken. It is added, however, that no action could be taken until the foreign office is in possession of all the facts. The case is regarded in official quarters as being similar to that of Spencer Eddy and J. E. White, and it is scarcely thought here that the U. S. government will suggest Mr. Gurney's recall.

ORDER REVOKED
NO MORE DUTY ON PICKLED SHEEP-SKIN.

SALEM, Mass., Sept. 30.—Congressman A. P. Gardner, in a communication today to the treasury department, announced that the recent treasury order imposing a 20 percent duty on pickled sheep-skin had been permanently revoked. While it was understood that the ruling had been held in abeyance upon a protest by the tanners and other leather men of New England, the question of the permanence of the revocation had not been announced until today. Congressman Gardner had been asked by the board of trade of Penobscot to ascertain the exact conditions. His letter giving the desired information said:

"Assistant Secretary Keep informs me that the treasury order of August 25, relative to pickled sheep-skins, has been positively revoked. Mr. Keep personally had nothing to do with the promulgation of the order now with the revocation. The order was merely issued in his name. A copy of the revocation of the order will be mailed to me from Washington tonight. In my opinion this definitely disposes of the whole matter."

Lowell Textile School Opens Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1904

Courses in Cotton and Wool Manufacturing, Chemistry and Dyeing, Weaving, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Decorative Art and Designing, Languages.

Special Day Course in Decorative Art for Women

Evening Classes Open Oct. 17

Courses in Cotton Spinning, Woolen and Worsted Spinning, Designing, Chemistry and Dyeing, Warp Preparation and Weaving, Mechanisms and Electricity.

The certificate of the school will be awarded to all who successfully complete either of the courses. Graduates of other schools will be admitted without examinations.

For all others who have not previously attended the Lowell Textile school examinations will be held in the subjects of arithmetic and English at the school.

THURSDAY, Oct. 6th

The evening courses will be free to residents of the city of Lowell. To all others the fee will be \$2.50 per term or \$5 a year. Application for admission or catalogue may be made by postal card addressed to the Principal, W. W. Crosby, Lowell, Mass.

MILLS TO OPEN

Fall River Manufacturers are Making Preparations

The general belief among the cotton brokers and mill men of Fall River is that the textile mills, which have been closed for over two months by the strike of 25,000 operatives, will reopen in two or three weeks.

Manufacturers are taking contracts for goods to be delivered early in November, and have employees at work cleaning up the mills for an early start.

It is the opinion that several mills will open on Oct. 10 and 17, and make an attempt to run steadily.

Efforts to arbitrate the strike are developing rapidly and both sides in the contest may be brought together within the next few days.

President Golden, speaking for the striking operatives, asserts that the reduction notices must first come down before any settlement can be made.

THE MILL MEN MAKING PREPARATIONS FOR AN EARLY START

FALL RIVER, Sept. 30.—That the mills will be open in two or three weeks, at the latest, is now the general belief of nearly all the brokers and most of the mill men. The latter are being besieged with applications for work of any character, and some concerns have as many as 30 employees of different departments at work cleaning floors and windows, earning any wages offered.

Continued for goods to be delivered early in November are being taken by several instances for an early start.

There is a desire expressed by some mill men to have the leaders of the striking operatives called into a conference and informed that an attempt is to be made to reopen the mills at a new wage scale, but as yet the matter has not reached the ears of the officials of the Manufacturers' association and no action has been taken. Nevertheless, the opinion is steadily growing that several mills will open Oct. 10 and 17 and will try to run steadily.

The efforts at arbitration in the textile strike are developing rapidly, and today have been considerable. It is understood that the efforts of the merchants' association are likely to extend to the state board of arbitration, and that within a few days representatives of both sides will be interviewed, with a view to framing some policy as a groundwork for a compromise.

In an unofficial way an effort was made today to sound both sides as to their attitude on a proposition to start the mills up for a provisional term of 60 days, at the end of which time the wage dispute would be settled on the conditions then prevailing.

It has been stated by both sides that a conference would be held, but each desires a definite proposition to discuss. This is not forthcoming, although efforts to reach one have not been abandoned. An attempt was

LA FOLLETTE CASE NO DECISION HANDED DOWN BY SUPREME COURT.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 30.—The supreme court today did not hand down the decision in the La Follette case. It was realized if the court did not hand down the decision today that everything depended upon the date to which an adjournment should be taken at the conclusion of the day's work. It is probable that the court, late this afternoon, will take an adjournment from anywhere from four days to a week in order to allow Judge Caswell to reorganize his strength sufficiently to hold an extended conference with the other judges. It is practically certain that no opinion has yet been made in the case.

MARSHALL ADAMS DEAD.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., Sept. 30.—Marshall L. Adams, selectman, assessor and treasurer of the poor since 1880 and a member of the republican state committee, died today. He was 65 years of age. A widow and one son survive.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, pain results. Irregular living means derangement. Headache or Liver trouble, Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjust this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25¢ at F. H. Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street.

FALL OPENING

FINE MILLINERY
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
SEPTEMBER 30 AND OCTOBER 1.

GREGOIRE'S, Lowell's Greatest Millinery Store
133 to 137 MERRIMACK STREET.

Double Dark Blue Stamps Given on All Purchases

JOHN F. SAUNDERS

159 Gorham Street, Cor. Summer

BEEF IS CHEAPER

AND SPECIAL ON FOLLOWING:

On All Kinds of Stamps

120 with 1 lb 50c Baking Powder.

150 with 1 lb 70c Tea.

100 with 1 lb 80c Tea.

70 with 1 lb 60c Tea.

10 with 1 lb 15c Butterine.

10 with 1 pk 10c Mince.

10 with 1 pk 5c Pancake Flour.

5 with 1 pk 3c Force.

5 with 1 pk 10c Presto.

20 with 1 lb 25c Coffee.

20 with 1 lb 20c Coffee.

10 with 1 bottle 20c Blue.

10 with 1 can 12c Tea.

10 with 1 can 12c Tomatoes.

10 with 1 pk 10c Corn Starch.

10 with 1 pk 14c Norka Oats.

10 with 1 pk Malted Oats.

SPECIAL ON CORN BEEF—3 for 1 of any kind of Stamps on the best 6c and 7c Corn Beef

NOYES & DEWAR CO.

LOWELL'S CREDIT CLOTHIERS

157 MIDDLESEX STREET

We want all the young men of Lowell, that have not yet become one of our customers, to make a special effort to call before lines are broken up, and look over our range of

Fall and Winter Clothing

You will find on our tables every style, cut, material and color, made by the largest manufacturers in the trade, and shown by the leading custom tailors for this season. After an investigation you will do as all your friends have done, buy your clothing from NOYES & DEWAR CO., whose reputation for knowing how to cater for the quiet styles, to the most extreme is like the rock of Gibraltar, will stand forever.

Men's Suits—Single and Double Breasted

In Cassimeres, Imported Scotch, Scotch effects and unfinished Worsteds. Brown, Brown Plaids, Oriental Tans, Greys, etc. The above are of the most honest make and genuine comparison with any house in the trade.

This is Facts, Call and See For Yourself

OUR YOUNG MEN'S DEPARTMENT is one of the most complete in the city. We know what the boys want, and buy the goods. Do not allow yourselves to be talked into last year's goods, buy from us, every line new.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT—As much attention paid to their wants as for the older ones.

FURNISHING DEPARTMENT, is up to date in every respect.

HATS AND CAPS—All the leading styles and colors.

NOYES & DEWAR CO.

CLOTHING FURNISHERS AND HATTERS

157 Middlesex Street

Sign of the Red Star

DARK BLUE TRADING STAMPS

JUMPED A WALL

Railroad Accident at South Braintree

FIREMAN DIED AS RESULT OF INJURIES

Engineer is in a Critical Condition

SOUTH BRAINTREE, Sept. 30.—Seventy-five passengers on the train leaving Plymouth at 11.55 and due in Boston at 1.17, had a miraculous escape from death or serious injury yesterday afternoon when the locomotive jumped the tracks between the South Braintree and South Weymouth stations.

William A. Adams, aged 50, of Mattapan, the engineer, and Elbridge C. Cook, aged 25, of Dorchester, the fireman, were both seriously injured.

Engineer Adams has a compound fracture of the left leg below the knee and his right leg is broken. He is also cut and injured about the head. He is at the Massachusetts general hospital, in Boston. His condition is critical.

Fireman Cook's right leg was crushed off below the knee and his left leg was broken. He was conscious when he arrived at the Massachusetts general hospital, but was very weak, and died from his injuries at 7.25 last night.

The accident occurred about 14 miles from the South Braintree station, or about half way between the station here and South Weymouth, the next station below on the Plymouth branch. The exact spot was about 500 yards beyond the Liberty-st. bridge.

The train was composed of engine 537, passenger car 128, combination baggage and passenger car 248 and smoking car 248. It left South Weymouth at 12.15 and was due here at 12.52. It was in charge of conductor Wynan H. Lincoln of Cohasset.

The train was on time and was running at a good rate of speed, some of the passengers estimating it at 25 to 30 miles an hour, just before the Liberty-st. bridge was reached, where the track makes a long but gradual curve and the passengers felt a terrific bump as if the emergency brakes had been suddenly applied. Then the cars seemed to jump up and down and finally came to a stop with a crash that threw everyone from their seats.

The passengers, wild with terror, and

not knowing what had happened, ran to the exits as soon as the train had stopped. When they alighted a terrible spectacle met their eyes. The huge locomotive was over a stone wall at the left-hand side of the track, about 60 feet from the track, and had turned a complete somersault. The engineer and fireman were near the stone wall on the ground, the fireman with a leg crushed off and the engineer with both legs broken.

The tender had become detached and was thrown down the track about 60 feet toward the bridge. It landed between the tracks and had been turned around completely, as was the engine.

The tender was also detached from the engine behind it, and when the latter tumbled and rolled along the ties past the engine they brought up with a sudden stop against the tender.

Acting as a sort of a bumper, the tender probably prevented the cars from running away far enough to be wrecked by dashing into the stone wall. The forward steps of the first car were torn away by the impact with the tender, but beyond that there was no damage to the cars. It was a curious fact which railroad men commented on, that, despite the shaking and banging which the cars got, only one pane of glass was broken.

TWO KINGS

ATTENDED THE FUNERAL OF PROF. FINSEN.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 30.—Few scientists have been recognized in death as was Prof. Niels Finsen (discoverer of the so-called Finsen rays of light for the cure of lupus, and head of the Finsen gray institute here who died today at his funeral which was held in the Frederik church. The kings of Denmark and Greece were present and almost every other European ruler was represented, while princesses and high ministers of state and leading scientists came to pay a last tribute to the dead man. Among these famous personages several more humble mourners were seen—patients who Finsen had cured. Wreaths, carried by special representatives, came from Emperor William, King Edward, Queen Alexandra and Count Von Tatten, the German imperial chancellor. The crown prince of Denmark and Princess Waldemar Karl and Hans were present in the church. The coffin was hidden beneath flowers, and hundreds of doctors, medical students and patients followed it to the grave.

JOHN REDMOND

RAISED \$200 AT MEETING IN MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 30.—John Redmond, the Irish leader, addressed a large meeting of Irishmen here last evening. A subscription in aid of the funds of the Irish party netted \$200, in sums ranging from 25 cents to \$100.

GET NATURALIZED

Before the Election Rush is On

DOES NOT PAY TO WAIT UNTIL ELEVENTH HOUR

Son of Registered Voter Got Minor Papers

Persons anxious to get naturalized or persons interested in getting others naturalized should bear in mind that they can get naturalized at any time during the year.

There is always a big rush about election time and sometimes the rush is so great that some of the applicants for naturalization get left. It does not pay to wait until the eleventh hour.

The process of naturalization abounds in situations that are peculiar. It was only yesterday that the son of a registered voter made application for his minor papers.

He told his story to Judge Hadley and the latter told him that while there was no necessity for him to go through the naturalization process, he was willing to put him through if he wanted to go.

The young man came to Lowell when he was 15 years old.

His father took out his naturalization papers at Oakland, California 20 years ago and is a registered voter in Lowell.

When the young man asked to be registered the registrars told him he would have to produce a copy of his father's naturalization papers before they could allow him to register.

The registrars admitted that the applicant's father was a registered voter in Lowell, but they insisted that the young man could not register unless he produced a copy of his father's papers.

It so happened that his father had lost his papers and rather than go to the trouble of writing to the California courts for a copy he advised his boy to get naturalized and he did. Judge Hadley allowed that the case was a little bit out of the ordinary.

ORDER IS STRONG

Ladies Auxiliary A. O. H. Prosperous

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—The biennial session of Middlesex county board of the ladies' auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in Malta hall, Cambridgeport, yesterday and last night, was the largest of its kind held in that county since the order was instituted at Lowell, Oct. 7, 1894. At the morning session Mrs. Kate E. Burke of Somerville, county president, appointed the various committees. Their work took up nearly all of the forenoon session.

According to the report of the committee on credentials, 131 delegates were present at the morning session. Previous to hearing the report the convention was addressed by Mrs. Annie F. McSweeney, state secretary of the ladies' auxiliary who spoke at length on the growth of the order throughout the state. The work that the organization is engaged in, Mrs. McSweeney said, is being indorsed in all sections, some of its most active supporters being the Catholic clergymen.

Mrs. McSweeney complimented Middlesex county on being the originator of the ladies' auxiliary in this state, and said that the county was one of the largest contributors to the \$10,000 fund being raised to found a chair for the higher education of women of Irish descent at Trinity college, Washington.

In her report Mrs. Burke, the county president, said that never in the history of the order in Middlesex county was it in better condition to fulfill its obligations than at present. She reported large gains in membership, divisions and the finances of the order. She urged every delegate to do her part in making the order better known and to always remember the important part the order is now taking for the betterment of the condition of the people of Irish birth or extraction in this country and at home.

When the books of the auxiliary closed Dec. 31 of last year there was a membership of 2212 in 31 divisions in the county. This was an increase of seven divisions and 220 members. Up to July 1 the net increase in members was brought up to 355 and one additional division was instituted.

Mrs. Susan A. McNamee, the county treasurer, reported that the receipts from all sources was \$10,270.45. Of this sum \$8,889.21 was paid out. During her term the order paid out \$364.24 for sick and funeral benefits and \$307.22 for charitable purposes.

The amount on hand, including property, at the last report was \$748.35. The amount on hand July 1 of this year, including personal property, was \$976.65. The receipts for use of the county board during the term was \$23.03, and the expenses, including those of the delegate to national convention at St. Louis and of 12 county board meetings, etc., was \$152.50. The largest amount in the treasury of any one division is that of division 3 of Somerville, which has \$100.00. The division with the largest membership is 25 of Everett, with 157 members.

At the afternoon session officers were elected as follows: Mrs. Kate E. Burke of Somerville, president; Mrs. Mary L. Lague of Woburn, vice president; Mrs. Susan A. McNamee of Somerville, treasurer; Mrs. Mary O'Rourke of Holliston, secretary; Miss Catherine T. Murphy of South Framingham, Mrs. Nellie Stevens of Somerville and Mrs. Julia A. Crookwell of Medford directors. They were installed by Mrs. Annie F. McSweeney, state secretary, assisted by Miss Elizabeth A. Dowd, secretary of Suffolk county.

An invitation to hold the next session in Somerville was accepted.

LOBSTER CLUB

ANNUAL OUTING HELD AT WILLOW DALE.

The annual outing of the Lobster club was held at Willow Dale yesterday afternoon, about 75 members being present, including Mayor Howe and other members of the city government, together with a number of the local leading politicians.

Nothing in the way of political speaking, except of course, what was done on the side, was in evidence and a jolly good time was held with clams and other good things to eat.

MARX SHED TEARS

Under Medical Examiner's Testimony

THE BLOODSTAINED AND MUTILATED CLOTHING

Produced in Court by the Prosecution

NEW LONDON, Conn., Sept. 30.—For the first time since the opening of the trial for murder of Joseph Pavoli at Colchester, Gershom Marx, showed signs of weakness yesterday afternoon, when Dr. R. R. Gandy of Colchester, the medical examiner for the town, described in minute details, his examination of the body of his alleged victim. Marx stood up with his face paced against the iron bars of the cage and followed every word of the witness with intense interest.

When Dr. Gandy described the nature of the wounds and stated that nothing but a keen instrument could have severed the flesh, tears trickled down the face of the prisoner and he wiped his eyes.

After the witness had left the stand, however, Marx appeared to get possession of himself and again assumed the stolid air borne all through the ordeal of selecting the jury.

An impressive feature of Dr. Gandy's testimony was his illustration of the fractures of Pavoli's head. Taking a piece of black marking lead, the witness drew several lines upon the forehead of State Attorney Lewis and the marks were allowed to stay during the remainder of the afternoon session.

A box was brought into the court room, and Dr. Gandy took out the mutilated, blood-stained clothing and gave minute description of each fragment and where cuts were made.

Charles A. Kraemer, who lives half a mile from Marx's place at Colchester, testified that in March, he met Marx driving toward town. The accused man looked sick and when asked if he was sick, Marx said he had been up all night preparing fodder for his cows.

When asked where the hired man was, Kraemer testified, Marx dropped the reins, threw up his hands and exclaimed:

"I have settled with him." Kraemer stated that he assisted in removing the body from the cold collar and that he identified it as Pavoli's.

The jury was selected yesterday morning, after 55 men had been examined. Philip Davis, a young Hebrew, was arraigned in the police court yesterday on a charge of attempting to intimidate Michael Levin, a government witness in the Marx murder trial. At the request of the prosecuting attorney Davis was remanded in bonds of \$500 for a hearing today.

TRIED TO SUICIDE

JOSEPH H. EDWARDS ATE SULPHUR ENDS OF MATCHES.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—A despatch from St. Louis says: Joseph H. Edwards, former manager of a blow company's branch at New Orleans, who was brought here from Denver, en route to New Orleans, to face charges of embezzling \$15,000, at

tempted to commit suicide after leaving Denver. Though handcuffed he managed to break up a hand mirror

and swallow some of the glass and when discovered was eating the sulphur and of matches. Edwards was

out of danger when St. Louis was reached. He was taken to New Orleans.

Economy Sense--Not Nonsense

The art of attracting people's attention in a newspaper is applied by storekeepers in a dozen different ways, and misapplied in hundreds. It is the easiest thing in the world to catch the eye of a buyer and arrest one's attention. People tire of bold statements of marvelous values you read in the daily papers. This store's advertising is honestly and conservatively stated. When we announce a sale it is a sale in the fullest meaning of the word—backed up by all that a sale implies—value, merit, economy sense, not nonsense. Now days you read many ads. with a contemptuous smile; you have reasons for being skeptical, for the cold type tells you it's a fraud on the face of it. No store can give you a \$10.00 or \$15.00 article for \$5.00 every day in the year. The Lowell One Price Clothing Co. has grown to be the most reliable store in this section by always giving superior values at all times, and most exceptional values at special sales.

Dependable Boys' Clothing AT BOTTOM PRICES

CAST IRON SUITS they're called—for the strong, wide-awake, healthy young fellows from 8 to 16—strong enough to play shindy, football or any other games; made of strictly pure wool chevrons and suitcases; dyed in the gamma, utterly fast color; pants double seat and knee, taped seams that cannot run. These are the greatest suits ever offered at this low price. We've sold a great many since the re-opening of schools. Mothers have advertised them, so have the boys, 'cause they are worth \$3.50 any day. To suit the season's selling with a rush in this busy boys' department, we've marked these suits

\$2.48

Immense line of **TWO-PIECE DOUBLE-BREADED SUITS**, all pants made with double seat and knee and double taped seams. Also Norfolk Suits, Eton Suits, representing a large variety of material, especially well made, brand new goods that you probably cannot find elsewhere under \$3.00; here at the opening of the season at

\$1.98**Other Good Things Which Economical Mothers Should Not Pass**

Children's Heavy Weight Blue Sailor Suits, nicely trimmed and braided, worth \$1.50, at..... 98c
Boys' Solid Corduroy Knee Pants, worth 65c, at..... 45c
The best Knee Pants in the land at..... 50c

Solid Blue Cheviot Pants, taped seams, will not rip, the 38c kind, at..... 25c
Boys' Black Cat Stockings, full weight, triple knee, all sizes at..... 25c

Thousands of New Suits, in three-piece, single or double breasted with vest; Norfolk Suits and Bomber Suits, Sailor and Eton Suits, representing every sort of material; linings and trimmings are the very best. Every new fashioned garment, up to..... \$8.00

Boys' and Girls' Caps, fancy Eton, Norfolk, Golf and Jockey shapes and Tams, autumn shades, novel patterns, at..... 15c, 25c, 35c, 45c, up to \$1.00
Boys' Fall Shirts, new colorings..... 25c, 45c, up to 95c
Boys' Strictly Fast-Black Hose, worth 15c, at 10c Pair

MONEY'S WORTH OR MONEY BACK**Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.**

72-86 Merrimack Street

MISS S. P. CHASE

FALL OPENING

Friday and Saturday, Sept. 30, Oct. 1

All the latest designs from New York and Paris will be shown. Everybody invited.

20 CENTRAL STREET

A FULL LINE OF HIGH CLASS**FALL MILLINERY**

NOVELTIES IN HATS AND BONNETS AT

MISS B. E. WILLARD'S OPENING

Friday and Saturday, Sept. 30 and Oct. 1

448 Merrimack Street

WE SHALL DISPLAY ON

Friday and Saturday

SEPTEMBER 30 AND OCTOBER 1

The Newest Ideas in

FALL MILLINERY

For Ladies, Misses and Children

We Shall Also be Prepared to Show an Up-to-date Line of

FURS**A. M. ABELS**

177-179 Merrimack St.

GILBRIDE'S Busy Corner

We Will Give Double Merchants Legal Stamps Saturday. This is the Best Stamp

**GILBRIDE'S Busy Corner****Leading Autumn Styles**

In Tailored Suits, Skirts and Coats

DEVOTEES OF DAME FASHION will find delight in visiting our Women's Ready-to-Wear Department on the 2nd floor. Here you will behold a large and varied collection of Fall and Winter Fashions in Suits, Coats, Skirts, Etc. Every taste can be gratified here, quality and style compared point for point. Every garment in this magnificent collection is marked at prices lower than others are asking and our prices too, are lower than ever.

Advance Styles in Women's New Tailored Suits

Coats 24 inches long, fitted back, reefer front. Skirts nine gore pleated, made from fancy chevrons or plain all-wool chevrons. A splendid suit and well worth \$20. Special at **\$15**

Suits made from men's wear mixtures and Lyonsville chevrons, in black, blue and brown. Tight fitting coats, 32 inches long, shaped front with fancy vest. Skirt has eleven gores and is beautifully finished; was made to retail for \$32.50. Our price **\$25**

Women's Tourist Coats

Made from extra good covert cloth, 41 inches long, full backed and collarless. Well worth \$10. Priced at **\$8.50**

Other Tourist Coats, made from all-wool novelties, full weight. The best values in Lowell at prices ranging **\$10 to \$18**

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Our Men's Furnishing Department is located on first floor, just to the left of our Corner Entrance. Here you will find the most up-to-date stock in Lowell and at prices that defy competition.

One Lot of Men's Underwear, all sizes, have sold for 75c and \$1.00. While they last, **49c**

Our Line of Autumn Neckwear comprises the prettiest styles we have ever offered for the money. New shades, new shapes, well worth 50c. For Saturday **25c**

Men's Shirts, woven colors, sold elsewhere at \$1.00. Your choice for **63c**

Men's Wool Hose, in Camel's Hair, black and gray. A splendid value for **12 1-2c**

Women's Neckwear Dept.

We carry all the latest styles in Beaded Collars, Point D'Gauze Collars and Venice Lace Stocks.

We have a collar we'll sell for..... **10c**
Better collars for a little more money.

Jewelry Dept.

you may find something you need. The prices will interest you. Beaded Necklaces in..... **10c**
Blue..... **25c**

We Are Selling Ribbons at Prices That Will Tempt You to Buy

Taffeta Ribbons in all the new colorings, 3 in. wide..... **10c yd**

Satin Taffeta Ribbons, 4 inches wide, can be used for trimming children's school hats. Regular price 12c. For Saturday..... **12 1-2c yd**

Fancy Ribbon in plaid stripes and polka dots. All the newest designs..... **25c yd**

New Veil for Autumn Wear

We have all the newest styles in Vels at..... **15c, 25c, 50c yd**
..... **50c yd**

Children Veiling, hemstitched, in brown, only.....

DON'T FORGET OUR LIBERAL OFFER OF MERCHANTS LEGAL STAMPS. 2 FOR 1 SATURDAY.

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press; the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was **14,590** A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

14,652 The sworn daily average circulation for eight months of 1904 was **14,652**

This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

The real Irish nationalists have no faith in the Dunraven reform association. Michael Davitt is rather disposed to think that the association is devised to weaken the power of the movement represented by Mr. Redmond.

SPLIT UP ON RECIPROCITY.

The republicans are hopelessly split up upon the matter of reciprocity. Here is Senator Lodge declaring for reciprocity with Canada in competitive products and General Draper of Hopedale condemning such a scheme of reciprocity as the abomination of free trade. Verily the state convention will have to do some solid work in harmonizing so as to avoid a conflict on the floor. Lodge, however, can be relied upon to "fix things" in advance. Lodge is famous for that.

GURNEY MIGHT HAVE AVOIDED TROUBLE.

Secretary Gurney of the British legation has got himself and others into a pretty mess. For driving an auto beyond the speed limit he was brought into police court at Lee and fined \$25 for the offense and an equal amount for contempt of court. Now it happens that under the provisions of international law Gurney represented His Majesty King Edward VII and as such is not amenable to punishment in our courts. Accordingly the fines will have to be remitted and the judge who imposed the fines will have to admit his error. Not only this, the state and national officials will have to apologize for the action of the judge; but the British officials will deal with Gurney. He will probably be recalled on account of his flouting in this scandal. Had he paid the fine and thanked the judge for his kindness, he would have avoided all this notoriety and held his place into the bargain.

MR. WALMSLEY'S ADMIRABLE ADDRESS.

Herbert B. Walmsley, president of the New England Cotton association, in his recent address before the association has earned the gratitude of all mill operatives by telling the unprogressive mill men what the real trouble is and how futile it is to think that the trouble can be overcome by cutting wages. Could any man put the truth more tersely or more strikingly up to his associates than does Mr. Walmsley in the following?—

"Let us be outspoken in the matter and place the responsibility and the blame where it belongs. It is high time to speak plainly and without equivocation, the time for smooth words and evasion has gone by. Where conditions have arrived at such a pass, that is, where mills are in such an unfortunate and unenviable position that they cannot any longer run with any degree of profit, let men close down and go out of business altogether and the sooner the better. They are nothing more and nothing less than a demoralizing and disturbing element in what would otherwise be a healthy, vigorous and satisfactory situation. Mills of this undesirable character, and unfortunately it is to be feared there are too many such in New England, could not compete with the well-equipped southern mills, even were they to pay the same wages and run the same number of hours, from the fact and for the simple reason that their machinery is antiquated, it is not so good as the machinery of the southern mills, and in no condition to meet any kind of competition on any class of work or under any circumstances. In the fact of it on their own admission they cannot compete with their worn-out, obsolete machinery, barely able to make even the cheap low-grade goods they have so long and so blindly persisted in making and still continue to make and for which there is not a sufficient demand at anything like remunerative prices. No such short-sighted policy can possibly succeed in New England or any other place for that matter. If today the management of any individual mill or of any particular group of mills in New England will still persist in the production of such yarns and fabrics, in which particular line of product, competition is the keenest, and margins are the narrowest they inevitably invite defeat and disaster, which they can alone expect and will surely receive. If again the cotton industry of New England or any particular section of the industry has any hope of success, it is in the interest of the general well-being, advancement and prosperity of the entire community, regarded from any and every point of view. The real and true self-interest of the employer will not permit of any forced and continued attempt to reduce wages below a normal or legitimate standard."

On the wage question Mr. Walmsley is equally progressive, equally correct, and up-to-date when he says:

"As to the rate of wages—far better look this problem squarely in the face also, and equally freely and candidly admit that the standard or normal rate of wages in the New England cotton mill never can nor will be brought down to the level of the Southern standard. The difference in the cost of living, alone, between these two sections of the country, makes such a thing impossible. I do not hesitate to say, in the most emphatic manner, that in my judgment, any such reduction or leveling down is neither desirable nor necessary. Rather should we aim for higher standards in the interest of the general well-being, advancement and prosperity of the entire community, regarded from any and every point of view. The real and true self-interest of the employer will not permit of any forced and continued attempt to reduce wages below a normal or legitimate standard."

On the matter of strikes and lock-outs he speaks with a degree of fairness and an apparent willingness to make the best of the inevitable that is refreshing as coming from a prominent mill man. Here is part of what he says on this important point:

"There is small need to point out or recount reasons which demonstrate the evils of strikes or lock-outs; at best, they are a clumsy, unrefined, and outrageous remedy. The pity is that such occurrences so often become inevitable. We can ill-afford these wretched conflicts, entailing such severe losses upon both sides, and such untold misery and suffering upon labor. These 'rights to a finish' jeopardizing the very existence of the cotton industry are to be deprecated and discontinued, dislocating the trade and driving much of it into the hands of our competitors. Recognizing, therefore, to the full, the dangers of future strife, provision should be made for the settlement of disputes, in an amicable and broad-minded manner, less than the common interest of both parties, should supply any want so far as appears. Let both sides do what they can to agree upon the principles upon which they alone are competent to speak."

In view of such practical views by a mill man, we are led to take a more favorable view of the future of the textile industry in New England. What Mr. Walmsley says of poor mill management has been illustrated in this city for many years in perhaps more than one mill, and the managers who are responsible for running a mill into the ground as a rule are disposed to believe that they can remedy matters by reducing wages below the average at which it is possible to live. His views upon strikes and lock-outs are equally apt and in the line of progress. The mill man who adopts the policy outlined by Mr. Walmsley in this address is reasonably sure to have no strikes and no labor troubles of any kind, while if he keeps his machinery to the times he can compete successfully with any mill in the land and make dividends where before he had to put up the calamity plant when the time came for computing the profits.

SEEN AND HEARD

The Water Wagon club organized about two weeks ago has, already, a membership of 54 and business is falling off in certain drinking places. The club is destined to do a great deal of good.

Many local people who have found marriage a failure would welcome a change in the legal conditions of marriage as predicted by George Meredith.

"Whether it's cold or whether it's hot, We've got to whether it Whether or not."

A local fisherman who while angling a few days ago slipped up a stone and fell into the water with the result that he got a good ducking, does not agree with the man who wrote "He who would catch fish must not mind getting wet."

Stanley Gibbons of New York has just sold to an American collector, an undivided block of four New South Wales penny stamps of the issue of 1900 for \$1000. The firm says that this is probably the rarest block of stamps that has ever passed into the hands of an American collector, as most of the choice stamps are sold to European collectors.

The first issue of New South Wales consisted of a small square stamp with the word "Postage" at the top and "One Penny" at the bottom, and contains what was supposed to be a view of the harbor of Sydney. The stamps have always been rare unused, and some of the cancelled copies bring as high as \$40 to \$50 apiece.

On the promenade deck of the Teutonic, on his way to America, John Redmond, the Irish nationalist leader, was interrupted one night by the musical clang of the ship's bell and the impressive call of the watch through the darkness: "All's well." "That bell," said Mr. Redmond, "reminds me of a story. It is a story of one of those hard drinkers—those men of six and seven bottles, who were a feature of the past rather than of the present century."

"This man, busy and cherry, sat at a table one night with his room companions. The wine passed quickly from man to man. The pipes filled the air with smoke. The hours passed like minutes."

"All of a sudden it struck 1. The guests leaped up in a consternation. They said it was late and they must be going. They were amazed at the hour."

"But their hard-drinking host roared at them to resume their seats. 'Struck 1,' he said. 'What if it had? It can't strike less. Drink on. Drink on.'"

When the typewriter came into general use, not so many years ago, the practice of typewriting transcripts of legal testimony quickly did away with the old-style pen copies. Now, however, the typewriter is threatened, so far as that particular branch of work is concerned.

One of the more progressive public stenographers has for some time been furnishing printed copies of all testimony reported by him, much to satisfaction of the attorneys by whom he is employed and of the referees before whom the cases are tried. The price charged is no greater than for the typewritten copies, and there is a saving in bulk that is worth a great deal.

Even the time of delivery is shortened; for by detaching from the stenographic notes into a phonograph, and having the matter set on a typesetting machine direct from the phonograph cylinder, it is easy to secure proofs in a very few minutes, and "dilly copy" cases are no longer a bugbear to counsel.

The bank clerk put down his umbrella, shook the rain from his trousers and stepped through the station and onto the suburban train en route for home and supper.

"It's a funny thing," he said to his neighbor in the smoking car, "but the weather affects the banking business in one way just as much as it does the theatres, or the ball games, say, or the stores. I've been in it long enough to have noticed a thing or two and I believe that if I went to sleep in the bank one night I could tell what kind of weather it was outside next morning without looking out of doors and without noticing whether or not the people who came in carried umbrellas."

"How would I do it? The trick's easy. It's simply this: In wet weather the receiving teller has almost nothing to do, whereas the paying teller is just as busy as ever."

"You see, it's this way: when the weather's bad a man will put off depositing money—it's always easy to put off doing that and spending more money in the meantime. But you can bet the chap who has a check to be cashed is always in a hurry to get it done. If he does not get in going to the bank he's making money by doing it."

It's a fact the paying teller was busy all day today and the receiving teller had a regular chuck of it.—Philadelphia Press.

HARVEST SUPPER

SERVED AT THE ELIOT CHURCH.

The ladies of Eliot church served a harvest supper last evening in their commodious vestries. The function was held under the auspices of the Ladies' society, Mrs. John Graham, president. The attendance was much affected by the storm, only about 100 of the church members being courageous enough to brave the storm. Harvest suppers at Eliot church usually call out a much larger company. An orchestra furnished music. A social hour closed the evening's enjoyment. The coming month of the church left directly for the serving of supper, to rehearse for their festival which will include "A Trip to the Moon," on October 11-12.

JUDGE PARKER WILL WIN.

In a speech made before Tammany Hall in New York recently, Representative Sabers said in part: "Judge Parker will win. In my opinion we will easily carry the state of New York. Everywhere I go I find public sentiment in favor of the brilliant New York jurist. He is popular with all classes of people, and I have no doubt he will be the next president. The democrats are united and enthusiastic this year. They are alive to the task before them to wrest control of the country from the republicans and are working with vim, confidence and determination for a sweeping democratic victory."

"The empire state is safe for democracy, and we will carry all the other doubtful states. The people know Judge Parker as an honest, an upright, an able and fearless man, a great leader and a democrat through and through. The more the people know about Judge Parker the more they like him. He is growing stronger with the voters every day."

SEASON'S FASHIONS

FOR THE SMART DRESSERS OF LOWELL.

For several seasons past the vogue in men's apparel has been gray, and while the one at hand promises to continue gray, there will be some welcome changes in these sombre neutrals, since we have a new range, which includes dark, mid-steel and blue grays. And though dark ground worsteds, touched up with brightening threads of silk and imitations thereof, are to lead, that we are on the threshold of more vivid things in the masculine world of fashion is evidenced by the profusion of showy browns and pretty melanges. These cheering admixtures of color, which illuminate and enliven, are to be found in worsteds, chevots, cassimeres, and, in fact, through the whole range of cloths. In the midst of all we find a feeling for blue instead of the customary black, with taste prob-

ably running to heavy-weight finished and unfinished serges.

The popular sack coat is semi-form fitting and a trifle longer than before, the single-breasted closing with three and four buttons, the double-breasted buttoning three. They have center and wide vents of moderate depth. Collars are broad and of moderate length. The swagser sack, favored by those who go in for all that is the latest, is about an inch lower than the shaped coat, loose fitting in the back and straight at the sides, with the back vent running to a depth of five inches. The double-breasted lapels are a bit broader, the notches or lapel steps being blunt cornered.

Fancy single-breasted waistcoats are with and without collars, of washable materials and fancy silk and mercerized mixtures. The style tendency is toward white and neat effects. Both colored and patterned waistcoats will continue to hold sway with many fetching novelties in much diversity. There is a disposition among fastidious dressers to bedeck waistcoats for

half and formal day dress with jewel buttons. The plain polished gold is also liked. Among the costly sets are Hermitage set in gold, plain centers with chased edges, white onyx with diamond center, plain Roman and polished buttons with diamond centers, mother-of-pearl with gold thread center, a decided favorite and in very good taste; jewel gold with turquoise center. Plain waistcoat buttons in sets of six range in cost from \$12 to \$50, from the pearl to the diamond studded, and it is their cost that makes such a proposition somewhat an exclusive indulgence. The double-breasted waistcoat for day dress has broad lapels, varying in length according to the style of the garment, and whether buttoning three or four. Single-breasted fasten with five and six buttons and are cut quite pointed at the bottom. The collarless style is favored.

Second in popularity to the Chesterfield will be the top coat, boxy in cut and moderately long.

There is a decidedly friendly feeling toward the long, loose garments of

waterproof materials, which today look less like the rain coat of yore than ever. In the fly-front, belted-back and skirted models there is a richness of style that is augmented by the becomingness of the fabrics from which they are made, resulting in a garment equally correct for many uses.

So closely do the winter overcoats vie with the above lighter garments in cut and design that were it not for the difference in the weight of the fabrics from which they are made they would be indistinguishable. For many of the heavier ones are also rain-proofed and may properly be classified as storm coats, though their greater weight is a more comfortable protection against severe weather.

Both classes of garments show a diversity of tastes including staple black, red and mixtures, nobby color fancies and bonny plaids and checks.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 CENTRAL STREET

Make Up Your Mind to Get That New Suit Today or Tomorrow

OUR Fall show is great, greatest we've ever made, and a big part of the suit business seems to be coming this way.

If you want moderate priced clothes, a good deal better than you've ever seen before, you'll hit it just right if you come here to get them.

Special Suits for \$10

Men's and Young Men's Very Smart Fall Suits, double and single breast sacks, cut on the newest patterns; coats with broad shoulders, tight fitting collars and unbreakable fronts, of fancy worsteds, handsome black chevots, plain Havana brown and black Thibets. These suits tailored to keep their shape. Excellent in fit, are the most pronounced values we have ever offered for **\$10**

Rain Coats, Covert Coats and Fall Overcoats

to close for \$10. Here are some remarkable values embracing all of the small lots we have that sold for \$10, \$12 and even \$15. Top coats of covert cloths and home-spuns; regular length overcoats of oxford chevots. Rain coats of hard faced cassimeres and Venetians, all reduced and today marked **\$8**

A Startling Sale of Brand New Up-to-Date Fall Hats

We have just closed out from a first class manufacturer some entire lines of extremely stylish soft and stiff hats. The soft hats are of the two very latest shapes. The Alps and the Mashie, low of crown and broad of brim, these are the swiftest hats that young men wear. The colors are the new Havana brown, golden brown Beige and black with solid silk trimmings. Handsome stylish hats, all \$1.50 and \$2 qualities, choose today from these lots for **95c**



10 Dozens New Stiff Hats, fine fur Derbies on the newest Fall block. Finished with silk braid and binding and fine leathers, this lot of regular \$1.25 stiff hats, today **75c**

SUPERIOR COURT

Long List of Cases on the Calendar

The fall term of the superior civil court will open at the Lowell court house on Monday morning. The calendar for both Lowell and Cambridge arrived in this city yesterday and the list of Lowell cases is very short as compared with those of Cambridge.

The following is the list of Lowell cases:

Chisholm, executor vs. N. E. Tel. & Tel. Co. N. D. Pratt (Jury). J. Lowell, Yarnold, administrator Bowers et al. D. J. Donahue, W. H. Bent.

Rumney vs. Worthley, J. H. Morrison, P. A. Fay, J. J. Kerwin.

Russ vs. McQuade, J. H. Morrison; G. W. Pearson, P. A. Fay.

Studley vs. Glickstein et al., Brandies, D. & N. C. Cowley.

Newcombe et al. vs. Tucke, Burke & Corbett, W. A. Morse.

Kelley vs. Boston Elevated Railway, G. M. Poland, Sears.

McNeal vs. Same (2 cases), Richardson & Fay, Sears.

Horn vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway Co., Hogsans, Foster & Turner, Richardson, T. & W.

Oulighan Adm'r vs. Butler et al. (3 cases), Hamel & Bent; Burke & Corbett, H. Hoar, Mayberry & W. Bartlett & A.

Bent, Adm'r vs. Butler et al., Savageneu vs. Same, Higgin et al. vs. Same, Rigg p. p. vs. Same, Christman vs. Same, Hamel & Bent; Burke & Corbett.

Husley vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway Co., G. M. Poland; Foster & T. Salongstall.

Kelley p. p. vs. Knowlton, Burke & Corbett; McIntire & W.

Marchand et al. vs. Paul Butler et al., Bent, Hamel Martell; Burke & Corbett.

Elson vs. Hutton, Hogsans; Burke & Corbett.

Chouard vs. Brunelle, Jr., C. Cowley; D. J. Murphy, A. J. Blazon.

Brunelle vs. Lowell Electric Light Co., Blazon, Murphy, Hogsans; W. H. Bent.

Merrimack River Savings Bank vs. Cawley, W. P. Hale; E. M. Forbush, McKiernan vs. Boston & Northern Street Ry., Hogsans; Foster & T.

Butler vs. DeCecchi, G. M. Poland; G. A. Seiglman.

Wilkinson vs. Butler et al., Staveland vs. Same, Richardson vs. Same, Gregoire vs. Same, A. C. Richardson vs. Same, J. F. Owens; Burke & C. Mayberry & W.

Gregoire vs. Butler et al., Wilkinson vs. Same, A. C. Richardson; Burke & C. Mayberry & W.

McGee vs. Lowell & Pelham St. Ry., E. D. McVey, J. P. Owens; Poor & Fuller.

Wood vs. Boot Cotton Mills, McVey, P. E. Dunbar.

Foxells, p. p. vs. Hamilton Mfg. Co., Hogsans; F. E. Dunbar.

O'Neill, p. p. vs. Lowell Machine Shop, Hogsans; Dunbar.

Sukhrue, p. p. vs. City of Lowell; Donahue, Howard; City Solicitor.

Lynch vs. Lowell & Pelham St. Ry., F. H. Pearson; Poor & Fuller.

Murphy vs. Butler et al., Donahue, Howard; Burke & Corbett, Mayberry, Washburn.

Quinn vs. City of Lowell, McVey; City Solicitor.

Brooks vs. Whitworth, P. A. Fay; J. W. McVey.

Smith vs. Patenaude, Farrell vs. Same, J. W. Ramsay; Hamel, Pickman.

Eastern Ad. Co. vs. Lee, Chante & Hall; Hogsans.

Salla vs. Am. Hide & Leather Co., Burke & Corbett; W. H. Vincent.

Lakey, adm'r vs. Wille et al.

Wright & Pierce; J. Lowell.

Clark vs. Rock, Wright & Pierce; M. E. S. Clemens.

Parker vs. Young, M. E. S. Clemens; L. Dunham.

Daly p. p. vs. Columbian Nat. Life Ins. Co., A. S. Howard, W. T. Sheppard; Hallowell & H.

McIntire, P. vs. Maguire et al., A. S. Howard; Hogsans.

Kawacki vs. Boston & Northern St. Ry., P. A. Fay; Foster & Turner.

Butter vs. Boot Cotton Mills, E. D. McVey, P. E. Dunbar.

Thun vs. H. & N. St. Ry., D. J. Donahue, A. S. Howard; Foster & T.

Daly vs. Paul Butler et al., Donahue, Howard; Burke & Corbett.

Mansur vs. Puffer, Jr., et al., Donahue, Howard; G. L. Weil.

Glynn vs. Town of Hudson, C. P. Tucker, J. W. McDonald.

McVey, adm'r vs. Richardson et al., J. W. McVey; F. W. Qua, L. H. Kile.

Plynn vs. Butler et al., F. T. Rive; Burke & Co.

O'Brien p. p. vs. Blake Mfg. Co.,

HON. G. F. HOAR DEAD

Continued.

whither to keep as quiet as possible, to refrain from making long speeches and not to attend public functions. The words of the late senator, who was frequently absent from the senate and remained at his hotel.

He came to his home soon after the adjournment, apparently recovered from the attack of lumbago. He was, however, advised by his physician here, Dr. Warren G. Gilman, to refrain from physical exertion in any form or during the summer from any mental or physical exertion in the hope that he might regain his strength. He disregarded his injunctions, however, on at least three occasions.

Late in May he came to the bi-centennial celebration in the town of Sutton and made a speech of more than half an hour's duration in the open air. He spoke clearly and logically, but he seemed feeble, and after speaking a minute or two, asked permission to cover his head, as a result of his breathing apparatus in his face. The speaker's stand as soon as his speech was finished and was driven directly to his home here. It was remarked at the time by those who heard him that it might be his last appearance in public.

A few weeks later, Senator Hoar spoke at a special session of court when eulogies were delivered on the life of Col. E. B. Stoddard, a life-long friend of the senator, and he also made an informal address at the English High school on the occasion of the presentation to the city of some British soldiers' portraits of Washington, by the daughters of the Revolution. This was the senator's

LAST APPEARANCE

in public. During the latter part of July and up to August 17, he remained in his home and much of the time stayed in bed.

He received visitors daily and dictated many letters to his secretary. Previous to the 17th, reports of his illness were treated lightly by his family and his immediate friends.

On the 17th, however, he was taken to a semi-nursing home, where he was attended by a physician. He was gradually, however, and on the morning of Aug. 17, had a sinking turn, caused by the weak action of the heart.

His condition seriously alarmed his physicians and his only son, General Rockwood Hoar, and his only daughter, Miss Mary Hoar. For a time, it was thought he would not live more than a few days, but early in September his condition was such that the physicians concluded he would live some time and for many days he remained in the same state, with his mind perfectly clear but his system weak.

He was able to take nourishment and frequently obtained restful sleep. On September 25 it was announced by his son that he was falling rapidly and he was taken to the nursing home. From that time until his death, he was unable to take nourishment, but his constitution enabled him to resist death for such a length of time that even his physician was surprised.

SENATOR HOAR'S CAREER.

George Frieble Hoar was born in Concord, Mass., Aug. 23, 1826. After a preparatory course at Concord Academy, he entered Harvard University, and was graduated in 1846.

Then engaging in the study of the law, he took the regular course at the Harvard Law School, and after graduation with the degree of LL. B., he began the practice of his profession at Worcester.

In 1852 he served as a member of the legislature and in 1857 as a member of the senate. In 1860 he was appointed city solicitor of Worcester and president of the trustees of the city library. He was elected in 1868 to the forty-first congress as the representative of the tenth district and re-elected to the three following congresses, declining re-nomination for the forty-fifth congress. His service in the house was especially distinguished by his efforts for the passage of the education bill prepared by him as chairman of the committee on education and labor. During his third term he succeeded in securing the passage of the house, though it failed in the senate.

In the next congress, the bill again passed the house, but again was defeated in the senate. It is highly significant of his personal force that during his first term in the senate he succeeded in effecting the passage of his bill for the time by this branch, while it failed of passage in the house. His service in the house on the committee on elections was also especially notable. The reports prepared by him are cited as of the highest authority in England as well as in this country in determining the law in contested election cases.

He presided over the republican state conventions of 1871, 1877, 1882 and 1885, and was a delegate to the national republican conventions of 1876, 1880, 1884 and 1888, presiding over the convention of 1880.

He was an overseer of Harvard college from 1874 to 1881 and regent of the Smithsonian Institution in 1880. He has been president and is now vice-president of the American Antiquarian society, a trustee of the Peabody Museum of Archaeology and a member of the Massachusetts Historical and American Historical societies. He has received the degree of doctor of laws from William and Mary, Amherst, Yale, and Harvard colleges.

He was elected to the United States senate in 1881, George S. Boutwell, making his seat March 5, 1877, and re-elected in 1882, 1888, 1894 and 1900.

The senator had lived for a great many years in a modest frame house on a rise of ground on Oak avenue, in Worcester. The grounds are ample and they are well kept and shrouded by many trees, but there is nothing pretentious about the place.

In conversation a few years ago he remarked regarding his ambitions of younger days:

Before I came to congress I had built up a law practice that brought me an income of \$20,000 a year. I had every reason to believe that the practice would grow to \$50,000, and I believed I could keep my practice and still attend to my duties in Congress. After more than 30 years in the public service, I find myself at 75 with my law practice gone and the accumulation of my worldly goods dissipated. It is impossible to remain in Congress and attend to one's duties and at the same time continue an outside business.

feeling the elections of senators and their rights to their seats. Mr. Hoar had taken a leading part, while matters relating to the judiciary had also, especially in recent years, received his special attention. The federal election law, which was the leading public question for a time in 1890, was ably championed by Mr. Hoar, whose committee had it in charge. The national bankruptcy bill was also under his immediate direction in the Senate. In fact, in the framing of constructive legislation, Mr. Hoar may be said to have had as prominent a part in this service in the Senate as any man in that body.

One of his most notable speeches was on "Temporary Government in the Philippines," in which he said:

"The conflict in the Philippines has cost you \$50,000,000, thousands of American soldiers—the flower of your youth—the health and sanity of thousands more, and hundreds of thousands of Filipino slain."

"We have sold out the right, the old American right, to speak out the sympathy which is in our hearts for people who are desolate and oppressed everywhere on the face of the earth."

During his first term in Congress he made a reputation by an answer to Sumner Cox, the witt of the House. The latter, by a stir on Massachusetts, was trying to settle Mr. Dawes to an independent or extravagant statement. Failing in this he made a bid for Mr. Hoar with the remark:

"Brother, why does not Massachusetts call her Hector when her honor is assailed?"

Mr. Hoar, who followed him, said, in closing an imperturbable address:

"Massachusetts has no need to summon Hector into the field to repel Therapists."

The comparison of Cox to that braggart and buffoon was a frosty metaphor for the New Yorker and his friends.

The senator's gentle dislike to strictly social duties was generally understood. When first he went to Washington he

remarked to a friend: "Well, I suppose I have got to go out some now. I never have been out evenings much. I guess I must get 80-and-so (a well-known law authority on Parties.)"

Mr. Hoar was an early advocate of woman suffrage. In private and in public he lost no opportunity of doing the cause. Like most advocates of woman suffrage, Mr. Hoar was singularly amiable and exemplary in private life. He married, in 1853, Miss Mary Louisa Spurr of Worcester, who died a few years later, leaving a son Rockwood and a daughter Mary. In 1862 he married Miss Ruth Ann Miller, who died a short time ago. His beautiful Worcester home contains one of the finest private libraries in America, selected by Mr. Hoar with scholarly taste and judgment.

WANT BACK PAY

FOUR REINSTATED JANITORS ARE FEELING QUITE "COCKY."

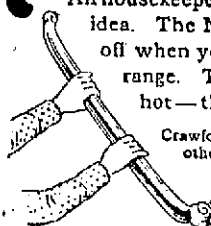
The four janitors, Messrs. Palm, Dana, Fay and Cross who were discharged by Supt. Conlon and reinstated by Supt. O'Connor have sent in bills for pay during their idleness, on the ground that they were illegally discharged. They were laid off from July 25 to Sept. 8 and ask pay for that time. Their pay ranges from \$2 to \$2.50, which will aggregate quite a sum. Mayor Howe has been asked to sign their pay roll, but Mr. Hoar will wisely refrain from committing himself until he can get an opinion from the city solicitor.

The Rails Lift Off!

The latest invention by the makers of

Crawford Cooking-Ranges

All housekeepers are pleased with this new Crawford idea. The Nickeled Edge-Rails are simply lifted off when you wish to clean them or to polish the range. These Improved Edge-Rails never get hot—there is an air space back of them.



Crawford Ranges have more improvements than all other Ranges combined. The Single Damper (patented) is the greatest improvement ever made in cooking stoves.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., Agents

HORNE COAL CO.

BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO. FALL OPENING TODAY

Concert by American Orchestra Both Afternoon and Evening. Everybody Welcome

CONCERT PROGRAM

AFTERNOON

PART 1ST.

1. March, Pro Talens, Cowles
2. Overture, Comique, Kela-Rola
3. (a) Spring Song, Mendelssohn
(b) Capri's Garden, Eugene
4. Flute Solo, Scherzo, Lax
Mr. J. I. Blaisdelle.
5. Quartette for brass instruments, Bach
Messrs. McDaniel, Bryant, Pease and Park.

PART 2D.

6. Selection, The Yankee Consul, Robyn
7. (a) Berceuse, Reber
(b) An Moulin, Gillet
String Quintette.
8. Cornet solo, Serenade, Solubert
Mr. R. McDaniel.
9. Selection from Red Feather, DeKoven
10. Chordas, from Coppella, Delibes

EVENING

PART 1ST.

1. March, Solisten Hut, Von Blon
2. Overture, Marie Dame, Suppe
3. Chineses de Roses, Strube
4. Trombone Solo, Mr. O. Park.

PART 2D.

5. Selection, Babes in Toyland, Herbert
6. Overture, Mignon, Thomas
7. Faust Ballet, Gounod
1. Valse, 2. Allegretto, 3. Adagio, 4. Maestoso.
8. Glockenspiel Solo, Wood Nymph, Wiegand
Mr. B. L. Williams.
9. Fantasia, La Boheme, Puccini
10. Finale, Shepherd's Dance, German

DOUBLE GREEN TRADING STAMPS SATURDAY



Those Who Know Soap, Know

Sunlight

Test Sunlight as you will, use it as you wish, compare it with other soaps, and you will then know the real merits of this wonderworker in the household. Acts like magic on dirty clothes and woodwork.

ASK FOR "LAUNDRY" SHAPE SUNLIGHT

KIDNEY DISEASES CAUSE ONE-THIRD OF THE TOTAL DEATHS.

When the Kidneys fail to perform their functions properly by not straining out the poisonous waste matter from the blood as it passes through them, the poisons are carried by the circulation to every part of the body, deranging the different organs. This causes heart trouble, stomach trouble, sluggish liver and a host of other ills, all due to deranged Kidneys.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

corrects irregularities and cures Kidney and Bladder diseases in every form, tones up the whole system, and the diseases that have resulted from disordered Kidneys disappear, because the cause has been removed. Commence taking FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE at the first sign of danger. Do not risk having Bright's Disease or Diabetes.

CURED OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

Mr. Robert G. Burke, Elmore, Saratoga Co., N. Y., writes: I am glad to have an opportunity of telling what magnificent results I have had from using FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE after having tried other advertised medicines and several physicians. Before I began I had to get up from 12 to 30 times each night to relieve my bladder. I was all bloated up with dropsy and my eyesight was so impaired that I could scarcely see one of my family across the room. In fact, I was so badly used up that I had given up hope of living when I was urged by a friend to try FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE. One 5-cent bottle worked wonders, and before I had taken the third bottle the superfluous flesh had gone, as well as all other symptoms of Kidney trouble. My friends were surprised that I was cured, as they all thought I was going to die. Every few days some one comes from miles away to learn the name of the wonderful medicine that cured me of Bright's Disease, and not one that has tried it has failed to be benefited.

Two Sizes, 50 Cents and \$1.00.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cor. Central and Merrimack Sts., FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex St., A. F. STORY & CO., Davis Square.

WHIPPET RACE

Correspondent Criticizes

Birtwell's Handicap

The following self-explanatory letter has been received by the sporting writer:

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 26, 1904.
Sporting Editor of Lowell Sun—
Sir: I do not want to trespass on your valuable space, but I would like to comment on what I should call the unfair manner in which some decisions were given in the whippet handicap on Saturday last in your city.

In the semi-final the following three dogs were drawn and run together: Bendigo, Red O'Stone and Polly and they finished in the same order. After a lapse of about ten minutes, word came down to the referee that Bendigo had been disqualified for being slipped before the pistol. Mr. Birtwell was there and he said that Bendigo was disqualified and that he got at least five yards start before the pistol. The referee then gave the heat to Red O'Stone and at once went back to the finish line and announced that Bendigo was disqualified and gave the heat to Red O'Stone. Some fifteen minutes after the pistol fire withdrew his decision and announced that the heat would have to be run over. This, of course, caused a lot of kicking.

Now, Mr. Editor, I have been running dogs for the last thirty-five years both in England and this country and it is the first time I ever heard of a decision of a referee, the referee in my long experience both in dog running and in foot running being the sole judge in giving decisions.

After considerable time the owner of Red O'Stone, as I suppose to prevent any further trouble, decided to run his dog over, very much against the advice of older men in the dog business than either the starter or the referee. In my opinion, the referee was entirely wrong in giving his decision. I am sure that the dog was not slipping and that the referee was looking to see whether all the slips were ready, fired at once, the consequence being that one of the dogs got left for about six yards and the dog was left behind. It was caused by the same man as Red O'Stone. Now, putting these two together it looks as if the owner of these dogs was up against it.

I am writing this to try to prevent a repetition of this kind of work, as will hurt the sport. I am sure that men who had charge of both ends of the track had been up in the sport and not noticed this would not have happened. Outside of the above the races were run off very smoothly.

Yours,

JAMES PIRKINGTON.

BOARDMAN'S PLEA

CHARGED WITH ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO KILL

CAMDEN, Me., Sept. 9.—J. Everett Boardman pleaded not guilty to the charge of assault with intent to kill upon Harold B. Neal, when arraigned today. Probable cause was found and he was held in \$2000 for his appearance at the January term of the supreme court. Five witnesses for the government were introduced. Neal was reported comfortable, and it is expected he will be able to leave the hospital soon.

Duplex
SPECIAL
\$4.00 Boys' Suit
DOUBLE BREAST
JACKET
TAPERED SLIM
INDISPUTABLE POCKET

Teardrop
ANTISEPTIC
\$5.00 Boys' Suit
SINGLE BREAST
JACKET
TAPERED SLIM
PATENT ART. BAG ROCKETS

If you have them from us they're right.

Just what you've been waiting for. The best suits ever produced for boys' wear. Every mother of boys should see these suits.

The Duplex D. B. \$4.00
The Duplex 3-piece \$5.00
The Teardrop D. B. \$5.00
The Teardrop 3-piece \$6.00

Sizes 8 to 17

Roy & O'Heir
The Little Store With the Big Trade.
88 Prescott St., Facing Market

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

ONE PETITION IN

Mr. Hennessy Formally Asks For Recount

Others are Expected to File Their Petitions Before 5 O'Clock This Afternoon—Recounts Expected to Make Big Changes—Other Political News

(Up to noon today J. Joseph Hennessy was the only candidate to file a petition for a recount at the city clerk's office, though as the time limit will not expire until 5 o'clock this evening it is likely that the others will be in with their petitions later in the day.)

The registrars in all probability will begin the recounts on Monday. It would be impossible to begin tomorrow as it is necessary to notify the different candidates and delegates before beginning on the recount. Mr. Hennessy will ask for a recount in wards two and four. Senator McKinley wants a recount in wards two and four. Speaking of his recount, Senator McKinley said: "I lost ward four by one vote and ward two by two votes. If I win both wards on the recount, I will win both wards. If I win ward four and lose ward two we will be tied with 20 delegates each. I would like to have it a tie so that we could go before the people again on a plain ballot. I believe that the new ballot was responsible for my poor showing in ward four and I would welcome a tie vote almost as much as immediate victory."

In the representative contests petitions are expected from Francis J. Donahue, Caleb Smith and Thomas F. Hogan. Mr. Hogan cannot understand the large number of blanks in his ward and wants the recount to see how they came about as well as to see if he received count for all the ballots cast for him.

It is the general impression that when the registrars start to count the ballots they will show a much different state of affairs than that disclosed by the counters, for many are of the opinion that the counters did not understand how the new ballot should be counted.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Under the caption "The Caucus Results," the Lawrence Tribune comments as follows:

The result of the first caucuses held in Lawrence under the Luce law are very satisfactory from the standpoint of the nominees selected by the democrats.

They were somewhat disappointing to those who had hoped that a larger vote would come out. From that standpoint they were decidedly disappointing. The good citizen must therefore come to the conclusion that the Luce caucus law needs a perfecting amendment whereby the drawback under which it labors at present will be removed. And that drawback, as was predicted, is the necessity of publicity despoiling each party affiliation before being permitted to vote at a caucus. It can be eliminated we think without any great difficulty.

But Lawrence democrats are inclined to overlook that defect this year on account of the strong ticket that has been put up. In the congressional, senatorial and representative caucuses the democrats have met and elected a ticket who will represent creditably this great manufacturing district in the halls of congress and in the legislative chambers of Massachusetts.

With Hon. A. B. Bruce as the congressional nominee, and it looks now as if that honor was certain to be his other parts of the district are in his hands. The endorsement of his candidacy, the redemption of this congressional district seems certain.

It is prominently a district of working people and should be represented at Washington by a man like Mr. Bruce who has known what it is to have labored for his daily bread and not by a man like Congressman Ames whose blitheness and life long associations have made him as distinctively of aristocratic feelings and beliefs as it is possible for one born in this country to be.

The Lawrence Sun says:

The Cleo De Merode French American Democratic club met last night and voted to change their name to the Alexander B. Bruce Queens. They will parade Saturday evening in this city and later in the evening will go to Lowell and participate in a procession there.

The suits will consist of blue skirts with red trimmings, white slippers, with red collars and cuffs, and white Yachting caps. The capris and green and blue suits will have red skirts with white trimmings. Red, white and blue banners will be carried.

No call has yet been issued for the democratic congressional convention and it will be called by R. J. Crowley, a member of the democratic state central committee and in the congressional committee elected at the convention two years ago.

The Young Men's Republican club has given in the old fashioned torchlight march and has opened a recruiting office at the top of the city. The committee has been organized. It is the intention to have a battalion of 200 men, with a band in each company.

The companies formed will be called the Roosevelt Zouaves with the regulation issue-fitting uniforms and the Rough-Riders of Ward seven, under the name of the Rough-Riders. The last torchlight parade held in the city, a company of high school boys, recruited from every ward in the city, will also be in line.

Recently a committee from the Young Men's Republican club was formed to work up old-time enthusiasm in a series of big demonstrations.

with the young men element predominating and their work is meeting with great success. Prominent republicans in town will lend their hearty support to the movement and the young men are beginning to receive contributions which will put things on a substantial basis.

Most of the young men already recruited come from the different industrial companies in the city and Sept. Charles W. Oranger and Private Forrest T. Weeks of Company G are acting as recruiting officers. The cavalry boys of Troop F of Chelmsford are to be invited to join the movement with other horsemen who will volunteer. The republican campaign will open next week with a flag raising, band and fireworks at the corner of Central and Merrimack streets. It is intended to turn out in the republican state parade at Salem on Oct. 12.

WON \$100 PURSE

HIGGELOWS DEFEATED FAIRMOUNTS BY 43 PINS.

The Higglows and Fairmounts played a game for the championship and a purse of \$100 on Les Miserables alleys last night and the former team won by a margin of 43 pins. The Fairmounts failed to get going until the last string, and it was then too late to do anything.

Leher, of the winning team, carried off the single string honors, his highest string being 118. Singleton, King and Fullerton also made strings over one hundred. "Bolt" Fullerton, of the Fairmounts, was high man of the evening with a three-string total of 293.

THE SCORE:

	1	2	3	Tot.
Fisher	89	118	79	286
Demont	85	97	83	265
Murdon	83	86	72	241
Singleton	88	94	109	291
Harvington	85	94	88	267
Totals	435	497	432	1364

FAIRMOUNTS.

	1	2	3	Tot.
Queenan	76	75	80	231
King	76	100	107	283
Campbell	88	81	89	258
Whelan	84	81	89	254
Fullerton	86	96	104	286
Totals	410	440	460	1310

BROADWAYS WON.

The Broadways defeated the Fletchers last night on the alleys by a score of 1233 to 1223. Grant of the winning team made the best three-string total while Teague, of the losing aggregation, made the best single string total. The score:

	1	2	3	Tot.
Murphy	75	80	83	238
Grant	86	78	80	244
Dawson	73	78	78	229
Lynch	81	81	80	242
Martin	81	85	81	247
Totals	416	405	414	1235

FLETCHERS.

	1	2	3	Tot.
Monahan	81	76	73	230
Teague	88	80	80	248
Grant	85	80	80	245
Thuratt	83	83	78	244
Carney	80	75	78	233
Totals	416	379	390	1223

KNOCKOUT BLOW

GIVEN BY O'BROURKE TO QUINN IN FAST BATTLE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 30.—Charlie O'Bourke of Cambridge defeated "Steady" Bill Quinn of Albany, N. Y., in the 11th round of what was to have been a 20-round battle before the Brighton Athletic club of Scituate last evening. The men put up a fast fight for the first ten rounds and in the eleventh were mixing it up in lively style when O'Bourke caught the colored man on the jaw, with a right chop, knocking him out.

In the preliminary, Young Murray of Providence defeated Cliff Hyden of Marlboro, Mass., in four rounds.

"TWIN" SULLIVAN

WILL MEET MCCOY AGAIN ON NOV. 24.

LOS ANGELES, Cal. Sept. 30.—"Kid" McCoy and "Twin" Sullivan agreed yesterday to fight a return match in this city the first week of the Ascat races, which begin Nov. 24. McCoy paid full tribute to Sullivan's courage and generosity, but asserted he believed that in another bout he can win more decisively.

"I did not think I could go 20 rounds. I have not done it before in several years," said McCoy, "but I picked up a lot about the game that I had almost forgotten."

UNIVERSALIST CONVENTION.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 30.—The forenoon session of the state convention of Universalists, in progress here, was given over today to a conference on church topics, led by Rev. M. Garden of Springfield. The remainder of the day was spent in discussing the business of the Sunday school, the annual address being by Rev. P. E. Nash, D. D., of Worcester.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

IN SECOND PLACE EXCITING RACE

Cleveland Puts Boston Mohairs and Buntings

Back a Peg

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 30.—Cleveland made it three straight from Boston yesterday, sending the champions into second place. Bernhard outpitched Young. Two hits, an error and an out gave Boston its only run. The score:

	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Vinson, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Bendley 2b	4	1	2	2	0	0
Flick rf, cf	3	1	2	2	0	0
Stoval 2b	3	1	2	4	0	0
Stoval lf	4	0	1	11	0	0
Turner ss	3	0	1	1	5	0
Lusk cf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Harris c	3	0	1	3	1	0
Bernhard p	3	1	0	3	1	0
Hosman rf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	30	3	9	27	11	1

BOSTON.

	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Seibach lf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Parent ss	4	1	2	2	0	0
Stall cf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Collins 2b	4	0	1	0	1	0
Freeman rf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Lachance lf	4	0	1	8	0	0
Ferris 2b	4	0	1	0	4	1
Origer c	4	0	0	5	2	0
Young p	3	0	0	1	2	0
Unglaub x	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	34	1	8	24	11	1

x—Batted for Young in ninth.
Cleveland.....2 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 3
Boston.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1

First an error—Cleveland 1, Boston 1. Two base hits—Lajoie, Bernhard. Home run—Flick. Sacrifice hits—Flick, Collins. Stolen bases—Flick, Collins. First base on balls—Young 1. Left on bases—Cleveland 5, Boston 5. Struck out—By Bernhard 4, by Young 5. Time—1:25. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance—2951.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	52	51	.509
Chicago	57	56	.505
Cleveland	53	59	.472
Philadelphia	52	62	.452
St. Louis	53	70	.431
Detroit	57	82	.409
Washington	34	76	.303

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 3, Boston 1.
At Detroit—New York 5, Detroit 0.
At St. Louis—(First game) Philadelphia 1, St. Louis 9; (second game) St. Louis 6, Philadelphia 1.
At Chicago—Chicago 3, Washington 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	40	41	.494
Chicago	47	57	.451
Chicago	52	62	.459
Pittsburg	49	61	.447
St. Louis	51	71	.419
Brooklyn	53	94	.361
Boston	52	93	.359
Philadelphia	48	93	.343

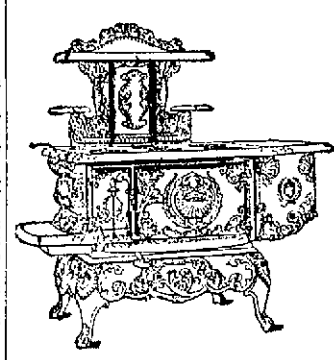
NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Brooklyn—St. Louis 2, Brooklyn 0.
At Philadelphia—(First game) Philadelphia 4, Cincinnati 2; (second game) Cincinnati 3, Philadelphia 1.
At New York—Chicago 7, New York 3.
At Boston—Boston-Pittsburg game postponed—rain.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bears the Signature of Dr. H. H. Fletcher.



You might pay more for a range not so good

But you cannot buy a better Range than the

Acorn

at any price.

Your Old Range Taken in Trade

Bellefontaine & Co.

CASH OR CREDIT

197-199 Middlesex St.

New and Second-Hand

SHOW CASES

—AT—

C. B. Coburn Co.

63 Market Street

TYLER PARK

HOUSE LOTS TO BE SOLD AT J. E. CONANT & CO'S.

Is there any reasonable explanation why people will not attend a sale by auction when the property offered for sale is going to be sold no matter what it brings, be the price one-half, or even less than one-quarter of its value? Isn't there anybody in Lowell who will give four, five or even six cents a foot for land, with a good title in Tyler Park? There have been no lots up there previous to yesterday that have sold for less than 15 cents a square foot and from that up to 25 cents, the average being over 18 cents, and the proposition today is a better one than it ever was. There are five lots left from yesterday's sale. The northwest corner of Pine and Georgia avenues. Two on Georgia avenue. One on Westford street. One opposite the Hill residence and adjoining the Story residence on Davenport street, east. You can buy either one of these lots from four to six cents a square foot, hardly half the assessed valuation. First come first served. 60 per cent and nothing more can be gotten on mortgage at 5 per cent. interest. Go to J. E. Conant & Co's office immediately.

Why is it to Your Advantage to Give us Your Patronage When in Need of Fuel?

Because all orders by mail or telephone receive the same careful attention as those given personally.

STANLEY COAL AND WOOD CO.
223 Moody St., 12 Thorndike St., 53 Meadowcroft St.

FALL OPENING

—OF—

New Millinery

—AT—

MARGARET DAVEY'S NEW STORE
60 Central Street

(Formerly A. E. Murphy)

Friday and Saturday, Sept. 30 and Oct. 1

Everything new and correct in style. Friends and the ladies in general are cordially invited to visit me on this occasion.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

E. D. Shaddock Co.

LOWELL'S LARGEST CREDIT CLOTHIERS

206-214 Middlesex Street

WE are now prepared to show the best and most up-to-date line of clothing for the whole family ever shown in Lowell. By "up-to-date" we mean the best goods, latest styles and finest patterns the market affords.

We have simply bought the best to be had.

In addition to the best stock to select from, we offer you the most liberal terms of credit, without extra charge, at prices lower than most cash houses.

Clothe yourself, your wife and children here and pay a little each week or month, as suits your circumstances.

LADIES' SUITS

In all the leading and latest styles at surprisingly low prices.

LADIES' COATS

In Covert, Tourist, Broadcloth etc.

SKIRTS

The largest stock in stylish effects ever shown in Lowell.

TRIMMED HATS

From the latest Parisian models. We can save you dollars in this department

JEWELRY DEPT.

Men's and Ladies' Watches, Chains, Rings, Brooches, Diamonds, etc.

Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats at prices to suit all circumstances and tastes.

A large stock of the long belted style, loose fitting and medium lengths.

Made by the best tailors of New York and Rochester. Tailored to fit and hold shape.

Open an account now—don't delay. We are always pleased to explain our system of Credit and open accounts with new customers.

LOSS IS \$10,000

Boston Firemen Had a Hard Battle

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—A building full of choking, blinding smoke caused by a lively fire on the fourth floor was the proposition confronting the firemen when they responded to an automatic alarm from the building at 158-160 Atlantic avenue, at the corner of Pearl street, about 11:45 last night.

The members of engine 45 responded on the alarm, and when they took one look they saw they needed help and an alarm from box 51 was given.

Fire had started from some unknown cause on the northerly end of the fourth floor, occupied as a store room by the Pettigill-Andrews company, electrical supplies. At no time during the fire, which kept the department on the jump for over an hour, did a bit of flame show itself at the windows. There was plenty inside, but so much dense smoke was caused by it that nothing but smoke could be seen.

Even the firemen couldn't see any flames but when they started to work, and those who went into the southerly end of the floor, finding the smoke so thick that they could hardly live in it, presumed the place all afire and proceeded to pour the water on.

They later found that they were playing against a brick fire wall. A door had been left open through the wall. On this floor and those above the firemen had to work their way along by crouching close to the floor until ladders were raised and the windows opened.

The firemen at work at the northerly end of the building had an hour of as hard work as they ever saw. The smoke poured from the building in

great clouds and was of that sort that cuts the breath off. They got at it by ladders from the outside and by the stairways, but were driven back several times before they could finally get near enough to get a stream on the source of trouble.

Several firemen had to give up work temporarily, leaving their partners to direct the streams until, having a few minutes to get a breath of fresh air, they resumed work. Michael O'Brien of engine 25 stuck to his post until the fire was nearly conquered and then had to be carried from the building. After he had been outside for a while he insisted on buckling up his belt and getting back into the building. The men of his company were the hardest hit, as they were in the worst of it from the start.

It took so much water to quench the stubborn blaze that the floors below were thoroughly drenched and much damage was done by water. The sixth floor, occupied by Thomas Henrich & Co., book bindery, and the S. H. Gough company, and the fifth, occupied by the Wheeler reflector company, sustained some smoke damage. The fire burned a little through the fifth floor, so the latter concern had some fire and water damage. Part of the fourth floor is occupied by the Boston Coupling company, and they had smoke and water damage. The remainder of that floor is occupied by the Pettigill-Andrews company, and this was practically destroyed.

The third floor is used as a bookbindery by the W. F. Natick company and the Agnew Automatic Mailing Machinery company. Both of these concerns received heavy water damage. The first floor, also damaged by water, is occupied by the Pettigill-Andrews company.

The entire loss is hard to estimate, but is probably from \$10,000 to \$15,000.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fall in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonestly and succeed for a little while.

LOWELL FIREMAN TOBACCO TRUST

Addressed Convention of State Association Loses in Contest With Independents

LOWELL, Sept. 30.—Notwithstanding the prevalence of a drizzling southeaster the number of delegates in attendance at the second day's session of the state firemen's association was increased fully 100, there being 238 members in attendance.

The paper of the morning which evoked the most discussion was that of Ernest E. Ryder of Saugus on "Civil Service Rules Versus Experience as Applied to Fire Departments." Those who participated in the debate were Capt. Burton Steere of Springfield, J. F. McKissack of Lowell and A. Howard of Framingham. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that while the civil service requirements were to be attached to experience in making appointments. They argued that a clause be inserted in the requirements to that effect.

J. E. Thompson of Somerville contended that experience should be given more weight in passing upon the qualification of candidates citing as a case in point an inquiry he received through the inexperience of a driver of the apparatus who had been appointed under civil service regulations. He was opposed to the civil service idea in this matter.

Treas. H. R. Williamson of Worcester presented his report showing that the receipts for the year were \$172 and expenses \$190, leaving a balance of \$362. The annual report of D. Arthur Burt was read and accepted.

Rev. W. G. Pufferfoot of South Framingham delivered an address on "The Value of Life." and Supt. Samuel Abbott of the Boston protective department made an historical address on the "Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Massachusetts State Firemen's association."

At the evening session James F. McKissack of Lowell gave the first address of the evening on a "Synopsis of Bills introduced in the Legislature the Past Year which Affect Firemen." In reference to the civil service the speaker said it stands for all that is best in the public service, although he did not approve of all its methods. Civil service is going to stay and politics is going out of all departments, and firemen are going to get justice in consequence.

William C. McDevitt, chief of the electrical department of the board of undervoters of Philadelphia, gave an instructive address on "Burning Buildings converted into Gas Factories" with practical demonstration. With the aid of an assistant and a miniature edifice the process of the conversion of smoke from burning materials mixed with air into explosive gases blowing out the windows of the structure was vividly shown. He was accorded a ringing vote of thanks.

Ex-Mayor Nathan Matthews will be permanent chairman of the coming democratic convention. Hon. Charles S. Hamlin will be chairman of the committee on resolutions. These selections were decided upon late last evening by a sub-committee appointed by the executive committee of the state committee, which met early in the day.

The executive committee meeting was held at the state committee headquarters, in Boston, and the availability of various leaders to preside at the state convention was discussed. For chairman of the convention Ex-Mayor Nathan Matthews, Jr., was generally favored, and Hon. Charles S. Hamlin was regarded as just the man to head the platform committee.

After a discussion it was decided to leave the choice of these officers to a sub-committee, to report to the executive committee Monday next.

The sub-committee met last night and made the above-recorded selections.

On the state convention chairmanship Ex-Mayor Matthews is quoted in a newspaper interview as follows:

"I received a letter asking me if I would act as permanent chairman of the committee and wired that I would do so if the party desired. If in the wisdom of the party leaders I can best serve them in that capacity, I am at their service."

The leaders expected yesterday to be able to decide on the candidate for lieutenant governor, if not for the other places on the state ticket, but this also went over until next week.

CITY CLERKS

TALKED OVER LUCE LAW AT YESTERDAY'S MEETING.

The Massachusetts city clerks' association held its annual meeting yesterday in Young's hotel, Boston. The following members were present: John T. Priest, assistant city clerk of Boston, and City Clerks Luther S. Herrick of Beverly, Edward J. Brandon of Cambridge, Charles H. Reid of Chelsea, Arthur J. Braverton of Fall River, Walter A. Davis of Pittsburg, Wm. W. Roberts of Haverhill, Cornelius J. Corcoran of Lawrence, Girard T. Dainian of Lowell, Joseph W. Atwell of Lynn, Peter B. Murphy of Marlboro, Alston P. Joyce of Medford, Isaac F. Kimbrough of Newton, Eberhart I. Clapp (Pres.) of Northampton, Harrison A. Keith of Quincy, J. Clifford Entwistle of Salem, George I. Vincent of Somerville, Edwin A. Tellow of Taunton, Luman N. Hall of Waltham, John H. Finn of Woburn, and Enoch A. Towne of Worcester.

The old board of officers was re-elected and the various reports were received and accepted. There was a discussion of some of the features of the so-called Luce law, under which the primaries of many cities in the commonwealth have been held. The meeting voted that certain changes in the law were desirable and directed the legislative committee of the association to take the requisite steps to have this effected.

One change contemplates an increase of time for the city clerks' department between the filing of the nomination papers and the issuing of the ballots. Another change looks to having the city committees of the different parties file with the city clerks the number to compose the delegations, so that the same can be printed on the ballot.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

TOBACCO TRUST

Loses in Contest With Independents

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The fight between the tobacco trust and the independents, over the size, location and color of the customs stamp on imported cigars, was decided yesterday in favor of the independents.

The decision was announced by Secretary Shaw, but it was first approved by the president, who held many conferences on the subject with different officials and it represents his view.

The decision practically is a complete victory for the independents and a vindication of Asst. Secy. Armstrong. In his decision Secretary Shaw said:

"The testimony establishes the fact that the present stamp is used as a trademark by the cigar importers; that this trademark is valuable to them and confers an advantage upon them as against the manufacturers of cigars in the United States; and that cigars are in effect, the only commodity imported into the United States that receives the benefit of such a trademark."

In view of the fact that the government stamp, in its present form, undoubtedly gives a pecuniary advantage to those using it, it seems that the order already issued by the department is, in its essence, proper.

"The government's business is to collect the revenue and to provide, so far as possible, against fraud; but it is not the government's business to furnish a guaranty in the form of a trademark for the benefit of the roads."

"This should be left in the tobacco business exactly as it is in all other business."

"The result of the decision will protect the domestic manufacturer from a customs stamp available as an advertisement, and it protects the importer also by giving him a stamp of a distinctive color, which can be seen by the purchaser if he cares to make examination."

The secretary has given orders that new plates be prepared for printing the stamps, and for placing them upon the boxes of imported cigars.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



Do your eyes tell you you need glasses? Doesn't your vision trouble you? Then why don't you go to reputable opticians and have your eyes tested? We charge for glasses only, examination free.

Mr. & Mrs. F. N. LaBelle

306 Merrimack Street
Eyeglass Specialists and Manufacturing Opticians
Two doors from corner Dutton St.

LEADERS CHOSEN

For the Democratic State Convention

Quality Suits for Men

Every suit in this assortment is guaranteed all wool, absolutely perfect in fabric, tailoring and fit. No better can be had for the price. Made for us under a guarantee.

Best Fall Styles Ever Shown

Rich Cheviots and Scotch Mixtures

\$10.75 up

Fancy Cassimeres and Worsteds

\$15.75 up

Choice heavy Scotches and Worsteds

\$18.75

Smart Fall Overcoats and Fancy Rain Coats

\$16.75

CHEERFUL CREDIT FOR EVERY PATRON

Caesar Mischel
CASH ON CREDIT
220 Central Street
A. STRAUSS, Mgr.

C. M. A. C. FESTIVAL

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT LAST NIGHT'S AFFAIR.

The second and concluding night of the festival under the auspices of the C. M. A. C. at Huntington Hall last night drew out a large number of people, but not as many as would have come had the weather been pleasant. Prof. Van de Wiele and his gymnastic class gave a fine exhibition of acrobatic feats and vociferous applause greeted the different evolutions which the young men went through. The young men who performed were:

Andre Vidal, Wilfrid Barrette, Edgar Dubuque, Joseph Eide, Arthur Sauvageau, Edgar Blouin, John Morin, J. B. Rochette, Anselme Morin, John Pratte, Frank Collins, Armand Desmarais, Romeo Boudreau, Horace Emond, Albert Jean, Alfred Plourde, Henri Brassard and Arthur Goulet, 18 in all. The affair was a success, the boys commenced. The National orchestra which was in attendance, furnished an accompaniment, besides giving a musical program during the evening.

Towards midnight the articles not having been sold from the different tables were disposed of at auction. The grocery store of the Gards d'Honneur table was disposed of at a great profit.

OLIVE CLUB SOCIAL

A well attended social under the auspices of the Olive club was held last night at Associate hall, music for dancing being furnished by Kittredge's orchestra. The officers of the affair were: Arthur Lambert, general manager; Joseph Herbert, assistant; Thomas Sullivan, floor director; Willard Turner, assistant. A large corps of aids assisted.

The gold watch for the one selling the largest number of tickets was awarded to Miss Rose Cassidy. Miss Bertha Wilming won the second prize, a gold ring set with opals. Two hundred couples were present to enjoy the evening.

LOWELL, FRIDAY, SEPT. 30, 1904

A. G. Pollard & Co.

Tomorrow, October 1, We Shall Give Double Dark Blue Trading Stamps

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S

Fall Underwear

Great Price Reductions Offered This Day—
The Lawson Stock is Yours at a Great Saving

Mr. Lawson handled the good, reliable sort of Underwear. His customers came to him year after year, season after season, always sure of getting just what they paid for and at a fair price.

We've been keeping this heavy underwear until the needed time and now it's ready at these much below Lawson's prices:

For 38c. Children's Jersey and Plain Wool Vests, in white and gray. Lawson's prices 50c, 75c. Also Boys' Grey Woolen Drawers in large sizes.

For 59c. Ladies' White and Wool Vests and Pants. Also Vests and Pants of cotton and wool. Lawson's price 75c and \$1. Also Ladies' White Wool Jersey Vests, long sleeves, and pants. Lawson's price 75c.

For 79c. Ladies' Wool Vests and Pants, plain in natural color, camels hair and white. Lawson's prices \$1 and \$1.25. Also Ladies' White Wool Jersey Vests and Pants. Lawson's prices \$1 and \$1.25.

For 25c. Ladies' Combination Suits in fleeced. Lawson's price 50c.

For 59c. Ladies' Oneita Combination Suits of the fleeced sort. Lawson's prices \$1.00 and \$1.25.

For 79c. Ladies' Combination Suits in cotton and wool. Lawson's prices \$1.00 and \$1.50.

For 38c. Odd sizes in Jersey Vests and Pants. Lawson's prices 75c and \$1

SELLING BEGINS TODAY

WEST SECTION LEFT AISLE

Try CERO-FRUTO---A Perfect Food

Usually 15c a package—We'll sell you two packages for 25c and give you a dollar's worth of extra stamps.

MERRIMACK STREET

BASEMENT

The Last Days of the Plant Sale

We make big reductions from our already very low prices to close out the lot.

Boston Ferns for 29c and 59c, Instead of 39c and 98c

Areca Palms for 27c, Instead of 39c

Small Ferns for 5c Instead of 8c

Kentia Palms for 79c and \$1.50, Instead of \$1.49 and \$2.98

Dracena Palms for 23c, Instead of 39c

PALMER STREET

NEAR AVENUE DOOR

Our Annual Fall Bargains in White Bed Spreads are In Order

A bigger showing than usual this fall and, if possible, a better quality in the value. These prices prove much:

60c grades only	49c each
75c grades only	59c each
\$1.00 grades only	69c each
\$1.25 grades only	79c each
\$1.75 and \$2 grades only	98c each
\$2.50 and \$3 grades only	\$1.49 each
\$3.50 and \$4 grades only	\$1.98 each
\$4.50 and \$5 grades only	\$2.49 each

All the new patterns consisting of Marseilles, Satin Crochet and Plain Quilts. For single beds we offer \$1 and \$1.25 grades at only 69c. The \$2.50 and \$3 grades at \$1.39.

SEE PALMER STREET WINDOW

SALE IN PALMER STREET BASEMENT

The Merrimack

Women's Dept.

The second week of the Eleventh Anniversary Opening is even more interesting than the first. Many models that reached us too late for last week's display are here now. This is a good week to size up the stock.

We call special attention to these items which are of unusual value:—

Tourist Coats \$12.50

A new arrival of Covert Cloth Tourist Coats of fine quality, satin lined, velvet collar; an exceptional value at \$12.50.

Another made from a fine Mixture, belted backs with yoke lined. This coat will compare with any shown about town at \$16.00. Our price is only \$12.50.

Walking Suits \$20.00

Walking Suits, made from a grey mannish Mixture. Coat is 86 inches long, half fitted back with belt; fly front and lined with nice quality of satin. Skirt is a new kilt effect. This suit, owing to its fine tailoring and quality, is really worth \$25.00. We offer it at \$20.00.

Walking Suit of Black Cheviot, collarless and with trimming of velvet and braid; fitted back, double-breasted front, new leg-of-mutton sleeves, kilted skirt. A very handsome suit at the price, \$20.00.

Walking Skirts \$5.00

We make a specialty of getting the best possible skirt to sell at this price. Many stores ask a dollar more for the same quality. Here is a particularly good one:

Walking Skirt of heavy Cheviot, box plaiting; colors Black, Blue and Brown; stitched with silk, \$5.00.

Another made of medium weight Melton, Black and Blue only; has five kilt on each side of a panel front with strap trimming. This one also at \$5.00.

One of a fine Men's Wear Mixture, nine gore, kilted style. A very handsome skirt for \$5.00.

Shirt Waists \$2.00

Mohair Shirt Waists in Black, Blue and Brown shades; have side plaits, French back and full sleeves, either lined or unlined. Special at \$2.00.

Striped Flannel Shirt Waists, plaited front, plain back and a neat stock. A fine value at \$2.00.

Sweaters \$2.00

Women's Sweaters in Blue, White, Red and Oxford; blouse front with high neck, \$2.00.

THE MERRIMACK CLOTHING COMPANY

Tailored Clothes For Men and Women

Across From City Hall

25 YEARS OLD

Court Merrimack F. of A.

Celebrated Anniversary

All of the encouraging symptoms of Forestry were displayed at Foresters' hall last evening when Court Merrimack, No. 11, F. of A., observed its twenty-fifth anniversary. Important facts went hand in hand to render the occasion one of unusual interest, not only to those interested in Forestry but to every one interested in the slightest degree, in fraternal organizations. It was a splendid manifestation of the power of unity and it is little wonder that the toastmaster and the other speakers did themselves proud, because there was an inspiration in every glance they took, whether it was down or across the hall.

Covers were laid for 500 and the tables were well filled. The spirit of honor, the charity and the stick-itiveness of Forestry were extolled by speakers who were capable of doing justice to the toasts assigned them. It was a banner night for Court Merrimack.

The success of Court Merrimack's twenty-fifth anniversary will go down on the pages of Forestry history. Lines were spoken from the harvest of the great Aristotle's thoughts; gems were snatched from Scott's thinking crown, and men said strong, bright, encouraging things because they be-



WILLIAM H. STAFFORD, P. G. C. R. ded them. The man who rocked Court Merrimack in the cradle and later saw other courts branch out and do for themselves, like so many children, did not have to tell of her struggles or triumphs, because every Forester in Lowell, worthy the name, is acquainted with her history.

THE BANNER COURT.
Court Merrimack is the oldest and the banner court of Lowell and seated in the banquet hall last evening were professional, business and working men that she calls her sons. Her quarter century anniversary was one of the most inspiring and impressive events, fraternally, that Lowell has ever witnessed. The toastmaster John H. Harrington, in the course of remarks that were up as well as brilliant quoted the Greek sage, Aristotle. He might have gone beyond the time of Aristotle and without leaving Greece, have spoken of "Planes the pioneer scientific thinker who made the first attempt to establish a physical beginning without the assistance of myths,

Thales' thoughts and that of Forestry compare very favorably. Before Thales time men had contented themselves with accepting the world as they found it. Men now prominent in the various walks of life were, if you will believe their own words, indifferent as to the future until they joined the ranks of Forestry, and then great changes came to them, changes that helped them and others, through them.

SPEECHES AND MUSIC.
It was just the hour of nine when the speaking was begun, last evening. The speeches were interspersed by vocal and instrumental music that was in keeping with all else that had to do with the anniversary.

There was satisfaction beaming in the faces of those who surrounded the banquet tables when Chief Ranger John Barrett rapped to order. He said:

"The duty of extending to you a cordial welcome to our twenty-fifth anniversary is one which I discharge with heartfelt pleasure.

After twenty-five years of grand and noble work Court Merrimack has again called her sons together, to hold friendly communion, to review their quarter of a century's work, to exchange congratulations upon what has been accomplished, to gather fresh courage for future labor, and to acknowledge and devoutly thank kind Providence, who has smiled upon our efforts and crowned all with His blessing.

On my part I deem it an honor to welcome you, to address you, as they are honored to follow the eloquent, good and noble predecessors, who since the formation of Court Merrimack have at some time been called upon to perform like services.

We have met tonight, brothers, many new faces. We have heard many strange voices that we have never heard in annual meeting before. We have tonight clasped in fraternal greeting many heretofore untouched hands. All of those we welcome. But many a familiar face is missing from here tonight. To those, who the living and dead, we send God bless you, that can come only from hearts and to hearts, knit as one by a tie, that neither absence nor death can sever.

The history of Court Merrimack is typical of the history of the order throughout the world. The beginning, though small, has already surpassed the most sanguine expectations of its founders, and the benevolent work rendered emphasizes the fact that the results of co-operation have but commenced.

In the year 1879, when this Court was formed in the Navy Yard, Dracut, there were in Massachusetts but 800 or 900 Foresters and 4,600 in the United States. The infant Court Merrimack at that time was comprised of the following members: Daniel O'Connell, John Devos (its first chief ranger), Daniel Whitaker, James T. Devos, Edward Perria, William Vaughn, Martin Croner, John Farrell, George S. Cuttle, John Tobin, William Farrell and Edward Cull. A few months later the Court was moved to this city and Patrick Corcoran joined in with these few men and became the first chief ranger of the Court in the city of Lowell. With the success met and the prestige established by these brothers and by their knowledge and morality actuated by virtues and honor on a foundation of love and truth make it possible for us to commemorate a quarter of a century of noble and benevolent work.

Our cardinal principles: Liberty, unity, benevolence and concord have given our order a position which commands reverence and respect among all classes as an institution worthy of commendation.

Brothers, permit me to ask you to never drift away from the ties that bind you in our grand and noble order.

ADAMS

Child's Crib

High sides and ends, having uprights close together, prevents the child from falling out or climbing over.

All iron and iron brass trimmed, with sliding drop sides, \$7.50, \$9.00, \$10 and \$12, including the spring.

ADAMS & CO.

Furniture—Rugs—Carpets
Appleton Bank Block, 174 CENTRAL ST.

Opening

CONTINUES

Friday and Saturday

EXCLUSIVE STYLES ON VIEW.

OPEN TONIGHT

LADIES, DO NOT MISS THIS FASHION SHOW.

NEW YORK CLOAK & SUIT CO.

12 JOHN STREET.

When blessed with health and strength, be ever ready to perform the office of good Samaritan, whenever and wherever we find a suffering or distressed brother lying helpless in the dusty highway of life.

In conclusion permit me to say the past is valuable only as it affords lessons to draw needed inspiration to guide us in future conduct as Foresters, to be helped when in need and to help those in need, a duty we owe to God, our neighbors and ourselves. Until we realize this, we are not what should be called Foresters. I request your aid in the happy observance of this memorable occasion and may it please God to help us to carry on for another twenty-five years our noble work as in the past.

"This above all to thine own self be true, And it must follow as the night the day, That thou canst be false to any man."

At the conclusion of his address Mr. Barrett introduced John H. Harrington as toastmaster of the evening. Harrington said it was not so much his duty to talk as it was to make others talk.

He expressed his heartfelt gratitude for the honor that had been bestowed upon him and extended his congratulations to Court Merrimack upon its 25th anniversary.

He said: "I do not hesitate to say that this occasion comes to you because you earned it and deserve it. There is an element in every community called the drones, and the drones ascribe every success to luck. There is no such factor as luck in the life of the successful individual or organization."



JOHN MCPADDEN, Secretary of Committee.

Quoting the Greek sage, Aristotle, Mr. Harrington said: "Luck is but another name for accident and accident never built a bridge." Accident did not give you this 25th anniversary. I am proud of this occasion and I know that you are all proud of it. If we are true to ourselves each anniversary will follow as the night the day. No true Forester will ever be false to any man."

The next number on the program was a vocal solo by Daniel O'Brien, who rendered the famous "Stein Song" in his usual excellent manner.

In the absence of Supreme Sub Chief Ranger, William A. Hogan, Mr. Patrick Brown, grand sub chief ranger, of Boston, responded to the toast, "Supreme Court."

Mr. Brown said: "The origin of Forestry dates back several centuries. The first court was formed in England, and America's first court was organized in Philadelphia. At the time of the conception of the Foresters of America, there were but 500 members. But American men and energy have made the number to 23,000, organized into 102 courts. This increase has not been due to any accident, or streak of luck; it is the natural result of conscientious labor, rightly applied."

Edward O'Brien, grand chief ranger of Massachusetts, of Lynn, responded to the toast "Forestry in Massachusetts."



JAMES F. MISKELLA.

He spoke of the numerical and financial strength of Court Merrimack, of the sterling character of history which it could claim as all its own, and said it was one of his fondest hopes to think of a Massachusetts man being again placed at the head of the order, as a successor to the place made eminent by the late Laurence Smith of Lowell.

James E. Donnelly sang "Lovers," and for an encore sang "The Old Phil Shawl."

MAYOR HOWE.

Mayor Charles E. Howe, gracefully responded to the toast, "The City of Lowell." Mayor Howe said in part: "Mr. Chairman, invited guests and gentlemen: I could talk about the city of Lowell much easier to strangers than I can talk to you. I can talk to strangers about our industries, our skilled workmen, our public schools, all with confidence, but to you I know not how to show in its real light the grand city of Lowell, to tell you of its glories, you who are so familiar with its strong points."

"I can say to you that Lowell is the most moral city in the world, of its size. I can speak of the talents of its legislators, who have gone from Lowell, and of the integrity and ability of our business men."

"You, as Lowellians, are in no small degree of the strength of our

citizens, and that is why you have strengthened your order as the years have rolled by, until this 25 year mark is reached. You have had much success, members of Court Merrimack, and may your future hold in store an added harvest of men of Lowell's high standard."

ALDERMAN MISKELLA.

James F. Miskella, chairman of the board of aldermen, responded to the toast, "Fraternal Societies." He said: "Fraternal and benevolent societies, my brothers, exist in large numbers here in our city and they are doing a work for the betterment and good of their members that is magnificent in its proportions, and it is well that the city contains as many fraternal and benevolent societies. They breathe the spirit of fraternalism and benevolence, and better men and makes of him a better citizen. Among the large number of fraternal and benevolent societies in our own magnificent and superb city, the Foresters of America, membership reaches from the extreme east to the farthest point west in these United States. Almost every community in almost every state in this broad land has its court or courts of Foresters, all working as a unit, and for what purpose? That the cardinal principles and foundation pillars of our order, liberty, unity, benevolence and concord, may be lived up to in their entirety. The influence for good exerted by our order may never

be known in its entirety in this community, but to the brothers of our order this work is well known. The sufferings the order has been the means of alleviating, the true Christian benevolence it has exerted will always be pointed to with pride and fraternal satisfaction by the brothers of our order. What an extreme satisfaction it is to you and to me to know that enrolled in our order are almost 250,000 men, all breathing the spirit of liberty, unity, benevolence and concord, making them from their connection with our beloved order more able to cope with the trials of this life; and making of them a splendid type of citizen, an honor to the Foresters of America and a credit to any community. How far reaching, my brothers, must be the example set by Court Merrimack, the old standfast and true pioneer of Forestry in this city. There she stands in all her glory; there she stands in the magnificence of her work of 25 years, like a giant oak tree in the forest; after a severe and terrible storm, her weaker companions are uprooted, but the mighty oak, as it were, reaches her head high in the air and withstands the storm. Just so with good old Court Merrimack. She raises her head high in all her magnificence of 25 years, her past, my dear brothers, we are all proud of, and her future we trust will be even greater than her past.

Next on the program appearing in the quarter century book, one of the

prettiest souvenirs ever issued in Lowell, was a vocal solo, "The Street Singer," by William F. Thornton, and he was enthusiastically received.

THOMAS H. LAWLER.

Mr. Thomas H. Lawler responded to the toast "Our New Members," and he attended well to the toast assigned him.

He said that a great deal was expected of new members and that in Forestry as in everything else persons awaited the arrival of the coming man. He said it was a great source of satisfaction to new members to look back twenty-five years, and consider that a handful of men banded together and by their efforts gave to Court Merrimack her splendid proportions of today, and he also spoke of the pleasure it was to consider Lowell the banner city of Forestry in America. He said that the new members should strive to keep up the good work so gloriously begun.

WILLIAM H. STAFFORD.

William H. Stafford, P. G. C. R., responded to the toast, "Court Merrimack, Past and Present." The toastmaster called Mr. Stafford the "Teddy Roosevelt of Forestry," the most strenuous Forester that ever happened. Mr. Stafford spoke of the older members of the court and reviewed the history of Forestry in Lowell.

He said that 12 courts had sprung from Court Merrimack and that the total membership now is near the 7000

mark. He spoke of the benefits that have been paid and of the general good that the order has done in Lowell. He was proud of the men that the court sent forth into public life. William McAlson was pianist.

CHIEF CROWE

ELECTED HEAD OF STATE FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

GLOUCESTER, Sept. 29.—Chas. W. Crowe, chief of the Gloucester fire department was elected president of the Massachusetts state firemen's association at the concluding session of the three day's convention here today.

Among the officers chosen were the following named: Secretary D. Arthur Durt, Taunton; treasurer, W. R. Williamson, Worcester; first vice president Gen. R. Tildbury, Ashland; second vice president, Ernest C. Ryder, Saugus; directors, Geo. Coleman, Capt. Burton Steere and Chief T. F. Murnane of Fitchburg; commissioners of state relief funds, Fred A. Cheney, Haverhill; delegate to the national convention of fire chiefs, Chief Crowe; sergeant at arms, F. O. Whitmarsh.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.



2 FOR 1

DOUBLE BLUE TRADING STAMPS

Saturday in All Departments

2 FOR 1

Blue Trading Stamps Are Good Forever and Everywhere

The Daylight Store

Makes Trading easy and pleasant

The Daylight Clothes

Give the Wearer tone and satisfaction

The Daylight Prices

Are Always the lowest, quality considered.

Fall Suits and Overcoats

The largest and best variety we ever offered. Not a style, color or fashion that is now or desirable this season that we do not show in a great range of prices.

MEN'S SUITS

In fancy worsteds and worsted chevrons, quiet effects for older men. The coats are cut longer and looser, the trousers not so extreme in style, the whole suit in fabric, coloring and cut toned down from the snappy appearance of the young men's line. We show a fine variety of these men's suits in grays, brown and fancy mixtures at all prices. \$8 to \$25

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS

In fancy mixtures, cut in the "Student," "Varsity," and Double-Breasted Sack," the three popular shapes for young men. This season the fabrics are Chevrons, Scotch Mixtures and Worsteds Chevrons, in overplaid, checks, broken plaids and fine mixtures. The colorings are largely brown effects, with a sprinkling of gray. It's a great showing of the newest and most fashionable young men's clothes at a great range of prices \$10 to \$25

BLACK SUITS

The popular semi-dress suit for all men. These we show in fine twill Vicuna, rough faced worsted Chevrot, smooth faced Thibets and clay worsteds. In the double-breasted sack and the single-breasted Varsity or Student. We guarantee all our black suits at any price from the cheapest to the best to be all wool and fast color. Black Suits, \$10 to \$25

BLUE SERGE SUITS

In heavy weight Worsted Serge, in both double and single-breasted sack; warranted strictly all wool and fast color at all prices \$7.75 to \$15

SPECIAL

We call special attention to our Blue Serge Suit, strictly all wool and fast color, in both single and double-breasted sack, at \$7.75

TOP COATS AND RAIN COATS

We show the Cheviot Top Coat in the short box style, the oxfords and black, in medium length at all prices. \$8 to \$20

Rain Coats in Oxford gray, plain black, fancy worsted and worsted chevrot, all thoroughly water-proof and made to hold their shape. Long, loose, comfortable garments, some with belts and some plain back. We sell a guaranteed water-proof coat at \$9.75

Better ones at \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$22

Our Winter Overcoats for men, boys and children are all in. We show a magnificent assortment of newest, popular styles.

The Talbot Clothing Co.,

THE DAYLIGHT American House Block Central St., Cor. Warren



Across From City Hall